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FIRST EDITION.

XLIII. CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 20, 1874.

SENATE.

Mr. HAMLIN, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, reported the House Joint resolution to purchase the watch presented Lafayette by General Washington and authorizing the restoring thereof to the heirs of Lafayette. Passed.

Mr. SCOTT called up the House resolution for the transfer of twenty condemned cannon for a statue of General George G. Mead, in Fairmont Park, Philadelphia. Passed.

Mr. TIPTON called up the House resolution amending the Joint resolution of April 16th, 1872, relating to the statue of the late Admiral Farragut. Passed.

The Senate proceeded to the consideration of the bill making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the government for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1875. The amendments of the committee were agreed to.

Mr. EDMUNDS, from the Judiciary Committee, by unanimous consent, made a report upon the petition of Susan B. Anthony for the remission of the fine imposed on her by the United States District Court for the Northern District of New York, and the bill introduced in the Senate to enable her to pay her fine. He said the committee reported adversely, and asked to be discharged from further consideration of the subject for the reason that the committee did not feel satisfied that the statement contained in the petition, in respect to the rulings of the Judge of the Northern District of New York, was precisely as represented by the petitioner; and again, the committee did not believe it had power to review United States Courts. If the petitioner thought her convictions erronious, she could apply to the Executive, who had power to pardon her. The committee was discharged, as requested, and the bill was indefinitely postponed.

Mr. CARPENTER, expressing his views as the minority of the Senate Judiciary Committee, regarding the memorial of Susan B. Anthony, says the decision of the Court on her trial was erroneous in taking the case from the jury and directing their verdict and refusing the request of their counsel to have the jury polled, thus denying to the jury not only the moral right but even the power of rendering a verdict of not guilty. Mr. Carpenter concurs with the majority of the committee, that Congress cannot grant the precise relief prayed for in the memorial, but he deems it to be the duty of Congress to declare its disapproval of the doctrine asserted and the course pursued in its trial of Miss Anthony, and all the more for the reason that the judicial court has jurisdiction to review the proceedings thereon.

Mr. SARGENT, from the Conference Committee on the Indian Appropriation bill, made a report, which was agreed to. He said the new Conference had reduced the appropriation for the Apache Indians to $500,000.

Mr. WINDOM submitted an amendment to the River and Harbor bill, appropriating $200,000 for the surveys and estimates for improvements recommended by the Senate Select Committee on Transportation upon the four routes indicated in the report of said committee, and also upon the route from the mouth of the Youghiogheny river to continue the slack-water navigation up said river to its head waters at the foot of the Allegheny mountains, thence by canal to Cumberland, intersecting there the Chesapeake and Ohio canal. Agreed to—yeas 28, nays 12.

After several amendments were offered and rejected, the bill was reported to the Senate, and the amendments made in Committee of the Whole were agreed to. The bill was then read a third time, but not passed.

Mr. SHERMAN called up the House bill to repeal the act under which the Sanborn contract was award. Passed.

Mr. SPENCER called up the House bill relative to Circuit Courts of the United States in the State of Alabama, which was discussed at some length and passed.

The Senate then, at 3:30 o'clock A. M. (Sunday), adjourned.

HOUSE.

Mr. POLAND, from the Committee on Arkansas Affairs, presented the testimony already taken, which was ordered printed; also, a resolution to continue the powers of the committee during the vacation, which was adopted—yeas 139, nays 74.

Mr. DAWES presented the report of the Conference Committee on the Currency bill, and proceeded to explain. He regretted that the report did not contain, as the first Conference report had, any provision either for an early resumption of specie payment on the part of the Government or for any retirement, under any circumstances, of any portion of the Government issue. He regretted exceedingly that it had been found impossible to bring the two Houses together on any such agreement.

But the matter which seemed to some, not only demanded by the public faith, but also seemed easy of accomplishment, had been found impossible to regulate either in the two Houses or in the two Conference Committees. The Committee, however, could not hesitate to feel that the fixing of the maximum issue of greenbacks was something gained. It had therefore fixed the maximum at $382,000,000, and required it to be kept in circulation, instead of having part of it kept in reserve in the Treasury to be shot out or drawn in as if on some tramway. The second feature of the bill was equally important. It was, that there should be no further increase of national bank currency. Therefore the country would know, so far as this Congress was concerned, that the whole volume of national bank currency was capable of being ascertained. Another question which had stared the committee in the face was the necessity of a redistribution of national bank currency, and, as he was the only member of the conference committee who represented the section of the country which had more than their share of bank note circulation, it would not have been becoming in him to oppose the redistribution. He had, therefore, given in his adhesion to the report which proposed to redistribute fifty-five millions of the eighty millions of dollars now retained by one section of the country more than it was entitled to by ratio of wealth and population. Another feature, was as to the national bank reserve, and on that point he explained what would be the effect of the bill. He commended this report to the consideration of the House, and particularly to that section of the country which had steadily refused two things, an increase of the volume of currency and free banking, and which had at the same time got eighty millions more than its share of currency. He would say to that section of the country, that in could not afford to stand before the people in the light of hesitating whether it would do justice in the distribution of what currency there is if refused to permit any more. He desired to suggest that that section of the country was ultimately in the power of other sections which only demanded this equitable distribution and nothing more. To do equity was the surest way to secure equity.

Mr. HAWLEY—I claim the floor without interruption. I say, as a New Englander, that you are at liberty to take all of this currency which is necessary to equalize the distribution, but I will not vote for any measure that increases the volume of irredeemable paper currency, or that increases the volume of currency in actual use and thereby expands prices, widens the margin between paper and gold, and to that extent postpones indefinitely the day of resumption. The gentleman has got to come to this doctrine, just as sure as grass grows and water runs.

Mr. KELLY—No, you have got to abandon it.

Mr. HAWLEY, of Connecticut, declared that, as a New Englander, as the representative of a banking center, he was willing to vote for the distribution of fifty-five million dollars, if that part of the bill was separated from the rest. He expected to have voted on a proposition to that effect offered by Mr. Kasson.

Mr. HUBBELL addressed Mr. Hawley.

Mr. HAWLEY, (impetuously.) Not a word.

Mr. HUBBELL—Does not the gentleman know that it is impossible to vote for a distribution of fifty million dollars unless he votes for this bill.

Mr. HALE, of Maine, said he, like the gentleman from Connecticut, (Hawley) was willing to vote for the redistribution of the bank currency, but he went farther than that; he was not only willing to vote for it as a just proposition of fairness, but he was going to vote for this bill. [Cries of "good," "good," "amen."] The difference between them (Hawley and himself) was that the gentleman from Connecticut was in favor of a fair distribution when it could not be voted on, while he (Hale) was in favor of it when it could be voted on.

Mr. HAWLEY (in a loud and angry tone)—That is an unjust and unmanly insinuation. [Calls to order and loud hammering of the Speaker's gavel.] It is a dishonorable statement.

Mr. MAYNARD—I call the gentleman to order, and ask that his words be taken down.

The SPEAKER—The words were entirely unparliamentary.

Mr. HALE—(apparently surprised)—Whose words?

The SPEAKER—The words of the gentleman from Connecticut were entirely unparliamentary.

Mr. HAWLEY—So far as they may be of an unparliamentary character, I withdraw them.

Mr. HALE—I have been here too long to be lowed down by the gentleman from Connecticut. I was saying, and repeat it for the benefit of the gentleman from Connecticut, that he is in favor of distribution when it is not up, and has just declared that he will not vote for it when it is up; but I am in favor of it and will vote for it when an opportunity occurs. I will do it, as I said before, in the spirit of fairness and concession to another section of the country. While I don't believe that it is based on any fair principles of finance, still I believe that the section of country to which it belongs is honest in its demand, and I am willing to make this concession.

Mr. SHANKS—You think that the West is honest, but not very sensible in this proposition.

Mr. KELLEY favored the Conference report. It did not retire a greenback nor fix an arbitrary day for the resumption of specie payment, nor did it add to the volume of currency; but it did open the way for the use of that which was now locked up uselessly in bank vaults or put into circulation fraudulently and illegally. In the name of the Center West and South, where the power of empire, dwelt he assured the two gentlemen, from Connecticut and Maine (Hawley and Hale) that from session to session, and from election to election the issue would be brought to the people, until the government should be found to reside in the people and not in a small fraction of people that dwelt east of the Hudson or in the monied centers.

Mr. MARSHALL a member of the Conference Committee, advocated the report.

Messrs. COX and POTTER opposed the report.

Mr. O'BRIEN regarded it as another prop of the national bank system, which was the greatest monopoly that had ever bestrode, as a colossus, any country in modern times.

Mr. MAYNARD, Chairman of the Banking Committee, said he should vote for the report. He could not do otherwise, for it contained beneficient provisions. At the same time, he accepted the statement of the gentleman from Illinois (Marshall), that this was not a settlement of the question of the currency alternative before the country, and he begged gentlemen to bear it in mind. It was free banking on the one hand, and the annihilation of the present national bank system on the other.

A vote was then taken and the Conference report was agreed to—yeas 221, nays 40. The bill now goes to the President for his signature.

Mr. WILSON, from the Judiciary Committee, reported resolutions for the impeachment of Judge Busteed, of Alabama, for high crimes and misdemeanors.

Mr. CESSNA presented a minority report, which was ordered printed and recommitted.

The SPEAKER presented a message from the President, calling attention to the rate of interest upon the bonds authorized to be issued in the bill to provide a government for the District of Columbia, as being too low.

The message was referred to the Joint Committee upon District Affairs.

Mr. LOUGHRIDGE presented the Conference report on the Indian Appropriation bill, and stated, in some explanatory remarks, that the bill now appropriated $5,235,000, that the bill of last year had appropriated $5,379,000, and that the bill of the preceding year had appropriated $7,000,000.

The report was opposed by Mr. PARKER, of Missouri, a member of the Conference Committee, and was advocated by Mr. HANCOCK, of Texas, the third member.

Mr. BECK asked Mr. Hancock why the Indian Peace Commissioners had resigned.

Mr. HANCOCK replied that they had served as long as the novelty, dignity and romance of the position were sufficiently attractive.

Mr. BECK expressed the belief that the Peace Commissioners had proved too troublesome in the way of Indian agents, who wanted to send in false vouchers and receive payment for fraudulent accounts. They had been dismissed because they kept down the stealing.

The conference was rejected—67 to 147, and a new conference was asked. The point on which the report was rejected, was understood to be the substitution of Indian agents for Indian Commissioners.

Mr. MAYNARD asked unanimous consent for the passage of the bill to amend the Gold Bank law so as to allow the circulation of gold notes to be 90 per cent., instead of 80 per cent., of the par value of bonds deposited. Agreed to, and the bill passed.

On the question of recess, Mr. RANDALL asked the Speaker at what hour the legislative day of Monday would close.

The SPEAKER replied that there could be only two opinions on the subject—whether it ended at midnight of Monday, or at the conclusion of the legislative day, which would be 11 A. M. Tuesday. The Chair had not yet made up his mind as between those two constructions, but the session could not properly extend beyond 11 A. M. of Tuesday.

Mr. RANDALL asked whether it could be at twelve, noon, of Monday.

The SPEAKER replied that there was no presumption whatever in favor of that. This was not the last legislative day. He apprehended that the two Houses would necessarily agree on the hour of adjournment.

Mr. GARFIELD stated the condition of the appropriation bills. The Conference report on the Indian Appropriation bill, which had just been rejected, would have to go to another conference. The Deficiency bill was not quite through the Conference Committee; the Postoffice appropriation bill was now in conference, and would be ready for action this evening, hence the importance of having an evening session in order to act on that Conference report. If they hoped to get away Monday, or even Tuesday before eleven o'clock, the Sundry Civil appropriation bill would have to go to a Conference Committee before adjournment to-night.

Mr. CONGER reminded Mr. Garfield that the River and Harbor appropriation bill was also undisposed of.

Mr. KELLEY remarked that the session could be extended for a day or two, if necessary, and it would be much better to have business done as it ought to be done, rather than crowded through.

Mr. GARFIELD remarked that there would be no necessity for extending the session an hour.

The House then resumed consideration of business on the Speaker's table, and the Senate amendments to House bill were disposed of. The concurrent resolution for final adjournment at twelve, next Monday, was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

The SPEAKER stated in this connection, that unless there should be a continuous Sunday session, it would be utterly impossible to adjourn at 12 on Monday.

Mr. MAYNARD remarked that members were paid to stay and attend to the public business.

Mr. BUTLER, of Massachusetts—Oh! no. Only half paid. [Laughter.]

The Senate bills on the speaker's table were disposed of, including a concurrence in the bill to extend the act of March 3, 1873, for the extension of time to the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad Company.

The House then, at 5:10, took a recess till 8 o'clock.

At the evening session, the supplementary Civil Rights bill was reached.

Mr. ELDRIDGE moved that the House adjourn. Lost—yeas 76, nays 154.

A vote was then taken on the passage of the supplementary Civil Rights bill, and resulted, yeas 140, nays 91. There not being two-thirds in its favor, as required by the order under which the business on the Speaker's table was taken up, the bill was not passed, and still remains on the Speaker's table.

In the vote on the bill the following Republicans voted in the negative: Messrs. Butler, of Tennessee; Harrison, Hyde, Lowndes, Phelps, Ray, Sener, Smith, of Virginia; Stanard, St. John, Thomas, of Virginia, and Thornburg. No Democrats voted for it. The House then, at 11:40, adjourned until half past ten Monday morning, with the understanding that the Senate amendments to the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill might, when engrossed, be referred informally to the Committee on Appropriations.

THE PRESS SUPPRESSED.

Seizure of the Forms of the New Orleans "Bulletin"--Judge McArthur's Midnight Order.

NEW ORLEANS, June 21.—Last night, at half-past twelve, when the last forms of the *Bulletin* newspaper were being conveyed to the press rooms, they were seized by the metropolitan police, by order of the Police Judge McArthur, and locked up in the Central station, where they still remain. The *Bulletin* appeared this morning with six printed and two blank pages, closing with a column of editorial under the caption of "another midnight order" "An outrage on Amrrican Liberty" The Press to be bullied and suppressed" The *Bulletin* says: "Whether Durell, Kellogg, Badger or their underlings be implicated, we cannot as yet say; but that this bold, audacious, villianous robbery on the highway of a newspaper's material on its way to press, was effected simply because of the *Bulletin's* daring an out spoken exposure of fraud and corruption, is certain."

Later—Judge McArthur states positively that he did not issue an order for the seizure of the *Bulletin's* forms. It now appears that the police acted under the orders of Badger. The power behind Badger has not transpired.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, June 21, 1874.

NARROW ESCAPE OF A RAILWAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

As the train that left this city at 9 A. M. yesterday, for Boston, reached the covered bridge at Greewich, Connecticut, the pilot of the engine struck a large boulder that had been placed on the track on the bridge. The shock broke one of the iron braces to the bridge and demolished the pilot of the engine. It is supposed that it was the intention to throw the train from the track for purposes of robbery. Three men were arrested on suspicion, and are now held at Stamford.

A STATUE TO JOHN BUNYAN.

English papers of the 11th inst., report the unveiling of a statue of Bunyan, at Bedford, the previous day, by Lady Augusta Stanley, the Dean of Westminster delivering an address on the life and times of the author of "Pilgrims Progress."

THE POPE'S TWENTY-EIGHTH ANNIVERSARY.

To-day being the twenty-eighth anniversary of the accession of the Pope to the papacy, after the celebration of the ordinary morning services in Catholic churches throughout the city, special prayers were offered for his future prosperity and welfare.

HAVANA.

A Formidable Waterspout---Rates for Foreign Coin.

HAVANA, June 21.—An immense waterspout formed in the harbor to-day, and passed through the shipping, causing considerable damage. The Russian bark, Jenny, was capsized, and several small boats sunk. No lives were lost. The men-of-war fired blank cartridges, which had the effect of dissolving the column of water.

Thirty-six leading merchants, bankers and banks have signed an agreement to receive foreign coin at the following rates of valuation: The pound sterling, at five dollars; louis d' or, four dollars. American twenty-dollar piece, twenty-one dollars.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 22, 1 A. M., 1874.

PROBABILITIES.

For New England, the Middle States and the lower lake region partly cloudy and warmer weather, with easterly or southerly winds and falling barometer. For the South Atlantic and Gulf States partly cloudy weather, light rains in Southern Georgia and thence westward to the Mississippi valley, East or South winds, slight changes in temperature and stationary or rising barometer. For Tennessee and the Ohio valley and the upper lake region, and the northwest generally, clear weather, southeast to southwest winds, high temperature and slight changes in the baromter. The upper Ohio river will fall slowly during Monday.

Midnight Bulletin.

JUNE 21, 1875—10:48 P. M.

STATIONS.	Bar.	Ther	Wind.	Weather.
Cairo	30.06	80	N. E.	Clear.
Cincinnati	30.11	79	N. W.	Fair.
Davenport	30.01	80	E.	Clear.
Indianapolis	30.06	74	......	Fair.
Keokuk	29.98	81	S. E.	Clear.
Fort Gibson	29.96	76	E.	Clear.
Lacrosse	29.96	77	S.	Fair.
Leavenworth	29.95	78	......	Clear.
Louisville	29.95	79	N.	Fair.
Memphis	30.06	81	......	Clear.
Nashville	30.05	83	......	Clear.
Omaha	29.89	78	S.	Clear.
Pittsburgh	30.09	71	......	Clear.
Shreveport	30.01	76	S. E.	Fair.
St. Louis	30.05	82	......	Clear.
Vicksburg	30.05	74	E.	Fair.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

The steamer Elysia, from Glasgow, arrived at New York on Saturday.

The City of Richmond and Italy, from Liverpool, arrived at New York yesterday.

Base Ball—At Boston, Bostons 15, Hartfords 1. At New York, Atlantics 10, Chicagos 3.

General P. M. B. Young, member of Congress from Georgia, is said to have declined a prominent military position tendered to him by some European power.

The coming National Sangerfest, to commence in Cleveland to-morrow, promises great success. Many societies have already arrived. The hall has been beautifully decorated, and its acoustic qualisites are pronounced of the best.

THE Great White River Flour is now being made under a new patent, and is giving general satisfaction. It is now the leading brand in his market. Every dealer should keep it.

SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

THE CANADIAN TREATY.

Its Cool Reception in the Senate.

FREE TRADE ONE OF ITS OBJECTS.

Civil Rights Bill Beyond Hope.

Allegheny Valley Railroad Bill.

APPROPRIATION FOR ERIE HARBOR.

The Youghiogheny Route to be Surveyed.

Congress Cleaning Up Business for the Session.

The President and Cabinet at the Capitol.

HE MAY SIGN THE CURRENCY BILL.

Resignation of Solicitor Banfield.

HIS SUCCESSOR NOMINATED.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 21, 1874.

Canadian Reciprocity Treaty.

In the executive session of the Senate on Friday, a motion was made to take up for consideration the treaty of reciprocity of trade and fisheries between the United States and the Dominion of Canada, and was lost by a decided majority. This negatives all probabilities of action this session and, in anticipation of the result, it might be said, practically disposes of the question. The treaty is opposed by the eastern and manufacturing interest generally, of the United States. It will be opposed in the Senate on the ground that, if adopted, it will establish absolute free trade, that it is a scheme to colonize Canada with English artizans, who will settle along the border and send their manufactures into the United States. A number of Senators have said that the determination is to lay the treaty on the table until next session. This action would do away with an extra session.

Allegheny Valley Railroad Bill.

The bill to grant the Allegheny Valley Railroad the right of way through the Arsenal grounds having passed the Senate, there appears to be no doubt of its passage in the House.

Appropriation for Erie Harbor.

Senator Scott succeeded in carrying his amendment to the River and Harbor Appropriation bill, to divide the amount, $35,000, between Erie and Dunkirk, so as to grant $20,000 to Erie.

Civil Rights Bill Lost for this Session.

The fate of the Civil Rights bill seems to be effectually settled for this session. It was taken from the Speaker's table last night, under the agreement that a two-thirds vote should be necessary to secure its passage. The vote stood 140 affirmatives to 91 negatives. Among the negatives were fourteen Republicans, most of them from the South. Had these fourteen Republicans voted in the affirmative, the bill would have passed by exactly a two-thirds vote.

Closing Up the Session.

The Senate, after remaining in continous session sixteen and a half hours, adjourned after daylight this morning, till to-morrow at eleven o'clock, having finished considering the last of the Appropriation bills. The Sundry Civil and the River and Harbor, were the bills passed by the Senate, and they will be ready for the House at the opening of its session to-morrow. The Sundry Civil bill is loaded down heavily with amendments, the Senate having added to it more than four million dollars. The River and Harbor bill has also been considerably amended, and the two bills involve so many important points of controversy, that it is doubtful whether they can be acted on before Tuesday or, at least, a very late hour to-morrow night.

Transportation Routes.

Among the amendments to the River and Harbor bill, is the appropriation of $200,000 for new surveys of the projected lines of interior water communication. The sentiment of the Senate is so overwhelmingly in favor of this provision that it will, no doubt, be retained.

Grant at the Capitol.

President Grant, with nearly all his cabinet, spent considerable time at the Capitol yesterday. He signed a large number of bills. A great many Senators and members went into the President's room, and there was much effort to obtain from him an intimation of his intention as to the new Currency bill. From the little that he had to say, those who favor the bill are not very confident.

Resignation of Banfield,--His Successor.

Banfield, Solicitor of the Treasury, has resigned. The President has appointed as his successor, Bluford Wilson, at present United States District Attorney for the Southern District of Illinois.

The Proposed Change of Government for the Federal Territory—Acceptable and Objectionable Features of the Bill—The Legislative Assembly—The Board of Public Works—A Noble Work Dishonored—Taxation—Poland's Report of the Relations Between the District and the United States—A Tardy Recognition.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 18, 1874.

The bill reported from the Joint Select Committee, to inquire into the affairs of the District of Columbia, in many particulars is entirely acceptable to the people of the District. The main features of its acceptability seem to be the abolition of all provisions of law providing for an executive, a legislative assembly, a board of public works, and a delegate in Congress. There is no questioning the fact that the organic act of 1871, under which the district is at present governed, is entirely too cumbersome and costly. Considering that the whole present area of the District of Columbia is but sixty-four square miles, and that its population is but 131,700 souls, it reflects little credit upon the wisdom of Congress that it should be saddled with a Governor, a council of eleven members and a House of delegates of twenty-two members, and a Board of Public Works. Probably nothing so forcibly demonstrated the irresponsibility of the government as the legislative assembly. As a class, its members could not be called the representative men of the peculiar population of the cities and rural districts, and the manner in which important measures have been passed or money appropriated is a novelty in legislation. Offices were at first multiplied, until the burden became so great that the Legislature found itself compelled to cut down the number. The outlay for compensation of necessary and supernumerary officials for the first year was comparatively greater than in any State of the United States. Admitting that the machinery of government was too elaborate for so small an area and population, the latter nonproducing and dependent entirely upon the liberality of the government for the means of support, if the Legislature had been more deliberate in its action upon all measures, especially involving outlays of money, the results might have been quite different.

The most prominent object in the recent controversy between the citizens and the Territorial government is the Board of Public Works. These gentlemen have been subjected alike to praise and to censure. The praise is well deserved as they have lifted the Capitol out of the mire and filth of nearly three quarters of a century of neglect and have given to the nation the beginning of a city which promises to be the pride of every true citizen. Paved avenues and streets are not the greatest of its attractions. Thousands of young trees are already beginning to cast a grateful shade and blending with the improved style of residences and of ten princely mansions aid in filling up the great gaps which once opened wide between different portions of the city. On most of the wider streets and avenues every house has its lawn while the carriage way is narrowed to answer every purpose of passing traffic and travel. At many of the intersections of avenues are beautiful fountains and where the streets cross are triangular reservation either carefully sodded or laid out with parterres, walks and fountains. No unprejudiced person can say aught against the renovated and inviting appearance of Washington, and to these gentlemen belong the honor of bringing about a new era in the improvement and adornment of the capital.

In the censure of the Board of Public Works various motives have had a part. The lack of discretion in carrying on the improvement of the city seems to have been the earliest complaint. The Congressional Committee find other reasons, which they will shortly state, why the Board should no longer be entrusted with the functions imposed upon it by the organic act. It seems an unfortunate exit for a body which has done so much to beautify the city.

The appointment of a provisional government to consist of a commission of three persons with limited and clearly defined powers, looks to the deliberate and ultimate establishment of a different and perhaps less ill-considered form of territorial government.

The taxation provisions of the new bill are exceedingly unpopular, and justly so, as the rates are excessive. The bill provides for the support of the government of the District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1874, a tax upon all real estate in the District except that belonging to the United States, the District of Columbia and that used for educational and charitable purposes, as follows: For Washington City, three per cent. of the present assessed value; two and one-half per cent. for Georgetown, and two per cent. in the country. The present rate is two per cent. for Washington and Georgetown, and $1 58 on $1 00 in the country. The present assessed value is frequently more than a property will realize on sale.

The taxation of church property, now exempt, gives great satisfaction. At present the residents on the street are obliged to pay even for improvements around church property whether they are of that denomination or not. The taxation of this class of property will set at rest in the future all feeling on this score. The Protestants favor this but the Roman Catholics oppose as their establishments cover considerable amount of space. There is one square in the heart of the city owned by the Roman Church, and yet there is not a Romanist put to a cent of expense on account of street improvements, while the Protestant, the property holders are. As a rule this is very generally the case. The most equable adjustment of this fruitful source of controversy it is believed would be the taxation of church property as contemplated. This would also make a perceptable increase in the revenues now so much needed.

The permanent form of government will be prepared by a joint committee of two Senators and two Representative in time to report early next session. In the meantime the finances of the District will be carefully examined and audited by the Comptrollers of the Treasury.

As is already known, on the first of June the House Committee on the Judiciary submitted a valuable report, first, setting forth the legal relations of the District of Columbia and the United States.

Second the extent and character of the mutual obligations in regard to municipal expenses, and third, suggestions of a basis of expenditure, to be prescribed and maintained by law. This report is of peculiar interest, and is the first full statement ever made under the heads above stated.

As the affairs of the District have figured so prominently of late and will more so until the proposed new government is inaugurated, it may be interesting to repeat the conclusions arrived at by the committee.

On the first proposition above stated, they say:

"In a strict legal sense, there can be said to be no such thing as a local government of the District of Columbia, for there can be no government within the District independent of that of the Federal government; and whatever local authority there may be now existing, or which may hereafter be set up within the District, it can only be regarded legally as an agency of the Federal government; and whatever authority this local government may exercise, it must be regarded as the act of the United States through their delegated representative."

On the second proposition the committee say:

"There is something revolting to a proper sense of justice in the idea that the United States should hold free from taxation more than one-half the area of the capital city, should require to be maintained a city upon an unusually expensive scale from which the ordinary revenues derived from commerce and manufactures are excluded; that in such a case the burden of maintaining the expenses for the capital should fall upon the resident population."

Aside, then, from all question of sentiment or patriotism or pride in the national capital, the committee are impressed with the belief that the Federal government sustains at least such relation toward the citizens and the local government as would require it to contribute to municipal expenses an amount boaring the relation to the whole amount requirdd, which the interest of the Federal government here bears to the interest of the local government; and this they believe to be at least one-half.

On the third proposition the committee say:

There never has been, since the location of the capital at this place, any consistency, or even intelligence in the adjustment of these expenditures. For example, the government is now paying two-thirds of the expenses incurred by the police force of the city, and by law is also paying one-third of the expense of the fire department of the city, and yet it must be admitted that both these departments are equally important to the Federal as well as local government; while at the same time the government is contributing nothing toward the support of other branches of the local government that have equal claims upon it for assistance.

In the matter of lighting the city, the District is paying an annual expense of $150,000, and is lighting over three thousand lamps, many of them around government property, and within government reservations, while the general government is lighting but about one hundred lamps at an expense of about five thousand dollars, all of this being for the lamps immediately about the Capitol building and the President's house.

The health department is, in part, sustained by the general government, while the public schools receive no aid whatever. And yet in these schools it is found that over seventy-three per cent. of the parents whose children attend school pay no taxes; that over thirty per cent. are the children of parents in government employment, and over thirty-two per cent. the children of colored parents.

The committee find, also, that the expenditures of government have never been upon any fixed principles, but have been unsteady and fitful, and in such manner as to almost entirely fail to carry out any of the features in the plan of the city.

In the year 1869, for example, the expenditures were over $300,000, while the year following they were but about $2,000; and the year following that $40,000; the total expenditures up to 1871 for improvements of avenues and streets being but a little over $1,000,000, during which period the local government for the District has expended over nine times that amount.

This shows the lack of any policy toward the District, which runs through the whole legislation of Congress, and this is sufficiently illustrated in the one fact, that the Forty-second Congress appropriated more money toward the improvement of the capital than had been appropriated during the seventy years preceding. It is believed that it would be much wiser and much more economical, both to the national and local governments, to fix upon a definite sum, or proportion, to be contributed by both, and that it is more important that these appropriations should be made regularly and upon some well defined principle, than that they should be large. Such a course, had it been adopted in 1800 and steadily pursued toward the capital, would have made it to-day the most beautiful capital city in the world; and such a course now, steadily pursued, will make it so at no very distant day.

It is a source of satisfaction that there is at last a prospect of something being done to honor the Republic with a Capital worthy of its present greatness and future increased wealth, population and power.

DEB. R. K.

CASUALTIES.

A Tiger Attacks Its Female Keeper.

FORT WAYNE, June 20.—While the International circus was parading the streets at Van Wert, Ohio, this morning, the tiger which was riding on top of a wagon became enraged at something and made a terrible attack on its keeper, Mlle. De Granerlee, badly lacerating her hand and limbs, and tearing her clothes into shreds. She retained her presence of mind and succeeded in keeping the beast partly cowed until it was secured, when she fainted. Her injuries are not dangerous.

Violent Death at West Newton.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WEST NEWTON, PA., June 20, 1874.

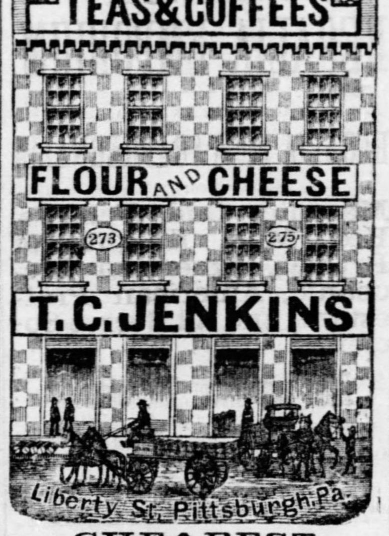
Thomas Pettigrew, a butcher by occupation, whilst driving a horse, was struck by a freight train near this place this morning, receiving injuries that resulted in his death soon after. No blame is attached to the railroad company. Mr. Pettigrew was a worthy citizen, and is mourned by all.

Inducements for Cash.

Twenty-five cents per barrel on *Flour* and one per cent. discount on *Sugars, Roast Coffees, Syrups, Tobaccos, Cheese*, and all kinds of *Groceries*, if paid within ten days from date of bills, at the *Checkered Front*. T. C. Jenkins.

Dealers Beware

of brands of flour represented by traveling men as being the same as my *Great White River*. The commission they get for their orders amount to a dealer's profit. T. C. Jenkins.



CHEAPEST

Flour AND Grocery House

IN PITTSBURGH.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

The Great White River Flour.

Jenkins's Snow Flake and Golden Fleece.
Complete Line Groceries.
Cleveland and Louisville Lime.
Sugars, Syrups, Cheese, Tobaccos, Teas, Roast Coffees, &c., &c.
No Charge for Drayage.
No Retail House connected with this establishment.

Advertisements on this page, under the several heads of WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, &c., *will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* FIFTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—EVERY SPORTSMAN—To call or send for a price list of Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Ammunition, &c. Address J. H. JOHNSTON, Great Western Gun Works, 285 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

WANTED—ONE OR MORE PARTIES with a small capital, to take an interest in a well established Planing Mill, Sash and Door Factory; also, a half interest in a valuable Patent in connection. Also several other Patents for sale. Call on or address GILLEN & BOAL, No. 16 Sixth street, Pittsburgh.

WANTED — PURCHASERS — FOR Cheap Lands. I am prepared to furnish cheap Mineral, Coal and Timber Lands in tracts from 1,000 to 10,000 Acres each in the States of Arkansas, Texas, East and West Virginia and Kentucky. These lands are well located on navigable streams, accessible by railroads, and will be sold low for cash or exchanged for city or country property at its market value, by applying to E. C. KEYS, 66 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Pennsylvania, Missouri and Michigan Pine Lands made a specialty.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—SECOND STORY FRONT Room, with Bathroom in rear, suitable for a Dentist. Location unsurpassed. Call at 65 Fulton street, near Wylie avenue.

FOR RENT OR SALE—NEW TWO-STORY Frame House, with Bay Window, containing 6 Rooms, Vestibule and Hall, Water in Kitchen; Lot 33x200, with Grapevines, &c., located on Grandview avenue, Mount Washington, Thirty-fifth ward, commanding the finest view in the city. Rent moderate to a good tenant. For particulars, &c., apply to E. ABEL, Commercial Counting Room.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—WANTED, BOARDERS and Lodgers in a pleasant neighborhood. Apply at No. 65 Leslie street, Allegheny city.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—700 POUNDS MINION TYPE, nearly new. Will be sold at a bargain. Apply at this office.

FOR SALE—BATES' HISTORY OF Pennsylvania Regiments. GILDENFENNEY & HESS, 45 Fifth avenue.

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS —New and Second-hand, of all sizes, Stationary and Portable, from 2 to 60-horse power, now on hand. JAMES HILL & CO., corner Marion avenue and P., Ft. W. and C. R. R., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—BUILDING LOT—IN Fourteenth Ward, on Atwood street, near Oakland Car Station; will be sold cheap and on easy terms. For further particulars inquire of THOS. F. STEWART, No. 48 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND MACHINERY—Three Planers and Matchers; one 10 by 20, two 8 by 20 and one 7 by 14 inch Engines; one Drill Press and one Upright Fan, all in good order. M. B. COCHRAN & CO. 121 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—THREE NEW DOUBLE-FLUE Boilers, 26x36; twelve Portable Boilers, from 12 to 20 horse power; Engines from 4 to 80 horse power; one Holding Engine. ANDERSON, MAXWELL & PORTER, 40 Park Way, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—A THREE YEAR LEASE on a good three-story Brick Wareroom, on Liberty street, suitable for any kind of wholesale business. Also, Office Furniture and Fixtures. For particulars address with full name, J. B., Commercial office.

FOR SALE—SCHOOL BONDS—School Bonds of the Eleventh Ward School District, City of Allegheny, a desirable investment. For particulars apply to WM. H. SLACK, Chairman of the Board, Shady avenue, Eleventh Ward, Allegheny, or to L. D. HUBBARD, Secretary, corner of First avenue and Ferry street, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE BUILDING Lot in the Nineteenth Ward, Pittsburgh, on the northeastern side of Rural avenue, beginning 80 feet eastwardly from Euclid street, along Rural avenue 136 6-10 feet, by in depth of 218 8-10 feet, adjoining the residence of Danl. F. Negley, Esq. For particulars apply to W. K. JENNINGS, Attorney-at-Law, Fifth avenue, corner Market st.

FOR SALE—SMALL FARM SITUATE in Armstrong County, Pa. Good farming land, with Dwelling of four rooms, young Orchard of 60 trees. Will be sold low, or would exchange for city property. Also, 10 Building Lots situate in Sixteenth Ward, between the two great thoroughfares in the city (Penn and Liberty Avenues). Will be sold on long payments. Apply to G. W. RANKIN, Real Estate Agent, No. 104 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—
STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS.
The finest collection of Steam Engines and Boilers ever offered for sale in this market. Engines new and perfect—warranted such. Boilers new and second-hand—Double Flued Portable Engine and Stationary Tubular, guaranteed to carry 100 pounds steam pressure with perfect safety. Will sell to suit customers very cheap for cash or its equivalent.
INDUSTRIAL MACHINE WORKS.
HUGH M. BOLE,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

NOTICES.

TO OWNERS OF DEAD ANIMALS.—I am now prepared to remove dead animals from the City of Pittsburgh and Allegheny. Orders may be left at the office of the Board of Health, Municipal Hall, Pittsburgh, and City Hall, Allegheny City.
EDWARD CZARNIECKI.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS METERS FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY.—Desiring that the public should more generally avail themselves of the services of this office. I would give notice to persons desiring to have their Meters Tested to leave their orders at the office of their respective Gas Companies, or at my office, corner of Twenty-third and Smallman streets, and they shall receive prompt attention.
R. H. SMITH, Inspector.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY, No. 81 FOURTH AVENUE.—The Examination of Pupils for admission to the Central High School, will commence MONDAY, June 22d, at 9 o'clock A. M., at the High School Building, corner of Webster and Fulton streets.
C. A. KEHEW, Secretary.
June 17, 1874.

NOTICE—ALL POLICY-HOLDERS (lapsed or otherwise) in the LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA, OF ST. LOUIS, Mo., who were insured prior to September 30, 1872, can, by forwarding their policies to the undersigned for collection, obtain 90 per cent. of the reserve, in cash, on said policies, subject, of course, to any special arrangement that may be made as to expenses of enforcement.
DAVIS R. BOOGHER,
Life Insurance Agent, 117 Pine street, St. Louis, Mo.
References furnished as to character and reliability.

HEADQUARTERS PITTSBURGH COMMANDERY No. 1 KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.—ATTENTION. Sir Knights who propose going with this Commandery to Wellsville, June 24th, are hereby notified that Meetings for instruction will be held at the Asylum on SATURDAY and MONDAY EVENINGS, June 20th and 22d, at which time all who can are expected to be present. By order E. C.
C. W. BATCHELOR, Captain General.
Pittsburgh, June 17, 1874.

NOTICE—THE FIRST GERMAN EVANGELICAL CONGREGATION being about to build a new Church and School House on the corner of Sixth and Smithfield streets, Pittsburgh, offer for rent the houses situated on Smithfield street, between Sixth avenue and Strawberry alley, on a lease of twenty-five years. For further information apply to the Trustees of the Congregation.
PETER DRESSLER,
JOHN SEIFERTH,
FREDERICK WILHARM.

OFFICE UNION BRIDGE COMPANY—

NOTICE TO RIVERMEN.

Notice is hereby given to those interested in the navigation of the Allegheny River, that on and after JUNE 8th, 1874, the channel from South Abutment to Pier No. 4, (distance 212 feet), will be temporarily obstructed by the false work of the first span of Union Bridge. The Contractor will keep Red Light by night, as signal of danger.
By order Board of Directors.
F. W. SMITH, Chief Engineer.
Pittsburgh, June 1, 1874.

ELECTION NOTICES.

PITTSBURGH GRAIN ELEVATOR CO.—SECRETARY'S OFFICE. The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh Grain Elevator Company, will be held at the President's Office, No. 31 Fifth avenue, (office of Edgar Thomson Steel Works, second story), on WEDNESDAY, July 22d, 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M., and an Election for Directors will be held immediately after the adjournment of the meeting.
By order of the Board of Directors.
T. L. RODGERS, Secretary.
June 22, 1874.

LINEN SUITS!
WHITE SUITS!
LINEN SUITS!
WHITE SUITS!
At Very Low Prices.
White, Orr & Co.,
25 FIFTH AVENUE.

Cemetery Dedication.

The Mount Lebanon Cemetery

WILL BE DEDICATED ON

THURSDAY, June 25th, 1874,

AT 11 O'CLOCK A. M.

The Cemetery Grounds (late Mount Lebanon Nurseries), are ... four miles from ... Bridge. The Dedicatory ... R. M. GI... marks and ... others, together ... Special T... will leave ... 9:30 and 10 ... A Sale ... Every Accommodation will be made for those attending. The public ...

BERKELEY SPRINGS AND BATHS

Bath, Morgan County, West Virginia,

Two and a half miles from Sir John's Run Station, on Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and 100 miles east of Pittsburgh.

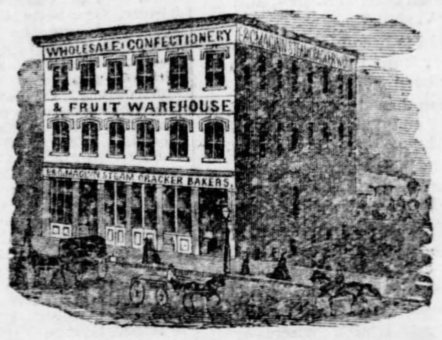
TWO TRAINS DAILY.

The BERKELEY SPRINGS HOTEL,

With first-class accommodations for 500 guests, is now open ... amusement ... Resort—pure ... ing, magnificent ... Every variety ... degrees Fahrenheit ... properties. ... Hotel. Rooms ... till October ... rangements ... Apply at the ... Baltimore Street ... For Rooms ...

A. R. POTTS, Proprietor.

MAGINN'S EXCELSIOR CRACKERS.



E. & C. MAGINN.

EXCELSIOR CRACKER BAKERY!

The Mammoth Establishment of Messrs. E. & C. Maginn.

Crackers, Cakes, Fruits and Confectionery.

MAGINN'S EXCELSIOR CRACKERS are familiar to every one—they have been a common and popular article of diet on our tables for many years—but very few, perhaps, have had any idea of the magnitude of the business transacted by this firm, or the extraordinary facilities which the firm possess for filling orders in their line of business. We append a few facts for general information:

THE FIRM.

The Cracker business has been carried on here for a great many years, but the first establishments proved to be merely experimental. In 1857 the Excelsior Works of Messrs. E. & C. Maginn were started ... [illegible]

THE MANUFACTORY.

The Excelsior Cracker Bakery is situated on Church avenue, near Federal street, Allegheny ... [illegible]

THE WAREHOUSES.

In addition to the Factory, the firm have two large Warehouses. ... The Wholesale House is No. 299 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh ... [illegible]

LIST OF CRACKERS, CAKES, &c.

Among the articles carried in stock we may enumerate the following, with the ruling price per pound:

CRACKERS.

	Cents.		Cents.
Arrow Root Biscuit	[illegible]	Honey Fingers	[illegible]
Butter	[illegible]	Imperials	[illegible]
Boston	[illegible]	Lady Fingers	[illegible]
Boston Extra	[illegible]	Lemon	[illegible]
Cinnamon	[illegible]	London Nic Nacs	[illegible]
Centennial	[illegible]	Milk Biscuit	[illegible]
Cream	[illegible]	Milk Biscuit	[illegible]
Crimp Water	[illegible]	Oyster	[illegible]
Crimp Butter	[illegible]	Pic Nic	[illegible]
Crimp Soda	[illegible]	Pic Nic	[illegible]
Egg	[illegible]	Scotch	[illegible]
Extra Sugar 1 Sugar	[illegible]	Soda	[illegible]
Fruit	[illegible]	Soda, extra	[illegible]
Ginger	[illegible]	Sugar	[illegible]
Ginger Fruits	[illegible]	Sweet	[illegible]
Graham	[illegible]	N. Y. Water	[illegible]
Honey Crackers	[illegible]	Wine	[illegible]

SNAPS.

	Cents.		Cents.
Cinnamon	12	Lemon	12
Fruit	12	Honey	12
Ginger	12	Spiced	12

JUMBLES.

	Cents.		Cents.
Arrow Root	12	Orange	12
Cinnamon	12	Raspberry	12
Fruit	12	Sponge	12
Ginger	12	Sugar	12
Honey	12	Strawberry	12
Lemon	12	Vanilla	12

CAKES.

	Cents.		Cents.
Cinnamon	12	Maccaroni Snaps	12
Cinnamon Wafers	12	Orange	12
Cocoanut Cake	12	Raspberry	12
Cocoanut	12	Sponge	12
Cream Fruit Cake	12	Sugar	12
Fruit	12	Strawberry	12
Fancy Combination	12	Wafers	12
Ginger	12	Wintergreen	12
Ginger Fruit	12	Vanilla	12
Honey	12	Excelsior Cracker Meal, in 5 packages	8

PENN MILLS FLOUR!

PRICES REDUCED

25 Cents a Barrel.

This will enable Dealers to sell this Fancy Winter Wheat Flour at much Lower Rates than any that is manufactured in this city.

F. W. Jenkins & Bro.

WHOLESALE FLOUR MERCHANTS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ASSOCIATED themselves together under the style of MEANS, SWEENEY & CO., for the purpose of carrying on a General Produce Commission and Wholesale Dealers in Teas, Syrups, Tobaccos, &c.
WILLIAM MEANS,
ALECK SWEENEY,
BARKER C. WILSON.
Pittsburgh, June 1, 1874.

MEANS, SWEENEY & CO.,

(Successors to WILLIAM MEANS,)

General Produce Commission Merchants,

AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Teas, Syrups, Tobacco, &c.

Cor. Wood and Water Sts., Pittsburgh.

GRAND PLEASURE EXCURSIONS

TO LAKE SUPERIOR,

DURING JULY AND AUGUST.

Time, Nine Days. Fare, $30.

For further information address

HANNA & CO.,

CLEVELAND, O.

PLUMBING SHOP FOR SALE,

IN YOUNGSTOWN, OHIO.

... A. J. PACKARD, Youngstown, O.

Jesse H. Lippincott,

231 LIBERTY STREET.

CANNED GOODS.

WE HAVE THE LARGEST STOCKS AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.

Look at our Line of rapid selling articles, in tins and bottles, for Lunches, Excursions, Pic-Nics, Parties, &c.

California Salmon in one lb. cans,
California Salmon in two lb. cans,
California Salmon in two and a half lb. cans,
Spiced Salmon in one lb. cans,
Spiced Salmon in two lb. cans,
Spiced Salmon in three lb. cans,
Fresh Lobster in one lb. cans,
Fresh Lobster in two lb. cans,
Pickled Lobster in quart bottles,
Cove Oysters in one lb. cans,
Cove Oysters in two lb. cans,
Spiced Oysters in one lb. cans,
Spiced Oysters in two lb. cans,
Pickled Oysters in quart bottles,
Fresh Clams in one lb. cans,
Fresh Clams in two lb. cans,
Golden Pie Pumpkin in three lb. cans.

ENGLISH PICKLES,

Eight Varieties, in Pints and Quarts, (our Own Importation.)

Sardines, quarter boxes, small fish,
Sardines, half boxes, small fish,
American Sardines in fine oil,
Ocean Trout for Lunch,
Genuine French Mustard,
Genuine Olive Oil.

The sale of our General Line of Goods at the Lowest Prices of the Season still goes on. In many instances we are glad to duplicate eastern purchases

Without Charging for Freight.

THIS IS NOT A RETAIL HOUSE.

Jesse H. Lippincott,

231 LIBERTY STREET.

Lowest Prices Yet Reached!

CHOICE NEW PRINTS, 8 1-2c.

LINEN SUITINGS,
GRASS SUITINGS,
STRIPED SKIRTINGS.
French and American Chintzes.
WHITTENTON, EVERETT, YORK AND PHILADELPHIA COTTONADES.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

239 and 241 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH.

The Snowdon Heater

INSURES

STEAM BOILERS

Against Injury caused by a Low Temperature of Feed Water.

CIRCULARS AND PRICES FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.

ATWOOD & McCAFFREY,

CORNER THIRD AVENUE AND LIBERTY STREET.

RANDOLPH'S

FINE CLOTHING EMPORIUM,

87 SMITHFIELD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Boys and Children's Clothing, A Specialty

Duquesne Brass Works and Foundry

S. CADMAN & SON,

Brass Founders and Manufacturers, and Steam Pipe Fitters.

AGENTS FOR COPE & MAXWELL'S PUMPING MACHINERY AND BOILER FEEDERS.

SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.

CORNER DUQUESNE WAY AND SIXTH ST.

To Our Customers!

WE OFFER

NEW SHIRTING PRINTS,
NEW FANCY PRINTS,
NEW LANCASTER GINGHAMS.
ALSO,
DOUBLE AND TWIST COTTONADES,
YORK COTTONADES, RED TABLEDAMASK,
KENTUCKY JEANS, CORSET JEANS,
BLACK ALPACAS,
WHITE PIQUES, BUFF PIQUES,
FANCY CASSIMERES, RUFFLED SKIRTS,
TICKINGS, PAPER CAMBRIC.
NEW GOODS EVERY WEEK!
Prices Lower Than Since 1860.

McElroy & Dickson,

54 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.

ROBT. ARTHURS, President.
L. HALSEY WILLIAMS, Cashier.

ST. CLAIR BANKING COMPANY.

CAPITAL, $100,000.

WE OFFER FOR SALE

Verona Borough Bonds.

Eight Per Cent. Bonds, free from taxation, at Par and Accrued Interest.

No. 16 Sixth Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

JNO. J. McDERMOTT,

53 Ninth St., late Hand St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

TEAS.

JAMES ... SNOWDEN. ... GEORGE ... SNOWDEN.

JAS. R. & GEO. R. SNOWDEN,

Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law,

No. ... WALNUT STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

The Commercial.

MONDAY, JUNE 22, 1874.

AND now SAWYER wants to be appointed to "a diplomatic position." Send him to the Cannibal Islands.

THE Massachusetts Legislature has resolved itself into a Hoosac Tunnel Convention. It is a great bore.

THE dry goods imports at the port of New York for the week ending last Saturday amounted to $1,256,120, against $877,305 for the corresponding week last year. Too much foreign finery.

THE Democracy of Missouri propose to put a straight and narrow Bourbon ticket in the field, in order to "revenge" the old injuries growing out of the war. We hope they will do it. In that event the Republicans will sweep the State.

THE petroleum bulls in the New York speculative market are having a hard time of it. Hardly one of them dreamed that prices could touch the present low figures, and nine out of ten of their number have, it is said, been wholly ruined.

THE best thing the Senate can do with that Canadian treaty business is, not to consider the matter at present, but to make the protocol public and take it up next winter, with the light of public discussion to guide their action. The people want a look at it.

DIXON, who is a member of the Rhode Island Legislature, and a candidate for United States Senator from that State, has steadily voted for himself on every ballot since the beginning of the contest. Rhode Island should commemorate his incomparable modesty in a statue of brass.

IT IS a thousand pities that Governor MOSES, of South Carolina, wasn't "shot on the spot" when he hauled down the United States flag from Fort Sumpter at the beginning of the rebellion. The State which he has so shamefully plundered would have been saved a great deal of disgrace.

TO-DAY is the date fixed for the adjournment of Congress. The session will probably be protracted until to-morrow at noon, that being the extreme limit which can be fixed for the session of the day previous. The House is considerably in advance of the Senate with business.

A GREAT pity: Congress having made no appropriation for that purpose, it is doubtful whether any report of General EATON, National Superintendent of Education, will be published this year for circulation. His past reports have been of a most important and valuable character.

IT seems to be settled that the Civil Rights bill will fail this session; but it is some consolation to know that it has blocked the way against the passage of a legion of unsavory jobs, such as land grants relief bills, subsidies, and sundry other matters upon which lobbyists grow sleek and fat.

A LONDON paper compares Napoleonism in France to couch grass, and says it "has not struck deep into the soil, but has taken possession of the superficial stratum." This may possibly be so; but it is a peculiar characteristic of this kind of grass that it defies eradication from the soil. It is next to impossible to root it out.

THE lower branch of Congress made very short work of Senator SHERMAN's needless and oppressive proposal to compel the newspapers to pay four cents a pound postage, in advance. The rate was fixed, as at first, at one cent and a half, to take effect on the first of next January. The proposition was a piece of very small spite on the part of its author.

TARDY justice having at length been rendered to a gallant Union soldier, an efficient public officer, and an earnest and sincere Republican, in the confirmation of General EDWARD McCOOK as Governor of Colorado Territory, it is to be hoped there may now be an end to the virulent rancor with which he has been assailed and hounded his opponents.

IT IS now, on what appears to be pretty credible authority, affirmed that "Golden" JONES, President of the United States by brevet, never wrote that specie-payment speech for which he has attained so much notoriety, but that it was written by a Washington journalist for the modest sum of four hundred dollars—whether in gold or currency, however, is not stated.

AT THE twenty-ninth annual convention of the International Division of the Sons of Temperance, held at Ottowa, Canada, last Thursday, delegates from every State in the Union and all the Provinces of the Dominion being present, it was shown that the largest losses in membership during the year occurred in our own State, in which there was a falling off of 2,287.

FOR years past the Chicago papers have been filled with accounts of various dishonest practices in the grain business, and now a number of exposures of rascalities practiced in the lumber business are being made. Competing cities having better lumber are robbing Chicago of its trade, and at a mass meeting of lumbermen held there last week a resolution was unanimously adopted to buy cargoes hereafter only on inspection.

IT is again rumored in New York journalistic circles that the *Herald* is going out of the Associated Press. A storm, it is intimated, is certainly brewing, and a well-informed correspondent says it would not be at all surprising if the Western, New England and New York State Associated Press should before long cease to purchase their news of the New York City Associated Press, and, together with the *Herald*, form a new union of associations with a central office in that city.

THE *Courier-Journal* suggests the name of EATON and LAMAR as the Presidential and Vice Presidential nominees of the Democracy in 1876. EATON is that brawling, traitorous copperhead whom the Democracy of Connecticut have just elected to the United State Senate, and disgraced themselves by so doing. LAMAR is an ex-Mississippi rebel, who accepts the situation in good faith. We don't believe he would permit his good name to be sullied with such an association. He is brave, frank and ingenuous, while EATON, on the other hand, was at once a recreant and a coward.

A VERY remarkable instance of family rotation in office, exists in the selection of United States Consul to Falmouth, England. President WASHINGTON appointed as our first Consular representative at that port a Mr Fox, who held the office many years. Upon retiring therefrom he was succeeded by his son, who occupied the position until recently. A few days ago HOWARD FOX, a son of the last above mentioned, was nominated to succeed his father. The office, however, is a comparatively unimportant one, and the compensation, which is small, is derived exclusively from fees.

MUCH speculation exists in financial circles, concerning the probability of securing the President's signature to the new conference Finance bill. It is known that the President has contemplated retiring the $26,000,000 of legal tender reserves that have been issued. The new bill prohibits their retirement, and also abolishes the reserves in circulation, which, it is claimed, would set free at least $30,000,000 of national bank notes. The bill would, therefore, as some claim, keep in circulation $56,000,000 more currency than it is supposed would be approved by the President. We shall see what we shall see.

THE Philadelphia *North American* urges the renomination of Surveyor General BEATH, whose office, under the new constitution, will be merged at the November election in the office of Secretary of Internal Affairs, making it necessary to nominate some one for that position. The *American* truly says: "His administration of his present duties has been conducted in a manner which has reflected great credit upon himself, and has given satisfaction to all whose affairs have brought them in contact with him. An earnest Republican from the first and a gallant soldier during the entire rebellion, his political and military record thoroughly second the claims he has upon the people of the State."

THE unfriendly and unfair criticisms of the London *Times'* money articles upon the railroad credit of the United States, appear to be producing an unfavorable effect. The English correspondent of the New York *Bulletin* states that the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre coal bonds, recently advertised in the London market, have as yet had no takers. This investment is offered upon first-class property, some twenty-seven thousand acres of anthracite coal lands, largely productive, and absolutely guaranteed by the New York Central Railroad, yet so influential is the city money article in the *Times*, that investors dare not rely upon their individual opinions. That paper seems to think that everything American is tainted with original or contemplated venality.

WHY THEY DIDN'T COME

DR. EDWARD YOUNG, of the Statistical Bureau in Washington, has lately published an account of his appeal to the Russian government in behalf of certain persecuted Baptists in the Russian empire. From the narrative with its illustrative correspondence it is plain that the persecution was the mere execution of old laws; laws which in many provinces are allowed to remain a dead letter, but which may be applied with very oppressive consequences whenever a conscientious magistrate or a fanatical priesthood choose to insist on their enforcement. The Baptists of Kiev, apparently animated with the zeal of new converts, not only absented themselves from the worship of the established church, but endeavored to make proselytes from its communion. Hence their troubles. Dr. YOUNG, on the strength of personal acquaintance with two or three men of great influence in St. Petersburg, asked them to intercede in favor of the sectarists. They seem to have done what they could, and the impression is conveyed by Dr. YOUNG's report that his interposition accomplished its object. It would appear, however, that the Bablists, by suspending their missionary labors, had removed the cause of their suffering.

Between old laws and Muscovite ignorance and prejudices on the one hand and the enlightened, liberal, progressive spirit of the age on the other, the present Czar probably sometimes finds himself in a difficult position. Perhaps one might pity him, if it were modest or decorous to feel pity, or at least to confess the feeling about so high and mighty a personage. If there is any truth in reports the Czar has been not a little perplexed on the subject of those Mennonites whom we have been expecting to convert into free and independent American citizens. It seems that for a long time neither the emperor nor his advisers believed that the talk of the Mennonites about emigration *en masse* to America meant anything serious. Such talk was supposed to be merely an expression of transient discontent, possibly intended to frighten the government into granting concession of the matters in dispute. When, however, word reached St. Petersburg that great numbers of the Mennonites had actually begun to move, that some hundreds of them had entered on the journey to Hamburg for the purpose of embarking for the United States, the fact produced a profound impression on the emperor's mind. We are told that he at once summoned General Count SCHOUVALOFF into his presence, and "with tears in his eyes" asked him whether such a loss of population was inevitable, whether no means not yet tried could be employed to retain in the country the "most faithful, loyal, industrious and useful of his subjects?" Count SCHOUVALOFF replied that he feared nothing more could be done, that already more important concessions had been made to them than had been made by the Prussian government to its subjects of the same faith, that these concessions had not changed their resolution, and that their preparations for emigration had gone so far that further negotations to retain them seemed to him hopeless. But the Czar resolved to make another attempt, and appointed General TOTLEBEN, for the purpose. The General became known to all the world at the time of the Crimean war, when he rendered memorable services as an engineer in the defense of Sebastapol, but it was no doubt as being a German by birth and a Protestant in religion that he seemed to the Emperor a suitable person to undertake the mission to the Mennonites. The report is that the Czar promised to agree to whatever terms he might make with them.

Of the result of General TOTLEBEN's efforts nothing is yet known, but in St. Petersburgh at last accounts, great confidence was felt in his success, so far at least as to prevent much the greater portion of the Mennonites from leaving their homes. Success is the more certainly looked for as the emigration has been hindered or interfered with by causes which were not allowed for in the original settlement of the project. One of these causes was the failure of the crops last year in the Crimea, where most of them dwell. Thus many of them are poorer than they expected to be. They have also, it seems, met with unexpected difficulties in selling at reasonably fair prices such articles of property as they desired to part with. And, finally, the commissioners sent by them to the United States "to spy out the land," have not made so favorable a report as was looked for of the condition of things in the great Republic. A part of their unfavorable report one may suppose to be the failure to receive from the American government assurances of exemption from the obligation of military service in any and every form.

Though enforced military duty is one great grievance of which the Mennonites complain in Russia, it is only one and by no means the heaviest of their burdens. The annoyance which they have felt most keenly, and which has perhaps had most to do with their resolution to emigrate, has been the increasing disposition of the Russian magistrates and officials to interfere with their hereditary customs and with the internal organization of their communities. And as much of this interference is inspired by a sort of ignorant and fanatical enthusiasm in behalf of old Muscovite ideas, it is possible that no concessions or good will on the part of the central government may suffice to make them permanently comfortable and contented in Russia. If not in mass, then in smaller parties they may continue to join their coreligionists already settled in a colony in Nebraska.

THE Chicago *Tribune* draws a very gloomy picture of the condition of the business of the Western railroads centering at that point. It says that Chicago now presents the rare spectacle of the city sending out more produce than is received in or passes through it. The railroads suffer severely for the lack of business. The falling off is attributed to the depletion of the Western granaries, scarcely anything being left for farmers to ship East. The lines of road intersecting the mineral regions are particularly depressed. Many of the rolling mills consumed ten or twelve cars of coal daily, and vast quantities of iron ore. Now there is no demand whatever for iron. One year ago sufficient vessels could not be secured to carry away the enormous yields of the Lake Superior district. This season not more than one-half the furnaces are in blast, and the remainder report their intention to blow out as soon as their stock on hand of ore is exhausted. This is a discouraging exhibit. On the other hand, however, it should be borne in mind that the crops are not only looking well, but that the economy which has been practiced on all hands since the panic has placed all classes of creditors in a strong position. This is particularly the case throughout the West, where the elements of recuperation will be likely to operate much more rapidly and effectually than is generally supposed.

IT is claimed that the gold-fields which De Soto sought in his weary march into the interior have been found in Arkansas. The St. Louis *Democrat* has discovered them in the mountains near the Choctaw line, and announces that they are richer than at first supposed. If this is true, they must be boundless in their wealth, for De Soto and subsequent adventurers believed them inexhaustible. The world will look in the direction of these mines with one eye very cautiously shut, and its finger against its nose in a gesture of incredulity until some better authority is given for the resurrection of this scheme. The little enterprise of Law, the Scottish adventurer, 150 years ago, in connection with certain hypothetical gold and silver mines in Arkansas, and the volume of paper currency isued upon this inaccessible gold basis, are still matters of recent history, too recent to evoke any considerable enthusiasm over the alleged discoveries by Capt. Holloway, of St. Louis.

WE suppose that the proverb that beggars shouldn't be choosers owes its origin to the impudent fastidiousness of that class. An old lady whose fence in Durham, Conn., had become rather dilapidated, so excited the sympathy of a benevolent man that he determined to build a new one. So he gave a load of fence-poles, and others volunteered to haul and put them up. When the load and the volunteers stopped at the widow's door, she ordered both away, volubly and sharply declaring that if she had any fence it should be made of "slats." She was poor, but a pole fence was what she hadn't come to yet.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

Butler is an incarnate noise.

Coggia's comet is just visible to the average naked eye, on a clear night.

Extraordinary depression now exists in the building and lumber trade of England.

A Chicago preacher has just resigned on account of the wickedness of his congregation!

The name of George William Curtis is being mentioned in some quarters for the Presidency.

Perley Poore has prepared a fresh edition of his invaluable Congressional directory, corected to date.

As private citizens most of the Congressional back-paysters bid fair to become of considerable use.

Ominous. There are 140,000 saloons in the country against 128,000 schools, and only 54,000 churches.

As far as legislation can effect it, the separation between Germany and the Papacy is now complete.

Tennyson is writing some new Idylls of the King, of which one is finished, and all are to precede "Vivien."

The land of gold is becoming the land of wheat, and richer from its wheat than it could ever have been from its gold.

Walt. Whitman has just published a "barbaric yawp" on "The Universal." His next will be on the differential calculus.

The teachers and scholars of Baltimore contributed $741,63 to the Agassiz memorial fund. What was Pittsburgh's contribution?

Jones, the "God-made money man," does not seem to take into consideration that "the mills of the gods grind slowly."

The latest jewel in Chicago's crown of glory is the champion bad base ball club of the world. It gets beaten wherever it goes.

There are many practical men in England who now estimate that within fifty years coal will be too dear for the national needs.

A flock of pugnacious sparrows in Hartford, Conn., recently attacked and drove away a dog from a bone which they coveted.

Many of the roads around New York are being macadamized with stone brought from the sea shore of Italy. It is brought in ballast.

The recent discovery of large deposits of soda in Wyoming promises to make this country, to a large extent, independent of foreign supply.

The Chicago *Times* inferentially complains that we never quote from that paper. Of course we do not: the COMMERCIAL is a decent journal.

What is called "popular clamor," when it takes the shape of ballots, is something which no politician, however distinguished, can safely disregard.

Last month eighty-four and a half per cent. of "Old Probabilities" predictions were well verified, and the per centage continues to increase.

It is proposed to have the Ways and Means Committee sit during the recess for the purpose of revising the tariff and internal revenue laws.

The Appletons are having very hard sledding with their new Cyclopædia, and, judging from present prospects, they will probably lose heavily by it.

The Canadian government purposes stretching a telegraphic line across the continent on British soil. Proposals for such a work will soon be issued.

A short term: A Mr. Hoxie was confirmed as member of the Washington Board of Public Works, last Wednesday, and legislated out on Thursday.

Howells, in his last poem, speaks of the "cotton-wood" on the banks of the Miami. There isn't a cotton-tree within two or three hundred miles of that river.

Sumner's death cost Massachusetts forty thousand dollars, and the expenditures were made on such an account that men feel delicate about questioning them.

In all excited controversies there is a medium ground of wisdom and safety, and that is where the Republican party stands with reference to the currency question.

During the year of the Centennial celebration of American Independence, the country will be full of revolutionary reminiscences, and thoughts of "two terms."

Congress has passed a bill directing a survey of the pier at Chester, in this State, for its adaptation to the purpose of supplying government vessels with iron, coal, &c.

An eminent Russian physician claims to have discovered that the bite of poisonous snakes is an antidote for that of mad dogs. The remedy, however, is worse than the disease.

How's this for "prosperity?" There is over a million dollars' worth of property in St. Louis belonging to bankrupt estates, advertised to be sold and placed on the market.

The temperance cause is making considerable progress in Canada. New societies against the excessive use of spirituous liquors are springing up in all parts of the country.

Great importance is attached, west of the Mississippi, to a new railroad connection between Galveston and Kansas City, it being hoped that the grain trade will take that route to Europe.

A Democratic aspirant for Congressional honors out West has issued a circular to his friends, in which, after descanting on his own merits and deserts, he says: "It is your *providence* to call and mine to obey."

There has been a great falling off in immigration to this country since January. During the first six months of last year, there were 121,098 immigrants landed at Castle Garden; this year there were only 57,291.

Renovo, Clinton county, in this State, is looming up grandly as a place of fashionable resort. It is one of the most picturesque towns in the State, healthy to the highest degree, and surrounded by beautiful mountain scenery.

PERSONAL.

Bradlaugh will come over again in the fall for a series of lectures in lyceums.

Colonel Forney is happy. He has had a town named after him on the Texas Pacific Railroad.

The death is announced in Washington, of Mrs. Mary H. Seelig, a native of Philadelphia. Her maiden name was Wagner, and at the time President Washington lived on High, now Market street, she with her mother were his opposite neighbors, and both were on intimate terms with the General and Mrs. Washington. Mrs. Seelig was in her ninety-eighth year.

Years ago an old man and his daughter Diana started to cross a marsh in Lake Charles parish, Louisiana. They were never afterward heard from. A short time since a hunter's dogs started a wild animal in the marsh, and the huntsman was about to shoot, when he saw that it was a girl, nude and wild. He reported his discovery, was told the story of Diana, and acting on the idea will endeavor to get a glimpse of her again.

The best instance of pluky women to be noted is the walking tour of the Misses Ward, and a party of five American ladies, who are now journeying on foot through Germany. The ladies are accompanied by a lad of thirteen, and they are travelling with sketch books and a light haversack, picking up information and making an art tour of the German towns. Resting by the wayside, and with time to stop at noted places, it is an example which is worthy of imitation.

Mr. Probasco, the rich art patron of Cincinnati, has just returned to a foreign town with matured plans for carrying out a design which he has long cherished. He purposes establishing a gallery of arts and sciences, which shall make Cincinnati the art center of the Middle States. Several wealthy citizens will co-operate with him and the city will probably aid by giving land, and, perhaps, by erecting the building. Mr. Probasco will give his own private collection, which is one of the most valuable in the country.

Congress has passed a resolution giving the Secretary of State $300 with which to purchase a watch, believed to be the one given to Lafayette by Gen. Washington. The watch, presented to Lafayette by Washington at the capitulation of Cornwallis, was subsequently stolen from Lafayette upon his visit to this country in 1825, at Nashville, Tenn. Although large rewards were offered, the watch was not heard of until four years ago, when a gentleman from Texas accidentally discovered it at a pawnbroker's sale in Louisville. It is the old "bull's eye," with the quaint inscriptions and engravings of the times.

The *Christian Union* says: "A gentleman whom we may unhesitatingly call the greatest poet now living in the Southern States, and in all respects one of their most brilliant literary men, writes these words in a private letter in response to some words of ours upon the new era of peace and good will between North and South: "Yes; a new epoch is dawning upon this long distracted land. At all events, in the pure, serene, beautiful realm of art, there must soon be no division between North and South. The few scholars, writers, thinkers, of which my own unfortunate section can boast, are being drawn daily more closely towards their Northern brethren—brethren now in reality and not in name alone."

SPIRITUALISM.

Concentration of Leading Mediums in New York—Prominent Believers in Spiritualism.

A New York correspondent of the Chicago *Times* presents a great many facts, and probably some fiction, regarding spiritualism and its advocates. He says that sooner or latter all first-class mediums make their way to New York, for they can make more money there than anywhere else, and he proceeds to give the names of many prominent men who are either secret or open believers. "There are hundreds, yes, thousand of our citizens," he says, "who privately adhere to spiritualism, and outwardly reject it. They are afraid that they will be laughed at; that their business interests may suffer; that their mental soundness may be suspected; or that they may lose social caste, if their genuine opinions be ascertained. This apprehension, however, is growing less every day. So many prominent persons, not in America alone, but in Europe, have professed spiritualism, that the weaker and humbler brothers feel an added moral support." The Czar of Russia, Bismarck, Thiers, Gambetta, Castelar, Victor Emanuel, Gladstone, the Prince of Wales, Carlyle, Disraeli and any number of crowned heads, statesmen, scholars and philosophers of the old world are declared to be spiritualists. Of New Yorkers many prominent names are given. Among the clergy are named Henry Ward Beecher, Edwin H. Chapin, Henry W. Bellows, Octavius B. Frothingham, George H. Hepworth, Samuel Osgood, Morgan Dix, Henry C. Potter, Stephen H. Tyng, Charles F. Deems, T. DeWitt Talmage. It is said that none of these are open adherents of the doctrine, since their theological calling and training render them unwilling to be ranked with the new sect. Horace Greeley was undoubtedly a spiritualist, though not inclined to avow it. James Gordon Bennett is reputed to be; so is Manton Marble, George Ripley, William Henry Hurlbut, Charles A. Dana, George Wolkes, Ivory Chamberlain, William Winter, George Jones, William Cullen Bryant, Parke Godwin, Robert Bonner, John Swinton, William C. Church, and a host of subordinates. Of the legal fraternity the spiritualists claim Oakey Hall, Charles S. Spencer, John Graham, W. O. Bartlett, William Allen Butler (the redoubtable Benjamin F. Butler is also put in the list), and a number of judges and leading practitioners, George William Curtis, James Parton, Harriet Beecher Stowe, Richard Grant White, Herman Melville, Richard Henry Stoddard, Bret Harte, Kate Field, Elizabeth Stoddard, Edna Dean Proctor, Edmund Clarence Stedman, Kate Hilliard, Anne Lynch Botta, Benson J. Lossing, "Josh Billings," John G. Saxe, Charles Dudley Warner, Barry Coffin and "Mark Twain" are asserted to represent the literary class. A large majority of actors are pronounced adherents. Edwin Booth, Joseph Jefferson, Lester Wallack, Clara Morris, Fanny Davenport, George Clarke, Pauline Lucca, John Owens, Sarah Jewett, Matilda Heron, George Fawcett Rowe, Edward Sothern, Fanny Morant, and Edwin Adams are counted as strong in the faith. Among business men, J. Gould, Henry N. Smith, Rufus Hatch, Horace B. Claflin, Leonard Jerome, Daniel Drew, Moses Taylor and Royal Phelps are mentioned. And "hard-headed old Commodore Vanderbilt," he says, "is designated as a spiritualist; but he would not admit it if broken on a wheel. The story is that Woodhull and Claflin convinced him by the revelations they made as mediums. They also pretend to have cured his present wife of a disease which would have proved fatal, and to have been of "incalculable value to him in divers manners." "Within a few years," he concludes, "spiritualism has assumed the form of a curative agency, and its results are pronounced almost miraculous. There are dozens of magnetic and clairvoyant physicians here who are often called in in extreme cases, where the regular physicians have ingloriously failed. Despite my scepticism, if I were to tell half that I have good reason to believe I should be charged with enthusiastic advocacy of what I care nothing about. As a study, the subject is curious. Be our opinion as it may, it is hard to deny that. What is spiritualism? is the question of the hour."

BALLOONACY.

An Experimenter in Aeronautics Comes to Grief at Allentown—Dangling Among Treetops and Spoiling Chimneys—A Great Fall and Fatal Injuries.

[From the Reading Eagle, June 20.]

A Mr. Pearce, a patent medicine and steel pen vender, well-known in this city, met with a sad, and it is supposed a fatal accident, while attempting to make a balloon ascension at Allentown yesterday. The particulars of the sad affair are as follows: Pearce being somewhat of a roving, reckless sort of a *genus homo*, conceived the idea that he could make a successful balloon ascension, and no sooner was the thought conceived, than he attempted to carry it out, notwithstanding the remonstrances of his friends. A small balloon was purchased and immediately after noon yesterday taken to the fair ground and the work of inflating commenced. After all being in readiness his recklessness was further shown in his attempting the ascension *without basket or bar*, but shortly before four o'clock he tied the guy ropes and the net twines together, seated himself upon the same and shouted, "Let her went!" As before stated, the balloon was entirely too small for Pearce's weight, and the consequence was that he rose to the height of about sixty feet, and commenced dangling around the buildings in the neighborhood, chimneys and tree tops. At this point the excitement became intense among the large crowd gathered together to witness the ascension; men shouted, women screamed and fainted, and children ran in all directions. Several chimneys were knocked down by the now confused aeronaut, who still clutched on to the ropes, the bricks of which falling on several in the multitude, injured some severely, and it is supposed others fatally. After dangling around for some time, he completely lost all control of both himself and the balloon, and leaving his hold slip, he fell headforemost to the earth. Several of his ribs were broken, both his legs were broken below the knees, besides sustaining internal injuries from which it is impossible he can recover.

BOOTH'S "HAMLET."

A "Criticism as Is a Criticism."

When a man gets supremely drunk, there is sometimes such a gorgeous audacity about his language that his productions are a part of the "curiosities of literature." As such, we quote these sentences from a Western critic's verdict on Booth's "Hamlet," which rival the editorial utterance of an ancient local contemporary in its most lucid intervals: "We do not assume to measure his personation by a standard of correctness. The diversity of opinion, based on the numberless analyses of this character, many of them, and the most diverse will not admit of this assumption when we look merely at the completeness of an actor's result. Action, may be excellent, while the conception, where there are the strength and boldness of originality of genius to cut loose from traditionary acceptance, as altogether the outgrowth of individual judgment. On this ground opinions clash, and the realism of the younger 'Hamlet' must perforce remain invoke in unfathomable supernaturalness of in an opened grave, and the restless walkings abroad of a kingly ghost, unless the process of events and faith after time enabled us together some information from the spirit of the great dramatist himself settled a vexed question that would prove of invaluable weight in sounding the depths of accurate art that pertain to the great 'Hamlets' of the stage. Having conjecture for one part and the evidence of ocular sense for the other, with which to create an appreciation of Mr. Booth's impersonation, we are left to consider the only sequence of 'Hamlet's' uncertain identity on a simple question of taste."

The Domestic Realm.

Home is the realm of which the wife is sovereign, and her sovereignty will bring her honor and love according as her rule over the matters committed to her trust is wisely and benificently ordered. That realm, limited as it is, demands for its government a much greater and unintermitting effort of thought than is always given to it; for when a wife, intent upon making the home of her family all that is possible to make it, studies daily how best by skilful management she can gratify preferences, please tastes, anticipate wishes, keep out of sight litle worries, twine privations with decorations of love, and lift off for a while burdens of care, all of which appeal to her for thoughtful and graceful intervention, she seldom fails of securing the rewards which she most dearly prizes.

The Parsees at Bombay speak Guzrati, the Hindoos Marathi, and the Mussulmans Hindostani. The Portuguese speak a sort of portuguese among themselves, but Marathi to others. There are a good many Jews. They dress about the same as the Hindoos and speak Marathi. Some of them are very rich. Sir David Sas Soon is supposed to be the richest man in Bombay. The native word for Bombay is "Mombhai." The Brahmins burn their dead; the Parsees expose theirs on the top of the Tower of Silence to be eaten by the vultures, who are always hovering near, waiting for fresh bodies. The Mussulmans and lower castes bury theirs; without coffins. If a Brahmin dies, his widow must shave her head, wear either all red or all white, with no ornaments, must remain single, and do all the drudgery of the family. They marry when they are seven or eight years old, and are often widows at 10. There is a great deal of money spent on weddings in Bombay. The idolators all have a bright red stain on their foreheads, which disfigures them very much.

George Francis Train says that if the press will let him severely alone he will agree never to speak again in public, to publish another book, or write another letter to a newspaper. We accept.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS—TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT,
JAMES S. NEGLEY, Pittsburgh.

FOR CONGRESS—TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT,
THOMAS M. BAYNE, Allegheny.

FOR STATE SENATE—FORTY-SECOND DISTRICT,
HUGH McNEILL, Allegheny.

FOR STATE SENATE—FORTY-FOURTH DISTRICT,
JNO. C. NEWMYER, Wilkins Township.

FOR STATE SENATE—FORTY-FIFTH DISTRICT,
MILES S. HUMPHREYS, Pittsburgh.

FOR ASSEMBLY—FIRST DISTRICT,
HENRY M. LONG,
W. H. GRAHAM,
HENRY GERWIG.

FOR ASSEMBLY—SECOND DISTRICT,
JAMES ONSLOW,
CHARLES JEREMY.

FOR ASSEMBLY—FOURTH DISTRICT,
D. B. MORRISON,
S. J. WAINWRIGHT,
J. P. McCORD,
JAMES LARIMER.

FOR ASSEMBLY—FIFTH DISTRICT,
B. C. CHRISTY, Sewickley,
H. K. SAMPLE.

FOR ASSEMBLY—SIXTH DISTRICT,
A. B. YOUNG,
GEORGE ARCHIBALD.

FOR JUDGE ORPHANS' COURT,
W. G. HAWKINS, Jr., Wilkins Township.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
E. A. MONTOOTH, Pittsburgh.

FOR ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
JOHN McQUAIDE, Etna.

FOR COMMISSIONER,
G. W. WEDDELL, McKeesport Borough.

FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
HENRY R. CHALFANT.

Stars and Meteors.

At certain seasons meteors dart across the firmament between the earth and the fixed stars. But they quickly vanish, while the fixed stars remain. In the medical firmament the great vegetable invigorant, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, has long been a *fixed star of the first magnitude*. Little meteors, in the shape of imitations, bearing various names, now and then attempt a glimmering competition with it, but they soon disappear from the field of vision, leaving the glory of the *true remedy* unimpaired. The number of these will-o'-the-wisps that have come to grief within the last twenty years is beyond computation, and those now in existence are in the last agonies of extinguishment. The standard tonic and alterative, that cures and prevents so many distressing diseases, and which no debilitated invalid ever took without receiving a wonderful accession of strength and vitality, only derives increased popularity from the attempts of charlatans to run their failures in the Hostetter groove.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
Assets January 1, 1873 - $778,251 56.
CHARTERED IN 1862.
Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of Six Per Cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Book of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.
BOARD OF MANAGERS.
GEO. A. BERRY, President.
JOHN SCOTT, JAS. PARK, JR., Vice Presidents.
D. E. McKINLEY, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
John B. Bailey, Solicitor.

REAL ESTATE SAVINGS BANK,
ESTABLISHED 1862.
Cor. Fourth Ave. and Smithfield St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ASSETS MAY 1, 1874 .... $801,166 15
SURPLUS FUND 73,494 33
Six per Cent. Interest allowed on Deposits, Payable in May and November.
The charter of this Bank restricts the investment of Deposits to First Liens on Real Estate within the Commonwealth, or in United States and Pennsylvania State Bonds.
President—Isaac Jones.
Vice President—Jas. B. D. Meads.
Secretary—Geo. H. Holtzman.
Solicitor—E. Bradford Todd.
TRUSTEES:
Isaac Jones, C. C. Hussey,
Hon. J. K. Moorhead, Jas. B. D. Meads,
Jacob Painter, Jno. P. Henderson,
Harvey Childs, Nicholas Voeghly, Jr.
Wm. K. Nimick.
Office open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M., and Saturday evening, from 7 o'clock to 9. M

FAMILY MEDICINES.

SPECIALTIES!
Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.
We make a Specialty of
Sponges, Fine Hair Brushes, Combs, Pocket Books, Imported Perfumes, Cosmetics, Hair Oils, Chamois Skins and Patent Medicines.
You will always find the Largest and Best Assorted Stock of the above articles at the Drug and Family Medicine Store of
JOSEPH BROWNE,
Cor. Penn Avenue and Sixth Street.

SUMMER RESORTS.

BEDFORD Mineral Springs.
THE BEDFORD SPRINGS will be open for the Reception of Guests on the 10th DAY OF JUNE. Connections are made with Trains on Pennsylvania Railroad, at Huntingdon, Pa., East and West, and on Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, at Cumberland, Md., for Passengers from South and West, directly through by rail to Bedford.
Excursion Tickets can be had at Railroad Offices and Baggage checked through to Springs.
For Analysis of Water, Terms of Board, &c., &c., address
A. G. ALLEN,
Superintendent Bedford Springs.
Price of Water in Barrels, (oak) $4 25
Price of Water in Half Barrels, (oak) 3 25
Price of Water in Kegs, (oak) 2 25
Price of Water in Half Barrels, (in Mulberry) 3 25

RENOVO HOTEL,
A delightful and healthy Summer Resort, on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad; also located on the west branch of the Susquehanna river, surrounded by beautiful mountain scenery, with fine trouting streams in the vicinity, will open for Boarders JUNE 22. Accommodation first-class and charges reasonable. Train leaves Union Depot at 2:35 A. M., arriving at Renovo at 4:15 P. M. The route to Renovo is one of the most attractive and picturesque Summer trips that can be enjoyed. Excursion Tickets at reduced rates for sale at 78 Fifth avenue and the Union Depot. For Rooms and rates apply to
R. M. N. TAYLOR, Proprietor,
RENOVO, CLINTON COUNTY, PA.

Thomson House,
AT KANE, PA.,
On the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad,
Situated on the summit of the Alleghenies, 2,000 feet above the sea, will be open for Summer guests on JUNE 22d. Train leaves Union Depot at 2:35 A. M., arriving at Kane at 9:15 P. M.
For Rooms and rates apply to
R. M. N. TAYLOR, Proprietor,
KANE, McKEAN COUNTY, PA.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE,
Cresson Springs, Cambria County, Pa.,
Will open for the reception of guests JUNE 17TH, 1874. For other information apply to or address
GEORGE W. MULLIN,
Proprietor Mountain House,
Or St. Cloud Hotel, Philadelphia.

A POINTED ADDRESS.
Convinced that the system of long credits and extravagant prices (a feature inseparable from the old credit and loss system) was not sound, safe, or satisfactory to either customer or merchant, we have wholly discarded it, and inaugurated a reform which invites and, we believe, merits public confidence.
The Foundation Principle,
READY MONEY.
The goods bought and sold for Ready Money.
The very smallest rate of profit charged.
The lowest price marked in plain figures on each article, and no deviation allowed.
The customer free from payments of extra profits, necessary to credit business to cover losses.
Any article not approved is immediately exchanged, altered, or another made, and if these endeavors fail, or customer prefers, the money returned in full.
Orders from the city and country executed on this basis.
INSPECTION AND TRIAL SOLICITED ON THIS RECONSTRUCTED PLAN.
Patterns sent post free. Requests should give outline of kind and price preferred.
Our Stock is the largest in the city, both in Men's and Boys' Departments, as well as in piece goods for order work.
JOHN WANAMAKER & Co.
The One-Price, Ready Money
CLOTHING HOUSE
818 & 820 Chestnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

DRY GOODS.

A. D. McKEE
OFFERS A
Magnificent Stock
OF
Suits, Polanaise, Lace Jackets, Parasols, Silk Umbrellas,
COMPRISING
ALL LATEST STYLES
AND AT THE
RIGHT PRICES.
No. 59 Market Street.

NEW Spring Goods
JUST OPENING,
At Very Low Prices.
SPRING PRINTS,
In Merrimack, Cocheco, Sprague, American. All the Best Makes and Newest Styles, at Prices Lower than they were ever sold.
Spring Chintzes,
In Percales, French Chintzes, Light and Dark Colored, Handsome Styles at Popular Prices.
LOW-PRICED DRESS GOODS,
The Choicest Assortment in this market, at prices from 12 1-2c to 25c per yard, some Really Good Bargains.
MEDIUM-PRICED DRESS GOODS
In Mohairs, Alpacas, Japs, Silk Warp Goods, Pure Mohair, DeBege, Empress Cloth, in New Spring Shades, Stripes, Grey Mixtures, Spring Plaids, from 25 to 50 cents, all at Prices Much Lower than they ever were.
New Goods Opening Every Day.
A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
172 and 174
FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY,
AND
26 FIFTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.

EDUCATIONAL.

MRS. SYLVANUS REED'S
English, French and German Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Little Girls, Nos. 6 and 8 East Fifty-third street, New York, RE-OPENS OCTOBER 1. PROF. NAIRNE, of Columbia College, has the department of Belles-Lettres and Metaphysics. DR. LABBERTON Lectures upon History every week. Address as above. MWF

1874.
SPRING AND SUMMER
SILK, FUR AND WOOL
HATS,
Silk and Cloth Caps,
STRAW GOODS,
Palm Leaf and Leghorn Hats,
AT
PALMER'S
Hat House
151 WOOD ST.

NOTICE!
All persons paying their State and County Taxes between now and the first day of July, will be allowed a discount of ten per cent.
SAM'L. KILGORE,
COUNTY TREASURER.

NAYLOR'S
PHILADELPHIA
REGALIA EMPORIUM.
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
REGALIA and PARAPHERNALIA
FOR
Masonic, Odd Fellows, Red Men, Knights of Pythias, American Mechanic, American Protestant, and all Secret Societies.
Gold and Silver Embroideries.
Societies in Pittsburgh and Vicinity are requested to send for Price List. Orders by mail carefully attended to. Address
Charles Naylor,
MWF 54 NORTH FIFTH ST., PHILA.

NEW JEWELRY STORE.
T. P. BEDILION & CO.,
DEALERS IN
SOLID SILVER WARE,
American and Foreign Watches,
DIAMONDS, CHAINS, SETS OF JEWELRY, &c.,
NO. 75 SMITHFIELD STREET.
SPECIALTY—REPAIRING OF FINE WATCHES

REMOVAL.
L. H. SMITH & CO.,
HAVE REMOVED TEMPORARILY TO
NO. 51 SIXTH STREET.
Will Open about APRIL 15th at NO. 49 SIXTH STREET, with the finest assortment of Marbleized Slate Mantels, Furnaces, Ranges, Grates, &c., to be found in the city. tf

JAMES A. JONES .... ROBERT S. LEAGUE.
JAMES A. JONES & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
Paragon Dress Shirt,
NO. 19 SOUTH NINTH ST.,
PHILADELPHIA.
REPRESENTED IN PITTSBURGH BY
R. M. GRAHAM.
MWF

DRY GOODS.

NEW Summer Dress Goods,
AT
Very Low Prices.
AT 18¾ CENTS,
Plain and Striped Grenadines.
AT 12½ CENTS,
Plain and Striped Grenadines.
AT 25 CENTS, CHOICE
Plain Black and Striped Grenadines.
Best Black Grenadines and Hernanis,
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
AT 18¾ CENTS,
Japanese Silks,
WELL WORTH 37½ CENTS.
AT 31 CENTS,
Japanese Silks,
WELL WORTH 50 CENTS.
AT $1 25,
HEAVY BLACK DRESS SILKS,
WORTH $1 60.
AT $1 50,
HEAVY BLACK DRESS SILKS,
WORTH $2 00.
NEW SUMMER DRESS GOODS
Of Every Description, at Lowest Prices.
Ladies' and Children's Summer Suits, Lace Shawls, Sacques and Jackets, New Summer Shawls.
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY

DRY GOODS.

New Hats and Bonnets
New Ribbons and Flowers!
New Trimmings and Embroideries!
NEW FANCY GOODS!
Infants' Merino Cloaks, Infants' Embroidered P. K. Cloaks, Infants' Tucked and Embroidered Slips, Infants' Embroidered Robes, Infants' Tucked and Embroidered Short Dresses.
Misses' Embroidered P. K. Dresses, Misses' Embroidered P. K. Suits, Misses' Embroidered P. K. Capes.
Boys' Embroidered P. K. Kilt Suits, Boys' Colored Linen Kilt Suits, Boys' White and Colored Waists.
Ladies' Chemise, Drawers and Night Dresses, Ladies' White and Colored Waists, Ladies' Tucked and Embroidered White Skirts, Hoop Skirts, Plain Skirts, &c., &c.
Hamburg Edgings and Embroideries, Brussels and Spanish Nets, Beaded and Plain Yak Laces, Gimps and Fringes, &c., &c.
Sash Ribbons, Plaid, Roman and Watered, Crepe de Chene Scarfs, delicate shades, Windsor Scarfs, in all the shades.
Kid Gloves, very large assortment in finest makes, Lisle, Silk and Silk Mixed Gloves, Kid Finish Black Silk Gloves.
Corsets from 50c upwards, Satchels in all sizes, Jap, Linen and Silk Fans, Large Stock New Neck Ruchings.
HANDSOME ASSORTMENT
FRENCH FLOWERS!
LARGE VARIETY
New Styles Hats,
In Leghorn, Chip and Neapolitan.
NOVELTIES NEW EVERY DAY
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY

To Milliners and Dealers
JOS. HORNE & CO.,
Market Street,
WILL, DURING THIS WEEK, COMMENCING MAY 18th, BE IN DAILY RECEIPT OF EXTENSIVE LINES IN
STRAW AND MILLINERY GOODS.
Including All the Latest Novelties and Most Desirable Goods.
All other Departments of the House Fully Stocked with Everything in their Line during the past week.
Close Cash Trade are Invited to Examine Our Stock and Prices!
WHOLESALE ONLY!

MERCHANT TAILORS.

HENRY SMITH & SONS,
FASHIONABLE TAILORS,
98 WYLIE AVENUE,
CORNER OF FEDERAL STREET.

C. A. MUHLANBRING,
Draper and Fashionable Tailor,
Has Removed to No. 28 FIFTH AVENUE,
Second Floor, Entrance No. 26.
A very fine stock and elegant assortment of the latest
Spring Styles of Goods
Opened this week.
All orders promptly filled; Garments made in the most fashionable style, unequalled for cut, perfect in fit, and thoroughly made.
SPECIMEN PRICES.—Scotch Pants, $8; American Cassimere Pants, $11; Foreign Cassimere Pants, $13; Black Doeskin, $16; finest Worsted Suits, $55. Other suits according to grade. Only one price. Strictly Cash.

MERCHANT TAILOR,
B. TIEGEL,
NO. 53 SMITHFIELD STREET.
Just received, a Full Line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, FOR SPRING WEAR, AT LOWEST PRICES.

MEDICAL.

DR. WHITTIER, 296 PENN STREET PITTSBURGH, PA., continues to treat with his usual great success, all Private Diseases. Perfect cures guaranteed. Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, resulting from self-abuse or sexual excess, producing nervous debility, night emissions, despondency, dizziness, dimness of sight, pimples on the face, weakness of mind and body, and final impotency, loss of sexual power, sterility, &c., unfitting the victim for marriage or business, and rendering life miserable, are permanently cured in shortest possible time. Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture (all forms) consisting of skin eruptions, ulcers, &c., are perfectly cured, and the blood-poison thoroughly eradicated from the system. DR. WHITTIER is a regular graduate of medicine, as his diploma at office shows; his life-long special experience in all private diseases, with purest medicine prepared by himself, enables him to cure difficult cases after others fail—it is self-evident that a physician treating thousands of cases every year acquires great skill. Consultation and correspondence private. Pamphlet sent sealed for stamp. Medicines sent everywhere. Office hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 to 1 P. M. "True Marriage Guide," 260 pages, fine illustrations. A book for private, careful reading, by both sexes, married or single, explaining wonders and mysteries of sexual system, reproduction, marriage impediments, &c., causes, consequence and cure. Price 50 cents, at office, or by mail, sent securely sealed. Dr. WHITTIER, 296 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. d*

PRIVATE DISEASE—OFFICE NO. 194 PENN STREET, next door to St. Clair Hotel. For the cure of all diseases of a private nature in from two to four days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also seminal weakness, impotency and all other diseases of the genital organs and their prevention. A cure warranted or money refunded. Has Diploma in the office, and is a regular physician of twenty years' standing in this city, having cured 20,000 cases. Book and circular, 10 cents. Address DOCTOR W., 194 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Office hours from 9 A. M. till 7 P. M.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS
For Indian Goods, Transportation and Supplies.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, May 28, 1874.
Sealed Proposals
Will be received at No. 42 Leonard street, New York, as follows:
FOR GOODS—Consisting of Blankets, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Shoes, Hardware, &c., until 12 o'clock M., on Wednesday, June 24th, 1874.
FOR TRANSPORTATION of goods and supplies from principal Eastern Cities to points on Missouri river, and in Western States and Territories, and also by wagons to agencies in Dakota, Colorado, New Mexico, &c., until 12 o'clock M., on Wednesday, July 1st, 1874.
FOR SUPPLIES—Consisting of Beef on the hoof, Flour, Wheat, Corn, Bacon, Pork, Lard, Sugar, Coffee, Tobacco, Soap, &c., until 12 o'clock M., on Thursday, July 2d, 1874.
Blanks for proposals for goods and supplies, with a printed statement showing quantities of articles required, places of delivery, routes of transportation and full particulars in regard to bidding, will be furnished on application at either of the following places:—
Office Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C.;
Branch Office, No. 42 Leonard street, New York (after June 10, 1874);
Hon. GEORGE H. STUART, Board Indian Commissioners, Philadelphia;
Hon. ROBERT CAMPBELL, Board Indian Commissioners, St. Louis;
Hon. J. V. FARWELL, Board Indian Commissioners, Chicago.
EDW. P. SMITH,
MTh Commissioner.

SEALED PROPOSALS
Will be received at the Office of the County Controller until the 25TH INST., inclusive, for the construction and delivery at the Court House of
Four Cast-Iron Cylindrical Columns of Good Pure Metal, to be cast in two Sections—one Plain and the other Fluted.
Plan and Specifications can be seen at the office of the County Engineer, third story of the Court House.
J. B. STILLY,
COUNTY ENGINEER.

JOS. M. GAZZAM .... ALEX. G. COCHRAN.
GAZZAM & COCHRAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS
OFFICES:
94 DIAMOND ST., PITTSBURGH

ALEX. McFARLAND,
(Formerly with J. B. McFadden & Co.,)
NOW WITH
Charles Terheyden,
130 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Manufacturer and Dealer in FINE JEWELRY, GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, American and Foreign; DIAMONDS & PRECIOUS STONES a Specialty.
MWF

CARPETS.

Consequent upon the slackening of trade after the Spring Season, and justified by advantageous purchases just made at the factories and in the Eastern markets, we have concluded to materially reduce our prices on all grades of Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, &c., and can now offer special inducements in the way of New Goods and low rates to all in want of goods in our line. Discount the needs of the future and make your selections now.
Oliver McClintock & Co
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

CARPETS!
Spring Stock!
New Styles,
Large Assortment,
All Grades,
Low Prices.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Oil Cloth, Window Shades, &c.
GREEN SHADE CLOTH A SPECIALTY.
Also Agents for the BOSTON BELTING CO.'S RUBBER BELTING HOSE, STEAM PACKING, &c.
Dealers in LEATHER BELTING, LACE LEATHER and RUBBER GOODS GENERALLY.
PAINTING, GRAINING and GLAZING.
Nos. 26 and 28 SIXTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROOFING.

Gravel Roofing
SLATE.
Roofing and Dealers in Roofing Materials of all kinds.
City and Country Work solicited and promptly attended to.
W. B. LUPTON & CO.,
354 PENN AVE., Pittsburgh.

AIKEN & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Northampton, Vermont and Peach Bottom Roofing
SLATE.
Also, Slating, Nails and Felt,
CORNER ELEVENTH AND LIBERTY STS,
Opposite the Grain Elevator, Pittsburgh, Pa.
SLATE ROOFS put on by experienced workmen.

Hugh Woodside,
Roofer and Dealer in

SLATE!
Office—370 PENN STREET, opposite Fort Wayne Freight Depot,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
All Orders promptly attended to. Work done by experienced workmen.

WM. T. DUNN & CO,
Sewer Builders,
AND MANUFACTURERS OF
CEMENT SEWER PIPE
AND
PATENT CHIMNEY PIPE.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Hydraulic Cements, Cellar Floors, &c., cemented. All orders promptly attended to and work guaranteed.
OFFICE AND WORKS, 240 REBECCA STREET, ALLEGHENY.

DRY GOODS.

NEW CHINTZES AND CALICOS,
New Linen Goods.
New Table Linens & Damasks.
New Housekeeping Goods.
Standard Bargains!
Fast Colored Calicos, only 6¼c.
New Styles Dark Calicos, only 8½c.
Heavy and Fine Brown Muslins, only 6¼c.
Fine Undressed 4-4 Muslin, only 8½c.
All Linen Huck Towels, only 8½c.
All Linen Crash for Towels, only 8½c.
Extra Fine Bleached Muslin, only 10c.
Great Bargains in Muslins, only 12½c.
Very Large Towels, only 15c.
Novelties in Calicos and Chintzes,
With Trimming Borders.
EXTRA GOOD BARGAINS IN
Table Linens and Table Damasks.
A LARGE VARIETY OF
LINEN LAP RUGS,
AT ALL PRICES.
CARPETS, in all grades and qualities.
OIL CLOTHS, all widths and for all purposes.
MATTINGS, in Striped, Plain and Checked, Straw and Cocoa.
Laces, Window Curtains, Vestibule Laces, Lambrequins.
Window Blinds, Window Fixings.
Curtain Damasks, Ottomans, Stools.
Stair Rods, Rugs, Matts, Rug Fringes, &c.
LARGE STOCK OF
Housekeeping Goods!!
AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY

INSURANCE.

South Side Fire Insurance Co,
CAPITAL, $100,000.
Office, 2633 CARSON ST., Pittsburgh.
R. B. BROWN, President.
H. LAFFERTY, Vice President.
E. KREIG, Secretary.
J. G. FLEISHMAN, Treasurer.
A. J. RAPP, General Agent.
DIRECTORS.
R. B. Brown, George Geyer,
J. G. Fleishman, Joseph Keeling,
H. Lafferty, Joseph Maheler,
John Nusser, H. Sunshine,
A. Rapp, R. Houlden,
F. Schutte, R. Young,
G. A. Mundorff.

People's Insurance Company
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, N. E. CORNER WOOD STREET AND FIFTH AVENUE.
Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.
Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats and Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.
DIRECTORS.
James Herdman, Samuel P. Shriver,
Wm. Vankirk, Captain J. L. Rhodes,
John Watt, Charles Arbuckle,
John E. Parke, C. B. Shea,
Jared M. Brush, John Farrell,
Samuel McCrickart, O. P. Scaife.
JAMES HERDMAN, President.
WM. VANKIRK, Vice President.
WM. F. GARDNER, Secretary.
GEO. S. SWARTZ, JR., General Agent.

Manufacturers and Merchants' INSURANCE COMPANY,
87 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE,
CAPITAL, $250,000.
ASSETS, $371,679 07, JANUARY 1, 1874.
JAS. I. BENNETT, President.
JOHN W. CHALFANT, Vice President.
JAS. M. KENNEY, Secretary.
AUGUST AMMON, General Agent.
DIRECTORS.
James I. Bennett, John Wilson,
A. E. W. Painter, Henry A. Weaver,
John W. Chalfant, W. A. Reed,
Robert Lea, Joseph Walton,
I. C. Pershing, C. W. Batchelor,
William Walker, S. F. VonBonhorst,
Mark W. Watson.

Western Insurance Company,
OF PITTSBURGH.
INCORPORATED APRIL, 1843.
CAPITAL - $225,000.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.
Office—First National Bank Building, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street.
DIRECTORS.
Alex. Nimick, Reuben Miller, Jr.,
Alex. Speer, Andrew Ackley,
Wm. Morrison, David M. Long,
Charles J. Clarke, John R. McCune,
Wm. S. Evans, D. Ihmsen,
Phillip Reymer, Joseph Kirkpatrick,
H. Sellers McKee.
ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
GEO. NEELD, Agent and Surveyor.

Monongahela Insurance Co,
OF PITTSBURGH.
INCORPORATED, 1854.
Cash Capital, $175,000
Insures against Fire and Marine Losses.
Office—NORTHEAST CORNER WOOD STREET AND FOURTH AVENUE, Second Floor, entrance on Fourth avenue.
WM. A. CALDWELL .... President.
JNO. McDEVITT .... Vice President.
JNO. H. CLANEY .... Secretary.
Captain F. A. DOHRMAN, General Agent and Surveyor.
DIRECTORS.
Wm. A. Caldwell, David M. Smith,
John McDevitt, William Rea,
George A. Berry, Robert Dalzell,
Wm. H. Forsyth, William Means,
James Woodburn, Geo. W. Dilworth,
Charles Atwell, David McCandless,
R. H. Palmer, D. S. H. Gilmore,
James McCandless.

Citizens' Insurance Company,
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office—No. 131 Smithfield street, second door from City Hall.
WM. BAGALEY .... President.
JOHN REA .... Secretary.
Insures Steamboats and Cargoes. Insures against loss and damage in the navigation of the Southern and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous, and the navigation of the Sea.
Insures against loss or damage by fire.
DIRECTORS:
Wm. Bagaley, John Shipton,
James Park, Jr., Geo. Wilson,
W. G. Johnston, S. Harbaugh,
B. F. Jones, J. Caldwell, Jr.,
Samuel Rea, Thos. J. Burchfield,
Capt. Thos. Snowden, George Bingham,
Barclay Preston, Alexander Moore,
S. M. Kier.
Capt. J. ATKINSON, General Agent.

Strength is Security!
ASSETS $10,000,000 GOLD.
ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LIVERPOOL.
COFFIN, KELLOGG & CO., Agents,
Cor. Third Avenue and Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
MWF

WINES, LIQUORS, &C.

SETH WILMOT .... FRANK H. WHITE.
WILMOT, WHITE & CO.,
Imported Wines and Liquors,
No. 153 WYLIE AVENUE,
Cor. Elm Street, PITTSBURGH.

B. H. LUBBERS,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Foreign and Domestic
Wines and Liquors,
No. 386 Fifth Avenue Extension,
Formerly 16 Clark street.
Largest CHAMPAGNE HOUSE in the city. Also, the Finest Assortment of FRENCH AND IRISH WHISKIES, RHEIN WINE to be found in any House in Western Pennsylvania.

STATIONERY!
Bankers, Manufacturers, Merchants, Etc
ENVELOPES,
All Styles, Sizes and Colors, neatly and promptly printed to order. LETTER PRESSES, LETTER BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS, of all kinds; BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS, CARDS, and SHIPPING TAGS. Special inducements to persons buying in large quantities.
KERNS & HORNER,
Publishers, Booksellers, Stationers and Printers, corner Wood street and Sixth avenue, and No. 236 Liberty street, (New Triangular Bank Building), PITTSBURGH, PA.

I. W. GRUBBS,
Wholesale Dealer in
COAL AND NUT COAL,
OFFICE, 119 WATER STREET.
Special attention given to the supply of ROLLING MILLS, BY RIVER, IN FLATS.

HAZARD & MONTAGUE
No. 6 Broad Street,
BROKERS IN
STOCK AND GOLD PRIVILEGES.

"STOCK PRIVILEGES,"—$100 and commission will purchase a first-class contract, giving you the privilege of calling or delivering (i. e., being "long" or "short") 100 shares of any active stock, at any time in thirty days, and $150 to $200 for sixty days —$250 and commission will purchase an A1 contract (same time and terms as stocks) on $50,000 American gold coin. These contracts, known as "puts" and "calls," are now used by many operators in preference to speculating on a margin, as no further risk or outlay is incurred beyond the amount you decide to risk. Privileges can be had from 100 shares upwards on stocks, and $10,000 and upwards on gold. For further particulars, write or send for our "Explanatory Circular." Settlement to be made at time of purchase, or on our delivery of the contracts to your agents or bankers in New York. All "puts" and "calls" negotiated by us are signed by members of the New York Stock Exchange, or bankers of acknowledged responsibility and credit.

Refer by permission to George D. Munroe, 68 Broadway; P. B. Veiller, 101 Wall street; D. P. Montague, of Spence, Montague & Co.; E. G. Pearl, of Pearl & Co., 19 New street; E. S. Munroe & Co., 36 Broad street; C. F. Davenport, 67 Exchange place; R. K. Cooke, New York Stock Exchange.

HAZARD & MONTAGUE,
6 Broad street, New York.

A. A. McCARTY,
BROKER,
No. 64 Fourth Avenue.

WANTED,
MORTGAGES
FOR TWO OR THREE YEARS.
MWS

FINANCE AND TRADE.

SATURDAY EVENING, June 20, 1874.

The report of the condition of the New York associated banks, as received by wire to-day, is as follows:

Loans, decrease	$2,175,300
Specie, decrease	1,986,800
Legal tenders, increase	887,600
Deposits, decrease	5,102,900
Circulation, decrease	19,500
Reserve, increase	181,400

The reserve shows an increase of $181,400, although the items that make up the reserve show a decrease of $1,099,200; this is owing to the heavy falling off of deposits and a corresponding calling in of loans.

The five per cent. bonds of the United States government are to-day quoted in New York at 114, or, deducting accrued interest, 112.46, which is 14.63 above par in gold, as gold is quoted at 111, the London quotation being 105¼.

During Mr. Boutwell's administration of the Treasury, a powerful Syndicate was formed, consisting of the leading bankers of this country who had European connections, for the purpose of funding the six per cent. debt of the government into bonds bearing a lower rate of interest. As is well known, this effort was so far from being successful that it only escaped being a failure; although the commissions and perquisites allowed amounted to nearly three per cent. All the six per cent. loans of the government have now matured, so that at any time they are liable to be called in for payment after ninety days' notice.

With such a market and such opportunities is it not a propitious moment to attempt to fund the six per cent. bonds of the nation into five per cent's. If the new Secretary of the Treasury is competent to grasp the situation he has a chance of earning for himself the character of a financier. Let the gold-balances of the Treasury, which now are idle in the vaults of the Department, be utilized by paying off our 5-20's at par, and not in buying them in the open market at a premium, then supply the want thus created in the investment market by selling five per cent's. at the market rate. That this can be done is evidenced by the fact that a short time since the British government announced an Indian Loan of $15,000,000 to relieve the famine in Bengal. This was not a British government loan, but an Indian loan, resting only on the Indian revenues. The rate of interest was only four per cent., and the bonds were redeemable after 1888. The first bid was 101.40 and the highest bid was 102.05—the aggregate bids being three times the amount of the loan.

These facts show that there is plenty of money in England ready to be invested in a good 4 or 5 per cent. loan at par, and that the conversion of our 6 per cent. debt, or a large portion of it, into a 5 per cent. bond is a task easily within the reach of a sound financial policy. We are now paying $98,000,000 a year in interest on our debt, whereas, if it were funded into a 4 or 5 per cent. loan, there would be a saving of twenty-five or thirty millions of dollars annually.

—The stock market is very "sick," and nearly all operators are bears, and the doleful manner in which comparisons between the present and 1857 are made is edifying. Prices are talked down and sold down, and the predictions are made that 8 per cent. stocks will sell at 50, and 7 per cent. stocks at 35, and those which pay no dividends will be given away. This blather will probably continue until the "short" interest in the market is covered, when the same people and the same journals that are now decrying everything will eloquently amplify on the Phoenix-like qualities of the country. Everybody will be advised to buy a few shares of Ohios, Union Pacific, B. H. & E., or some other stock that has a brilliant future.

—The are two peculiar operations in progress at this moment of very different kinds, but both having the common characteristic of tending to raise the value of money. The first of these is the export of silver to India consequent on the government purchases of grain to meet the famine, and the high value of money at Calcutta which has been so caused. Under ordinary circumstances, as we have before shown, this export would have had a great and immediate effect. We should have had to send gold abroad to pay for silver. Every one who held silver would have asked a high price, and it would have been necessary to obtain a new supply from the foreign countries which have a double standard, and which can only be obtained by gold. But now it is understood that the German government have much silver which they are ready to sell, if the market becomes dear enough to tempt them; and, in consequence, all other holders of silver are anxious to get quit of it, and sell at lower prices than they would ask otherwise. We do not therefore, expect that this cause will much raise the value of money. As soon as it suits their purpose we believe that the German government will sell. But we only believe this on grounds of probability.

The second cause is the steady attempt of the Bank of France to augment its supply of bullion. In the last week that supply has augmented £844,000; since the beginning of the year it has augmented £11,000,000. The Bank of France, with its usual excellent judgment, is evidently desirous of returning to specie payments, and is steadily preparing to do so. French coin is being steadily taken from hence for that purpose; and bullion so absorbed by the Bank of France is so much taken out of the money market. It cannot again be got at by ordinary persons, as the Bank does not pay in gold and silver unless it chooses, and the Bank does not wish to get rid of it, because it has just for its own purposes accumulated it. The Bank does not reduce its rate of interest in consequence of having it. on the contrary, it steadily keeps its rate of interest higher than that of other places in order to acquire it; this demand, therefore, naturally tends to raise the rate of interest throughout Europe. But then it is the sort of demand of which we have so lately had so much experience; it is an optional demand. If gold or silver are wanted for ordinary mercantile purposes, the demand is imperious and they will be sent, no matter what confusion the sending may cause. But it would not suit the purpose of the Bank of France to cause confusion in the money market. It will, gently as it can, absorb into its store as much bullion as the market seems to be able to spare, but it will not cause a violent tilt upward in the value of money; to do so would be adverse to its interests, and might endanger the success of its main object.

On the whole, therefore, though both these causes are tending to raise the value of money, and though probably in consequence it will rise a little, we do not expect it to rise much. Gold will also tend soon, we believe, to be sent from America to this country, and this, when it happens, will help to check any further rise in the value of money, and to reverse any which may have before happened.—*London Economist.*

—The following table shows the prices of gold, government bonds, railway stocks, etc., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day. Furnished by the St. Clair Banking Company, No. 16 Sixth street:

June 20, 1874.	10:30 A. M	11:30 A. M	12:30 P. M	1:30 P. M	2:30 P. M
Gold	111⅛	111⅛	111	111⅛	111⅛
U. S. 6's, 1881	116½	....	116½	....	....
U. S. 6's, 1881, coup	121¼	....	121½	....	....
5-20's, 1862	113⅞	....	114	....	....
5-20's, 1864	116⅞	....	117	....	....
5-20's, 1865	117⅞	....	118	....	....
5-20's, 1865, new	120⅛	....	120⅛	....	....
5-20's, 1867	120⅜	....	120¼	....	....
Registered 1867	116⅝	....	116⅝	....	....
5-20's, 1868	120⅛	....	120⅜	....	....
10-40's	113⅞	....	113⅞	....	....
10-40's, coupons	114	....	114	....	....
Currency 6's	114⅞	....	115	....	....
New 5 per cent	113½	....	113¾	....	....
Western Union Tel.	70¼	70	69⅞	70¼	70⅜
Pacific Mail	40¾	40¾	40¾	41¼	41⅛
Wells-Fargo Express	....	78½	....	79	....
American Express	....	59¾	....	60	....
United States Express	....	69½	....	69¾	....
New York Central	96¼	96¾	96½	96½	96⅝
Erie	26¾	....	26¼	....	26⅛
Michigan Central	....	72	....	72	....
Michigan Southern	68½	68⅝	68¼	68½	68⅝
Illinois Central	....	93	....	....	....
Cleve. and Pitts	....	86⅝	....	87¼	....
Chicago & Northw'n	37	37	....	37	....
Do. preferred	....	54⅛	....	....	....
Rock Island	93¾	93½	92¾	93	93¼
St. Paul, common	32⅝	32¾	....	32⅝	32⅞
Do. preferred	....	53	....	53¾	....
Wabash, common	30⅜	30⅜	30	....	30⅝
Fort Wayne	....	94¼	....	94½	....
Ohio and Mississippi	....	....	22⅜	....	....
Union Pacific	24⅛	24¼	23⅞	24¼	24¼
Chicago and Alton	....	99½	....	98	....
Harlem	....	128	....	128	....
C., C. & I. C.	16	16¼	16¼	16	16
Tenn. State bonds, old	....	79	....	....	....
Do. new	....	79	....	....	....
South Carolinas, July	....	18¾	....	....	....
Missouri 6's	....	96¾	....	....	....

—Hazard & Montague, brokers in stock and gold privileges, 6 Broad street New York. Straddles, or double privileges, on 100 shares stock at market price on signing of contract, 30 days, $300@400; 60 days, $400@500. Puts or calls, $100 for 100 shares 30 days; $150 to $200, 60 days, at following distance from the market, all on members New York Stock Exchange, or responsible parties:

June 15, 1874	Puts. Below Market.	Calls. Above Market.
Gold, 30 days for $50	⅛@ ¾	⅛@ ¾
Gold, 60 days for $100	at m'kt	at m'kt
Western U. Telegraph	1½@2½	2 @2½
Pacific Mail	2 @2½	2 @2½
N. Y. Central & Hudson	1½@2	2 @2½
Harlem	2½@3	3 @4
Erie	2½@3	3 @3½
Lake Shore	2 @3	2½@3½
Northwestern	2 @2½	2½@3½
Rock Island	1½@2½	2 @3
M. & St. Paul	1½@2	2 @3
Wabash	1½@2½	2½@3
Ohio & Mississippi	1½@2	2 @2½
Union Pacific	1 @1½	2 @2½
Hannibal & St. Joseph	2 @2½	2½@3
C., C. & I. C.	1½@2	2½@3

Our commission buying puts or calls—every 100 shares ... $6 25
Our commission buyins straddles—every 100 shares ... 12 50

—The following is a report of the leading stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board at noon to-day. Furnished by Luther S. Kauffman, broker, 96 Fourth avenue:

	Bid.	Asked.
Pennsylvania Central	49¼	....
Pennsylvania scrip	102	....
Reading	56⅞	57
Oil Creek	4	4½
Lehigh Valley	60⅝	61⅛
Central Transportation Company	45	....
Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis mortgage bonds	66½	....

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, SATURDAY, June 20, 1874.

Business on Saturday was rather dull in all branches of trade except in the "green truck" line, which, of course, was quite active. In grain, groceries, and general produce, however, trade was slow, and the volume of business comparatively light.

Changes in prices are few and unimportant. The upward tendency in corn has not produced any quotable change from the prices given in yesterday's report. Oats are unchanged, notwithstanding the downward tendency of that grain in the Western markets. Butter, cheese and potatoes, although depressed and weak, have not changed in price.

The following statistics in reference to the movement of coffee, at Rio de Janeiro, is from Wright & Co.'s telegram of June 5:

	Bags.
Sales of coffee for United States, since 28th ult	13,000
Shipments of coffee to United States Atlantic ports	5,000
Shipments of coffee to United States Gulf ports	....
Loading for United States	15,000
Stock of coffee at date	118,000
Average daily receipts	1,700
Price	$8 00@9 00

The visible supply of grain, including the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation, at lake and seaboard ports, in transit by lake, rail, and on the New York canals, June 6, 1874, and the comparative stocks at the other undermentioned periods, were as follows:

	June 6, '74.	May 30, '74.	June 7, '73.
Wheat, bus	10,019,808	9,911,744	6,002,435
Corn, bus	6,816,659	6,241,151	8,713,453
Oats, bus	2,071,476	1,921,193	4,437,850
Barley, bus	71,902	105,951	218,394
Rye, bus	115,966	155,206	....
Totals	19,095,811	18,135,245	19,373,432

The average weekly consumption of wheat for the United Kingdom of Great Britain is 423,000 quarters, or 3,384,000 bushels, and the supply last week was 3,280,000.

The imports of maize into the United Kingdom for the week ended June 6 were 140,000 to 145,000 quarters, equal to 1,120,000 to 1,160,000 bushels against an average weekly consumption in 1873 of 847,050 bushels.

The receipts of the leading articles of produce at this point by rail and river, since our last, are as follows:

Flour, bbls	1,530	Cheese, sks	116
Wheat, sks	170	Oats, sks	724
Butter, pkgs	47	Bacon, tres	36

The following are the receipts of the leading articles of produce for the week ending June 20, 1874:

Flour, bbls	Apples, bbls	Cheese, bxs	Corn, bags	Wheat, bags	Rye, bags	Oats, bags	Butter, pkgs	Bacon, pcs	Bacon, tcs	Potatoes, bus.
1,860	...	755	170	1,680	119	4,232	33	....	586	135
2,747	...	255	170	1,360	..	2,840	33	....	145	125
278	...	156	170	850	186	1,273	25	....	15	25
870	...	116	...	120	..	838	28	....	34	....
800	...	...	...	70	..	852	47	....	36	....
968	...	...	...	...	..	724	..	....	6	....
600	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	....	...	....
8,123	...	1,282	510	4,080	305	10,779	166	....	822	285

GRAIN, FLOUR AND FEED.

GRAIN—Transactions in grain were rather light, and sales of round lots were very few. The jobbing trade was tolerably active, but outside of that, little was done. Wheat was quiet and dull at $1 30@1 35 for red winter; amber and white $1 40@1 48. Corn was firm and the demand was good at 80@83c for prime yellow ear; 76@78c for shelled; reports from Chicago indicate an upward movement, which will probably keep the market here fully up to its present prices. Oats are steady, and will probably remain so, as the stock is considerably reduced here, and they cannot be brought here from Chicago at less than present prices; we quote at 60@61c for white; 58@59c for mixed. Rye is a little steadier at $1 00@1 05. Barley is nominal at $1 50@1 55 for No. 1. We noted no sales in car lots. The receipts of grain have fallen off very materially during the past two weeks as will be seen by the following comparison of the third week in June, with the first week of the same month:

	Week ending June 6.	Week ending June 20.
Corn, bushels	1,280	17,607
Wheat, bushels	10,200	9,355
Rye, bushels	762	525
Oats, bushels	26,947	66,770
Total	39,189	94,257

FLOUR—Trade tolerably active to regular customers, but wholesale trade rather quiet. Receipts 8,123 barrels. Prices are are unchanged, as follows: St. Louis $9 00@10 00 ₩ bbl; white winter wheat $7 50@7 75; Minnesota spring wheat $7 00@7 25; Wisconsin $6 75; red winter $7 25@7 50; rye flour $6 00; Graham flour $7 25@7 50; corn meal $3 50; oat meal $7 25@8 00 ₩ bbl.

HAY AND STRAW—Supply free and prices tending downward. We quote at $23 00@24 00 ₩ ton from store, and $20 00 on the wharf. Wagon hay on the Allegheny hay market was quoted at $28 00@29 00 for No. 1 timothy; No. 2, $24 00@25 00; common to good $22 00 Straw is quoted at $15 00@17 00 ₩ ton.

MILL FEED—The market is rather dull and transactions are light. We quote bran at $1 05@1 10 ₩ cwt.; middlings $1 50@1 60; oil meal $1 95@2 00; chopped feed $1 75@1 95 ₩ cwt.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER—There is a slightly better inquiry for butter, but prices continue very low, and the stock is very large. We quote choice yellow at 15@17c ₩ ℔; inferior grades find no sale.

BEANS—Prime white navy beans are quoted at $2 60@2 65; medium $2 45@2 50; fair to good $2 25@2 35.

BEESWAX—We quote white wax at 38@40c; yellow 34@35c; dark 30@32c ₩ ℔.

APPLE BUTTER—Prime 80c ₩ gal; fair to good 60@70c.

CHICKENS—Live, spring 60@65c; old 70@75c ₩ pair as to size—market good.

CHEESE—There is a tolerable demand for cheese, and transactions are moderately active. Prices are rather weak at 13½@14c for Ohio factory; 11@12½c for Western Reserve dairy.

DRIED SWEET CORN—Quotations are given at 9@10c ₩ ℔.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples, choice new are quoted at 11@12c ₩ ℔; choice peaches 13c ₩ ℔; mixed 7@10c; blackberries, choice, 22c.

EGGS—The supply is good and demand active at 17@18c ₩ doz. for strictly fresh.

FEATHERS—Are quoted as follows: No. 1 ₩ ℔ 73c; No. 2 ₩ ℔ 60c.

HOPS—The market is very dull, with little trade of any sort. We quote growth of 1872 at 25@35c ₩ ℔; old stock 10@15c ₩ ℔.

HONEY—Clover 35c ₩ ℔; buckwheat blossom 25c.

HOMINY—Quotations are at $5 00 ₩ bbl.

ONIONS—Bermudas $2 50@2 75 ₩ box.

POTATOES—The market is dull. The supply of both old and new potatoes is liberal. We quote prime peachblows from store at $1 20 ₩ bushel; mixed $1 00; new potatoes $5 00@5 00 ₩ bushel.

GROCERIES.

There was a moderate order demand without alteration in prices. Refined sugars are strong and in good demand. We quote as follows:

Green Coffees.	₩ ℔.	Oolong	25 @ 85
Fancy	25½c	Fancy	$1 00
Choice	24½c	Souchong	25 @ 85
Prime	23 c	*Molasses.*	₩ gal.
Good	22 c	Strictly choice N O	@83c
Java	33 c	Good	@83c
Roasted Coffees.		Prime	@65c
Rio, in papers	28 c	Demerara	65@70c
Loose	27½c	*Syrups.*	
Roasted Java	40 c	Ex. white drips	@75c
Sugars.		Sugar drips	@65c
Standard A	10½c	Lower grades	45@50c
Standard B	10⅜c	*Rice.*	₩ ℔.
Standard C	10¼c	Choice Carolina	9@9½c
Standard hards	11⅜c	Patna	8@8¼c
Franklin extra	9½c	Rangoon	@ 8c
American extra C	9¾c	*Raisins.*	
Tea.		Layers, ₩ box	$3 25
Young Hyson	50c@$1 00	Valentias, ₩ ℔	13@14c
Gunpowder	50c@$1 25	Currants	7½@ 8c
Imperial	50c@$1 60	Prunes	13½@14c
Japan	55c@$1 00		

PROVISIONS.

BACON AND PROVISIONS—Receipts—822 tierces. Trade is fairly active at the following quotations: Canvassed hams, ₩ ℔, 14½c; shoulders, cancanvassed, ₩ ℔, 9¾c; breakfast bacon, clear 13c; short rib 12½c; dried beef, canvassed, 17c; beef tongues, ₩ doz, $7 50; bacon shoulders, ₩ ℔, 8¼c; rib sides, do, 10¾c; short rib sides, do, 11¼c; clear sides, do, 11¾c; mess pork, ₩ bbl, $19 50; prime leaf lard, in tierces, ₩ ℔, 12¼; refined for summer use, in tierces; do, 12¾c; ½ bbls, do, 13¼c. buckets, do, 13¾c; in 3 ℔ caddies, do, 14¼c; in 5 ℔ caddies, do, 14c; in 3 ℔ pails, do, 15¼c; in 5 ℔ pails, do, 15c; in 6 ℔ pails, do, 14¾c.

FISH—The market for fish is tolerably good, especially for new. Prices are unchanged, as follows:

No. 1 extra mess mackerel, ₩ bbl	$31 00	Lake trout	$7 50
No. 1 mess do	26 00	White fish	7 50
Extra No. 1 shore	23 00	Lake herring	5 50
Extra No. 1 bay	19 00	Potomac herring, bbls	6 75
No. 1 bay	18 00	Potomac herring, hlf bbls	3 63
Extra No. 2	17 50		
No. 2 bay	16 00	Potomac shad, hlf bbls	7 00
New No. 3	14 25		
Georges codfish, ₩ 100	6 50	Burling'n herring S. C., 50 in a box	1 75
Medium do	5 00		

On hlf bbls 32c for extra packing is charged.

CARBON OIL—We quote carbon oil from store at 13 ₩ gall; in car lots at the usual deduction. Market dull and lower.

COUNTRY BACON—Market active and firm; hams 10@11c ₩ ℔; clear sides 10@10½c; ribbed sides 8¾@9c; shoulders 7@7½c. Country lard 9@10c, as to quality.

LARD OIL—We quote extra winter strained at 90@92c ₩ gallon; summer 86@88c; No. 2, 67@72c.

TALLOW—Sales at 7c ₩ ℔ for prime and 6½c for medium. Demand good and market firm.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ASHES—The market is very dull and there is nothing doing: Soda ashes, refined 4¼@4¾c; common 3¾@4c; black lead 5c; arsenic 5c; potash 9c; pearls 10c.

ALES—X $9 00 ₩ bbl; XX $10 00 ₩ bbl; India ale $11 00 ₩ bbl; Bass' English ale, in kilderkins of 22 gal, $24 00@25 00; bbls, 41 gals, $40 00@41 00; hhds, 68 gal s, $62 50@65 00; in cases, 4 doz bottles, $20 75.

BROOMS—We quote as follows: Common $1 75@2 00 ₩ dozen; medium $2 25@2 50; good $2 75@3 25; choice $3 50@3 75; extra $4 00; carpet brooms $4 00@4 25; whisps $1 50@1 75 ₩ dozen.

BROOM CORN—In fair demand. We note sales of Harl at 9@10c; green 7@8c; red 5@6c ₩ ℔.

BANNER BAKING POWDER—Sales as follows: ¼ ℔ cans $1 50 ₩ doz; ½-℔ cans $3 00; 1-℔ cans $5 50; 5-℔ cans $26 00; 10-℔ boxes 40c ₩ ℔.

COTTON GOODS—Anchor A brown cottons, 11c; Eagle, 11c; Idaho, 10½c; Duquesne, 9½c; Magnolia, 9c. Penn Mill A No. 1, 4-4 sheeting at 11c; Nonatook, 10½c; Pittsburgh family, 10c; Juniata B, fine, 9½c; Penn Mill 2 bus bags 35c; do 2½, 40c; do 3 bus bags 50c; white cotton chain 31c; do colored 38c; cotton batting 15c; cotton twine 31c.

CEMENT—Louisville hydraulic cement $2 00@2 25 ₩ bbl; Phoenix hydraulic cement $2 00@2 25 ₩ bbl; Rosedale cement $3 50@4 00; Youghiogheny $1 75@2 00; Portland cement $7 50@8 00.

CONCENTRATED LYE—Quotations are given at $7 50@8 00.

CRACKERS—We quote as follows: Lemon biscuit at 11; ginger snaps 12c; oysters crackers 6½c; soda crackers 6½c; sugar crackers 9@9½c; butter crackers 6½c; water crackers 6½c ₩ ℔. Some houses are selling at prices ¼c above these quotations.

PAPERS—Baling papers 4@8c ₩ ℔, as to quality; manilla 7@12c; hardware papers 6@12c; bag wrapping 4½@4¾c; felt papers 4@4½c; straw, news, 4@11c; rag, news, 12½@13c; book papers 15@18c ₩ ℔.

RISING SUN STOVE POLISH—Sales made $6 00 ₩ gross.

RAGS—Cotton at 2½@3c ₩ ℔ and woolen at ½c.

SAPOLIO—Cases of 6 dozen, $6 00; hand sapolio, cases of 6 dozen, $5 00.

SALT—Car lots, ₩ bbl, $1 60, jobbing lots $1 80@1 85.

WHISKY—The market is quiet and steady. We quote highwines at $1 00½ ₩ gall.

WOOL—There is still a disposition on the part of producers to hold off, but buyers are firm, and there has been a considerable movement, at the following quotations:

Combing	50@ c	Fine fleece	43@44c
Tubwashed	43@45c	Medium	40@42c
Pulled wools	30@35c	Common fleece	30@35c
Unwashed	28@30c		

WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE OIL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, MONDAY, June 22, 1874.

The following are the receipts of crude for the past week, with a comparison table for previous years; also, the exports of refined, together with the week's transactions:

	Receipts Crude per River & Rail.	Exports per Penn R. R.	Exports per A. V. R. R.
Monday, June 15	1,573	....	2,004
Tuesday, June 16	2,073	....	....
Wednesday, June 17	3,140	....	....
Thursday, June 18	4,361	1,150	1,558
Friday, June 19	1,423	637	2,487
Saturday, June 20	1,997	312	2,021
Total for week	14,567	2,099	8,070
Since January 1	853,634	49,367	348,639
To June 20, 1874	868,201	51,466	356,609
Same time 1873	869,462	23,337	355,097
Same time 1872	495,157	72,322	241,999
Same time 1871	479,314	41,046	216,400
Same time 1870	517,187	79,976	220,673
Same time 1869	361,058	48,616	158,221
Same time 1868	595,919	66,247	195,511

BUSINESS.

Transactions in oil during the week have been light. Although the market became firmer and there was a somewhat better demand for oil, at the opening of the week, business was not much more liberal from the fact that holders were not inclined to sell, under the belief that higher prices would soon prevail. This hope has not yet been realized, but the market has fallen back to its former dullness without, however, much change having taken place in prices. The condition of the market, therefore, is anything but satisfactory, either to the producing or refining interest.

In the statistics of refined oil shipped east by the Allegheny Valley Railroad this week is included a large additional amount—226,00 barrels—which was manifested from the West Penn Junction, and had not before been reported. This showing places the shipments of refined, for this year, in excess of any previous year.

CRUDE RECEIPTS.

The following are the crude receipts from all points by river and rail for the past two weeks:

	Last week.	This week.
Crude received, bbls	22,101	14,567

The following are the crude receipts from all points by river and rail for the past ten years from January 1st to

June 20, 1874	868,201
Same time 1873	869,462
Same time 1872	495,157
Same time 1871	479,314
Same time 1870	517,287
Same time 1869	364,058
Same time 1868	595,919
Same time 1867	636,377
Same time 1866	628,953
Same time 1865	161,328

EXPORTS OF REFINED.

The following are the exports of refined oil East by the Pennsylvania and Allegheny railroads for the past two weeks:

	Last week.	This week.
Pennsylvania Railroad	479	2,099
Allegheny Valley Railroad	764	8,070
Total	1,243	10,169

The following are the exports of refined oil East by the various railroads for the past five years from January 1 to June 20, 1874:

	1870.	1871.	1872.	1873.	1874.
P. R. R.	79,976	41,046	72,322	23,337	51,463
A. V. R. R.	220,673	216,400	241,999	355,097	356,609
Total	300,649	257,446	314,321	378,444	408,075

SATURDAY.

There was not much change in the market, business being dull, and prices without change.

CRUDE.

Crude is dull and quiet at 85 to 87½c at wells for United; at river $1 12½. Sales as follows are reported from

PARKER'S:

2,000 bbls United, at wells ... 85 c
2,000 bbls United, at wells ... 87½c

SMITH'S FERRY OIL.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

Sales at the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad station at $1 00 ₩ bbl; at wells 60c. Market dull.

REFINED.

The refined market is quiet and rather weak at 11c for carbon oil in car lots, f. o. b. at works.

New York—The market is dull and lower, with refined at 12¾@12⅞c for spot; sales of 9,000 barrels at quotations are reported.

Philadelphia—Market quiet and lower; spot 12¾c; July 13c.

OIL BARRELS

quiet; city $1 55; country $1 50.

TITUSVILLE, June 20.—The *Courier* says: The market was quiet and there was little change from previous prices. Sales:

2,500 bbls, upper road, spot ... $1 20
2,000 bbls, upper road, spot ... 1 22½
2,000 bbls, Parker's, United, at wells ... 85c
2,000 bbls, Parker's, United, at wells ... 87½

NEW YORK, June 20, closing 19.—The market is lower and dull. Crude in bulk 5c prompt; 5¼@5½c July; refined: 4000 barrels were sold for June at 12¾c, 5,000 do 12⅞c; cases 17c; naptha 7c; Philadelphia delivery—prices are lower and trade quiet: refined 12¾c is bid, and 13c asked.

ROUSEVILLE, June 20.—There is nothing doing; crude is quoted at about $1 00.

OIL CITY, June 20.—The market is quiet at $1 15 bid.

PETROLEUM CENTER, June 20.—The market is very dull with no sales; at about $1 00.

TIDIOUTE, June 20.—The market is steady and unchanged at 85c.

TITUSVILLE, June 20.—The market is so dull and quiet that it is almost impossible to give correct quotations; we quote at $1 15@1 20.

PARKER'S, June 20.—The market is quiet and dull; United $1 12½; immediate shipment 95c.

PHILADELPHIA, June 20.—The market is quiet; S. W. 12¾c; crude 4¾c; cases 17c; sales none; futures, July 13c.

Crude Oil Received by A. V. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Fisher Bros.	Eureka O W	74
Hutchinson & B.	Sunbeam O W	228
Hutchinson & B.	Star O. W	234
Duncan	Petrolite O W	457
Stevenson	Liberty O W	234
Stevenson	Peerless O W	548
Stevenson	Eagle O W	471
Stevenson	Central O W	1,179
McKelvey	Hutchinson O W	462
Owners	Penn O W	475

Crude Oil Received by Rail and River.

	Bbls.		Bbls.
Eureka O W	74	Peerless O W	584
Sunbeam O W	228	Eagle O W	470
Star O W	234	Central O W	1,179
Petrolite O W	457	Hutchinson O W	462
Liberty O W	234	Penn O W	475
Total			4,311

Refined Oil Shipped East by A. V. R. R.

WEST PENN JUNCTION, June 19, 1874.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Central O W	J P Logan, Phila	1,551
Irwin & Co	J P Logan, Phila	699
Brown	J P Logan, Phila	450
John Spear	J P Logan, Phila	145
H S A Stewart	J B Tilford & Co, Phila.	209
Citizens Oil Co	Emil Schalk, Phila	750
Citizens Oil Co	Tack Bros, Phila	52
Total		3,850

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, SATURDAY, June 20, 1874.

REMARKS—Late in the afternoon we paid a hurried visit to the Stock Yards and found them almost barren of stock, nor was there scarce an individual to tell us what had become of them.

But from what we saw and heard we are of the opinion that the week's market just closed was one of the most satisfactory all round had for some time. As we have stated before cattle were well up to last week's prices, hogs advanced and sheep declined a shade.

There was little stock of any description left in the pens unsold, so that the incoming stock will commence with an almost entire new stock in trade, which, should it not be too heavy and the right kind, will find a good market.

Prominent dealers find it a good demand for stock during the week to come, the only thing to fear being the weather.

We need not again repeat the prices of the different kinds and grades of stock, as at the close of the week they were just about the same as those ruling all the week, and differing but little from those of last week.

On Monday most of the local butchers will visit the Allegheny Live Stock Yards in search of bargains in beeves, hogs, sheep, lambs and calves.

IRON MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

June 18.—American Pig—No improvement can be reported in the iron market, either in the matter of demand or price. The rumored sale of 10,000 tons forge iron, of which we spoke in our last, we have since learned was not made. Quotations are irregular, but there is hardly enough business doing to establish prices. We quote: No. 1 foundry, $32 00; No. 2 foundry, $29 00@30 00; Gray forge, $27 00@28 50. These prices are for Lehigh favorite brands. Others less desirable, can be had at a considerable concession. The Thomas Iron Company have blown out one furnace on account of trouble with their workmen, and we hear of uneasiness in other quarters.

Scotch Pig—The American market continues unaffected by the great fluctuations in the Scotch iron market, prices being here lower than last week, notwithstanding a considerable advance on the other side. We learn of the sale of 300 tons Eglinton on private terms; also 150 tons Coltness, from ship, on private terms. There is now no Coltness on the market, though there is some on the way. We quote Eglinton $33 00@34 00, and Summerlee $36 00.

Bar—There is no change in bar iron, either from store or mill, and we continue to quote the rate of Eastern mills at 2,8@3c.

Rails—There is no change in rails here, although our cable reports indicate a decline on the other side. We quote Welsh at $52 00@54 00, gold, and American at $60 00@62 50, currency, at the mills.

Old Rails—We continue to quote old T rails $36 00@38 00.

Scrap—No. 1 wrought scrap, from yard, may be quoted nominally $37 00@38 00.—*Iron Age.*

BRITISH IRON MARKET.

[Specially reported by cable for the Iron Age.]

WEDNESDAY, June 17, 1874.

Scotch Pig—After our last report the market became much stronger, but has since fallen off somewhat, prices being now steady at figures which are, however, in general higher than those quoted last week. The following are makers' quotations:

Coltness, No. 1	115s 6d
Gartsherrie, No. 1	107s 6d
Glengarnock, No. 1	105s 0d
Eglinton, No. 1	100s 0d

Manufactured Iron—In manufactured iron there is no change to report. The iron market continues quiet, and prices nominal. Best Staffordshire bars are quoted at £11@12.

Rails—Welsh are now quoted £7 15s@£8. Demand is improving and some business doing.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, June 20.—Flour dull. Wheat dull and unchanged. Corn dull at 79@81c. Oats dull and unchanged. Rye dull. Provisions quiet. Pork $18 25@18 50. Lard 12c. Butter—western unchanged. Coffee quiet and firm; ordinary to prime 17½@21c. Whisky lower and weaker at 98@99c.

Oswego Market.

OSWEGO, June 20.—Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat quiet; No. 1 red Wabash $1 49½; No. 1 Milwaukee club held at $1 41; extra white Michigan $1 65. Corn quiet but steady at 74@76c.

New York Finance and Trade.

Gold Closed at 111¼.

NEW YORK, June 20, 1874.

MONEY.

Money closed at 2½@3 per cent.

STERLING.

Foreign Exchange closed dull at 487½ for banker's sixty days sterling and 490@490½ for demand.

GOLD

quiet and steady throught the day, opening and closing at 111¾, with some sales in the interim at 111⅛. The rates for carrying were 1 and 2 per cent. Loans also made flat. Clearing $20,000,000. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed during the week $667,000 and received for customs $1,716,000. Imports for the week: Merchandise, $5,598,521; dry goods, $1,256,120. The exports of specie for the same time were: Gold coin, $1,368,474; gold bars, $216,916; silver coin, $20,000; silver bars, $74,213.

GOVERNMENTS.

Government bonds were dull and strong closing as follows:

U. S. coupons, 1881	121½	5-20s, 1867	120⅜
5-20s, 1862	114	5-20s, 1868	120¼
5-20s, 1864	117	10-40s	113⅞
5-20s, 1865	118	New 5s	113⅝
5-20s, 1865, new	120	Currency 6s	115

STATE BONDS.

State bonds quiet as follows:

Missouri 6s	96¾	Virginia, old	28
Tennessee, old	79	North Carolina, old	20
Tennessee, new	79	N'th Carolina, new	12
Virginia, new	32		

THE STOCK MARKET

was strong and higher during the last hours of business, with more activity in dealings. The leading features were Lake Shore, Western Union, Union Pacific, Rock Island, Pacific Mail and Northwestern common. The advance ranged from ⅛ to 1¼ per cent. The highest quotations of the day having been made at the close. A decline in Erie was stimulated by a further decline in London, and also by a heavy fall in preferred shares. The sales to-day included 25,000 Western Union shares, 15,000 Pacific Mail, 12,000 Erie, 33,000 Lake Shore, 12,000 Union Pacific, 5,000 Northwestern, 9,000 Rock Island and 5,000 Toledo. The closing quotation being as follows:

Canton	40	St. Paul preferred	54
W. U. Telegraph	70¾	Wabash	30¼
Quicksilver	20	Do preferred	65
Adams Express	104½	Fort Wayne	94⅛
Wells, Fargo & Co.	78½	Terre Haute	7
U. S. Express	69½	Do preferred	28¼
American Express	60	Chicago & Alton	98
Pacific Mail	41¼	Do preferred	106
N. Y. Central	97	Ohio & Mississippi	22¾
Erie	26¼	Clev. Col. & Cin	66
Do preferred	42¼	Burlington & Q	100½
Harlem	128¼	Lake Shore	69
Do preferred	125	Panama	16
Michigan Central	72	Illinois Central	93
Pittsburgh	87	Union Pacific	24½
Northwestern	37⅜	Central Pacific	92¼
Do preferred	54⅜	Union	86¼
Rock Island	93¾	Hartford & Erie	¾
New Jersey Cent'l	106¼	Delaware & Lac	161¼
St. Paul	33¾	Bankers' bills	488½

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, June 20, 1874.

FLOUR—Firm; sales all private.

WHEAT—Steady and in moderate demand; No. 1 spring $1 25; No. 2, $1 21 cash; $1 20¾@1 20⅞ seller July; $1 13¼ seller August; No. 3, $1 15½.

CORN—Steady and in moderate demand; No. 2 mixed 60½c cash; 59⅝c seller July; 59⅞c seller August.

OATS—Demand active and prices advanced; No. 2 46½c cash; 47¼@42c seller July; rejected 33⅝c.

RYE—Demand fair and prices advanced; No. 1, 85c.

BARLEY—Dull and nominal.

PROVISIONS—Pork—demand active and prices advanced; $17 37½ seller July; $17 50 seller August.

LARD—Demand fair and market firm; sales at 11c; seller July 11.20-100c; seller August held higher.

BULK MEATS—Steady and in moderate demand; sales of shoulders, packed, at 6½c.

WHISKY—Steady and in moderate demand at 94½c.

Cotton Markets.

NEW ORLEANS, June 20.—Cotton quiet; sales 1,230. Prices irregular and easier; good ordinary to strict good ordinary 14⅝@15¾c; low middling to strict low middling 15½@16½c; middling to strict middling 15@15½c; good middling 18¼@18¾c. Receipts 448 bales; exports, continent 1,720 bales; coastwise 1,633 bales; Great Britain 6,640 bales; stock 46,623 bales.

SAVANNAH, June 26.—Market dull; middling 16¼c. Net receipts 66 bales; gross 661 bales; sales 140 bales.

CHARLESTON, June 20.—Market dull; middling 16c; low middling 15½c; good ordinary 15c. Receipts 305 bales; exports, coastwise, 261 bales; sales 150 bales; stock 10,843 bales.

MOBILE, June 20.—Market quiet and easy; middling 16¾c. Receipts 116 bales; sales none.

GALVESTON, June 20.—Market nominally ⅛c lower; good ordinary 15½c; middling 17½c. Net receipts 96 bales; exports to Great Britain 99 bales.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, June 20.—Cotton heavy and ⅛c lower; middling upland 17⅝c. Flour firm and in fair demand; superfine Western and State $4 65@5 35; common to good extra $5 80@6 25; good to choice $6 30@7 20. Wheat firm with a fair demand; No. 2 Chicago $1 43@1 44½; No. 2 Milwaukee $1 47@1 48; white Western $1 60. Rye quiet at $1 05@1 09. Barley nominal. Malt quiet and unchanged. Corn firmer; Western mixed 80@80½c; yellow 81@83c. Oats firmer; mixed Western 60@62c; white 65@68c. Coffee active and ⅛c better; Rio 18@21½c. Sugar quiet at 7¾@8c. Molasses quiet at 42c. Rice quiet and unchanged. Petroleum heavy; crude 4⅞c; refined 12⅞c. Turpentine steady at 36c. Eggs unchanged. Wool firm. Pork active at $18 00. Beef quiet. Middles 10½c. Lard firmer at 11⅝c. Butter unchanged. Cheese unchanged. Whisky 99c.

Chicago Live Stock Market.

CHICAGO, June 20.—Cattle—Receipts 800 head. The market for good grades is active and unchanged; $5 00@6 50 for common to extra; poor poor medium grades dull and weak; $4 50@4 75 for poor Texan to fain natives. Shipments 3,109 head.

Hogs—Receipts 5,000 head. Market active, firm and a shade higher; $5 10@6 10 for poor to extra; most sales at $5 45@5 75 for medium to choice. Shipments 13,259.

Sheep—Receipts 000 head. Market dull and inactive.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, June 20.—Butter steady; Western choice 18@20c. Cheese firm; prime Western Reserve 13½@14c. Eggs steady; western 16@17c. Petroleum easier; refined 12¾@13c. Provisions dull and nominal. Flour quiet; Ohio and Indiana extra family $6 75@7 50. Wheat dull; red $1 40@1 45. Corn dull at 79@80c. Oats quiet and weak; white 61@63c. Whisky steady at 99c.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, June 20.—Dry goods—Business moderate with commission houses representing cotton goods, and there was a fair movement of light brown sheetings from first hands. Colored cottons more inquired for. Indigo blue prints in demand. Merrimac Chintzes reduced to 8½c. Bordered prints less active. Black grenadines continue in request.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, June 20.—Cotton, flour and grain unchanged. Pork quiet at $17 75@17 87½. Lard—demand fair and market firm; summer 10½c; loose kettle 11⅛@11½c. Bulk meats steady and in moderate demand; shoulders 6¾@6⅞c; clear 9¾@9⅞c. Bacon—demand fair and market firm at 7⅛@7¼@9¾@9⅞@10¼@10⅜c. Whisky—demand fair and market firm at 95c.

Boston Wool Market.

BOSTON, June 20.—The wool transactions of the week are the largest for some time, comprising upwards of 2,500,000 ℔s of foreign and domestic. The sales of domestic are almost exclusively confined to California and superfine, and extra pulled, Kentucky 46@48c; Ohio medium X and XX 55@56c; Michigan fleece 52@54c; Wisconsin fleece 52½c.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, June 20.—Pork firm at $19 00. Bacon—clear rib firm at 10½c. Sugar active and in demand; fair to fully fair 8¼@8¾c; prime 9@9⅛c; others unchanged. The *Price Current* gives the following as the stock on hand: Pork 4,438 bbls; lard 585 tcs, 1,161 kegs; bacon 867 casks; hams, sugar cured, 418 tcs; plain 15 tcs; dry salt meats 236 casks.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, June 20.—Flour and oats quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull and declined; No. 2 white Wabash $1 48; No. 3 do $1 35; No. 1 white Michigan $1 45; amber $1 31½. Corn dull and lower; high mixed cash and seller July 65c; seller August 65½c; seller September 66c; low mixed 64½; no grade 63c.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, June 20.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat—demand fair and market firm; No. 1 Milwaukee $1 27½; No. 2 $1 20¾. Oats dull and lower; No. 2, 45½c. Corn dull and unsettled; No. 2 mixed 60½c. Rye scarce and firm; No. 1, 85½c. Barley dull but unchanged; No. 3, 95c.

Nashville Market.

NASHVILLE, June 20.—Cotton dull at 14¾@15½c. Flour quiet at $5 90@8 65. Wheat steady at $1 25@1 40. Corn steady at 87½@95c. Oats 65@67c. Bulk shoulders 7¼c; sides 10@10¼c. Bacon—shoulders 8¼c; sides 10¾@11c. Whisky —demand fair and market firm at $1 00.

Memphis Market.

MEMPHIS, June 20.—Cotton dull; middling 16¾@17c. Flour dull and nominal. Corn firm at 68@83c. Oats dull at 57c. Provisions quiet and unchanged.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, June 20.—Cotton, flour and grain quiet and unchanged. Pork active at $18 25. Bulkmeats and bacon quiet and unchanged. Whisky 95c.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MONEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMERS.

DATE OF DEPARTURE FROM NEW YORK.

Wyoming	June 23	Liverpool.
Abyssinia	June 24	Liverpool.
Westphalia	June 25	Hamburg.
Pembroke	June 27	Cardiff.
Pereire	June 27	France.
Baltic	June 27	Liverpool.
City of Richmond	June 27	Liverpool.
State of Pennsylvania	June 27	Glasgow.
Great Republic	June 27	China.
Montana	June 30	Liverpool.
Russia	July 1	Liverpool.
FROM PHILADELPHIA.		
Abbotsford	June 25	Liverpool.
FROM BOSTON.		
Siberia	June 27	Liverpool.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Greensboro, Pa.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

GREENSBORO, June 21, 1874.

River stationary, with two feet of water in the channel. Weather clear at 7 P. M.

Brownsville, Pa.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BROWNSVILLE, PA., June 21, 1874.

River stationary, with five feet of water in the channel. Weather clear; thermometer 90 at 6 P. M.

For Additional Dispatches see Fourth page

BARBOUR'S
Non-Explosive Head-Light Oil,
ONLY 25 CENTS PER GALLON.
BARBOUR & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS.
Also, Agents for TESSY'S PATENT REFLECTING LAMP BURNER.
Office No. 1 DUQUESNE WAY.

FLOUR.
Best Brands of Winter and Spring Wheat Flour,
In store and to arrive. For Sale by
D. WALLACE.

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Arrived.

E. Bennett	Donaldson	Geneva.
Elector	Abrams	Geneva.
Wild Duck	Adams	St. Louis.
Rover	Gray	St. Louis.

Departed.

Geneva	M. A. Cox	Geneva.
Elector	Abrams	Geneva.

MONONGAHELA—Three feet eight inches and falling.

Boats Advertised to Depart.

Brownsville and Geneva—Morning boat, 8 A. M.; evening, 4 P. M.

THE marks last evening indicated three feet eight inches and falling fast. The weather was exceedingly warm during the day.

CINCINNATI wharfage collections for the week ending last night amounted to $152 10.

THE towboat Lion is en route for this city with ten empty barges, and the Joseph Walton with eleven.

THE steamers Wild Duck and Esperanza arrived since our last. The latter is announced for a return trip to Cincinnati.

PILOT HENRY MAUHENEY will be stationed at Shawneetown bar to buoy by day and place lights at night to run the channel at that place.

THE fine steamer Andes, Captain Muhleman, takes her departure from Bellair for Cincinnati on the arrival of the 1:28 P. M., train from this city on Tuesday.

A CHILD born on the James D. Parker on her last trip up, has been burdened with the euphonious cognomen of James Parker Wise McIntyre Jacoby. Poor thing!

THIRTY years ago the rivers were very high, and probably on June 17th the water was encroaching upon the second stories of the buildings on the wharf of St. Louis.

THE fine side-wheelers on the slack water are making excellent time both ways. They arrive and depart with great regularity. The travel on this route is steadily increasing.

THE barge of coal sunk by the George Lysle, at Big Sandy, lies in the reach below Sandy, 100 feet from the Ohio shore, opposite Snead's mills, with its stern partly out of water.

THE fine light draught steamer Esperanza, Captain J. P. Dunlevy, is announced for Cincinnati and Louisville on Tuesday. She takes the place of the Juniata. Our clever friend, Captain J. B. Conway, has charge of the office.

THE Memphis *Avalanche* says: Mr. N. M. M. Jones is not a Colonel; in fact, he avers that military titles of all classes always gave him a wide berth. He was never even a Quartermaster, or a Q. M.'s clerk. Plain N. M. Jones is his only rank.

AN American line of screw steamships has just been started between this port and Venezuela by American capitalists. The steamers are American-built, and will be commanded by Americans, and have American crews.

IN SPEAKING of old time boating, the Memphis *Avalanche* says: Those were the good old days of Adam and Eve—whisky five cents a drink, eggs five cents a dozen, and bacon hams five cents a pound; plenty of money and no poor kin-folks.

THE New Albany City Council has resolved to spend $700 on the public wharf. New Albany would have a good thing by knocking off her wharfage rates, but she is too stupid to see it. A live town situated like New Albany could double her population in ten years.

THE Cunard steamers from Boston are now dispatched on alternate Saturdays, and from New York the Saturday sailings will be fortnightly after July 4, instead of weekly, as at present. The Wednesday sailings, however, will be continued regularly until autumn.

MR. HENRY ISMAY, of Ismay & Co., Liverpool, one of the owners of the White Star line, is expected out in the Britanic next month—a bit of intelligence we glean from the *Nautical Gazette*. Mr. Ismay's last visit to America was in 1870, when he made the initial voyage in the Oceanic.

IT is interesting to note the claims put forth by the various transatlatic lines. The White Star says it is the "fastest afloat;" the National boasts of the "largest ships leaving this port;" the French assert that their route is "the most southerly," and the Anchor company, that they have the "largest fleet."

AFTER the Britannic has taken her place in the fleet of the White Star Line, the Oceanic will be withdrawn from the Liverpool service and placed with the Gaelic and Belgic on the London and New York branch, which the White Star Company is about to establish in opposition—it is hinted—to the National Line's London branch.

THE splendid passenger steamer Exchange, Captain S. Shuman, will take her departure for Cincinnati and Louisville on Wednesday, positively. Passengers and shippers can rely on this. Mr. Wm. Harbison will be found in the office. Since her last trip she has undergone thorough and complete repairs, and is just as good as new.

The Sioux City *Journal* of the 16th says: The Nellie Peck was yesterday discharging her Benton freight. The E. H. Durfee commenced taking on freight at Yankton yesterday for points above. The Far West from Fort Buford arrived at Yankton Saturday afternoon. She brought but few passengers. She made the run from Buford to Yankton in four days and five hours. So says Billy Gould, her pilot.

THE Memphis *Register* says: "Marsh Miller, the veteran pilot who guides the White, says the bends below here are full of big and little sawyers. Two new ones are seen at the head of '60,' and a bad one has located itself at the foot of the island, where, our informant says, there is but nine feet of water. Above here there is eight feet at Plum Point, eight and a half at Island 24 and mark twain at Island 16, and they are the shoalest places this side of Cairo."

THE Shreveport *Times* of Monday says: "We have nothing late from above the raft. At last accounts the river was low and falling at Fulton. Above that point navigation had ceased. Small boats could reach Fulton at this time if there were no obstructions in Old river. The United States steamer Sterling is now at work on the raft in the neighborhood of Koun's canal, and will no doubt have it cleaned out in a few days. The Florence and barge are above the jam, waiting for a chance to get out."

THIS week's Ripley *Bee* contains the following: "We learn that one of our citizens has received information from parties up the river proposing to put a new and fast boat between Ripley and Cincinnati. While our citizens patronize liberally the Potomac and Wildwood, and are accommodated somewhat by the Andes, Julia, and Hudson, yet there appears to be a gap that nothing will supply save a daily packet. It has become almost a necessity, and we are informed that the move now made will be carried into effect at once."

DUPLICATES and similarity in the names of steamships are rather too numerous just now, and occasion much annoyance and many mistakes. Both the Cunard and Anchor lines have a vessel called the Scotia, there is a State of Pennsylvania belonging to the State line and a Pennsylvania belonging to the American Steamship Company of Philadelphia. Additionally, there is a City of Paris and a Ville de Paris belonging to two different lines, two Minnesotas, and there will be a Berlin and City of Berlin in a few months. Only those familiar with the names of Atlantic steamers and the lines to which they belong are able to comprehend the repetitions published in newspapers.

IMPORTS BY RAIL AND RIVER.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad.

Littel & Mechlin, 25 bbls spirits, 25 do whisky; Schomaker & Co, 200 bbls flour, 1 car shorts; Elwood & McCracken, 100 bbls flour; T C Jenkins, 200 do; W B Lupton & Co, 1 car roofing slate; W H Graff & Co, 16 bbls beans; J H Rankin, 1 bx h ware; Demmler Bros, 1 do cornice; J Loughbridge, 1 case chairs; S Hare & Sons, 42 pumps, 81 pcs pipe, 42 connections, etc; Montgomery & Chaffey, 1 cad tea; A L Murphy, 10 h rakes; J Klee & Bro, 1 bx d goods; Wm Rigdon & Co, 1 car shingles; Chas Wilson, 1 trunk; Wm Flaccus & Son, 39 g s hides; C F Vallowe, 1 car ice; Henry Rea, Jr, 1 sk d apples; Reymer & Bro, 1 bx; Voigt, Mahood & Co, 7 sks rags, 1 do flax, 2 bbls eggs; Pretzfield Bros, 2 bkts tob; A Martin & Co, 11 e bxs; A McC & Co, 100 bd paper; Central Trading Co, 4 bxs g ware; Braden & P, 57 bxs cheese; Paine, A & T, 81 e oil bbls; Brown & Co, 3 cars f brick; A Kirkpatrick, 10 dozen brooms; J F Hanbury, 1 engine, 1 bdl iron, 2 e shades, 1 pulley, 2 bxs; P Scanlan & Co, 1 car curbstone; Coleman & M, 1 car stone; J P & R H Knox, 1 car d stone; Schomaker & Co, 1 bbl fish; Atwood & McC, 1 bdl valves; S J Heflick, 1 bz hh goods, 1 b s r & s, 2 tables, 3 chairs; Pitts Paper Mfg Co, 1 car b rags; Allen, K & Co, 20 bxs soap; Haworth & D, 25 do, 45 bxs starch; J Wilson & S, 25 do soap; M B Cochran, 2 bxs h ware; E Bourne, 6 sinks; Pgh Book & News Co, 3 cts croquet; Totten & B, 2 filters.

PER ELEVATOR—W G Miller, 3 crs oats; Hitchcock, McC & C, 1 car corn; Marshall, K & Co, 2 cars wheat; Morton, Son & Co, 1 car oats.

ALLEGHENY STATION.—J M Hemphill, 2 cars staves; H Hamilton, L A & Co, 2 cars lumber; Adams & Knox, 131 bags oats; M Simon, 1 car shingles; Beymer, Bauman & Co, 8 sks kegs, 15 large kegs; Mullen, Steen & Co, 1 car lumber; J S Marshall, 4 bbls vinegar; Wm League, 1 car staves; J Slack, 1 lot h h goods; Robinson & Wilson, 1 car lime; John & Thomas Megraw, 2 cars stone; Dunham & Austin, 1 car shingles; Forrest & Alston, 1 car stone; Wm L Burton, 2 do staves; E & C Maginn, 100 bbls flour; Holmes & Co, 2 cars lime; J Huckenstein, 1 do stone; Pgh Tar Chemical Works, 100 bbls coal tar; Smith, M & Co, 8 cars limestone; M Kerr, 16 sks potatoes; D W Huntsman & Co, lot new furniture; K Blair, 5 cars ice; Guy Freeborn & Son, 1 car walnut lumber; Beckfield & Niehause, 3 kegs p barley, 2 bbls o meal, 1 keg cr wheat, 1 bx farina, 16 sks flour; W W Martin, lot h h goods; Jas Reno, 1 car tile and clay.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

J Leisig & Co, 1 car l beer; Mullin & M, 2 do s steel; W H Lippincott, 1 do w boards; Central Ref Co, 2 do e o bbls; D Carson, 1 do lumber; A S Carlisle, 1 do; Schomaker & Co, 1 do flour; J M Walker, 1 do s pipe; J M Irwin, 1 do lumber; Haworth & D, 25 hf bbls fish, 20 qr do; Paine A & F, 40 cases glass, 2-2 bbls do, 5 do; John W Morrison, 12 racks w i s; Lemon & W, 4 bdl b bottoms; Mrs J V Smith, 1 bx h h goods; Fairbanks, M & Co, 9 do scales; S S Marvin & Co, 1 do mdse; C Geichnia, 1 box toys; John Crawford & Co, 1 do iron; Josh Rhodes & Co, 1 bbl ale; H Hammer, 5 bdls wire; Lane Bros, 1 case bolts; Scobie, R & S, 1 c mill; Kuhn & Bro, 7 bxs soap; F Pollard, 3 n s cases; J W Woodwell & Son, 3 bed lounges; B Pflaum, 163 green kips, 1 bdl 1 splits; T F Baily, 1 box hdw; F Pollard, 2 bxs s cases; J P Smith, Son & Co, 2 do hdw; Fawcett & Cooper, 1 do do; L Kasper, 6 bxs soap; H Crawford, 11 do do; Pier, D & Co, 5 e ale bbls; Spencer, M'K & Co, 1 do do; J J Speck & Co, 1 bbl whisky; McCullough & S, 97 sks rags; Flaccus & Son, 2 do h lea, 10 do h scraps; W Brown & Bro, 7 bxs coffee; Haufman, O & Co, 1 bdl dry goods; H Loh & Co, 47 boxes cheese; Van Gorder & S, 4 bbls eggs; J C Buffum & Co, 5 bxs e bottles.

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railroad.

Means, Sweeny & Co, 20 cases tobacco; B H Voskamp, 100 bbls flour; J H Parker, 56 tcs hams, 25 do do, 10 do beef; Martin Heyl, 3 hhds tobacco; Louis Schmidt, 25 hf bbls beer; L C Newsom, 1 car oats; Rea, Hill & Kerr, 50 tcs hams; H Dallmeyer, 10 qr bbls tobacco; Eagle Mills, 23 bales cotton; Gilmore & Co, 80 sks wheat; McHenry & Hood, 70 do do, 85 do oats; F Sellers & Co, 64 tcs hams; G Derr, 15 qr butts tobacco, 2 hf do do; J W Barker, 10 qr do do; Walker, Cooper & Co, 50 tcs hams; Lutz & W, 240 sks malt; C Hoover, 1 car bxs; John Fullerton, 23 qr-butts tobacco; W C Hopper, 1 car walnut lumber; John O'Callahan, 1 car staves; H J McCracken & Bro, 74 sks rags; W H Parke, 10 pails tobacco; Fahnestock, H & S, 70 kegs lead; R T Purnell, 1 car staves; Arbuckle & Co, 56 cads tobacco; G Mark, 24 hf-bbls beer.

Allegheny Valley Railroad.

W J Baughman, 2 cars lime; Star Fire B Co, 1 car clay; Chaut Lake Ice Co, 2 cars ice; W B Nease, 1 car lumber; J Orr, 1 car lumber; Slack & Shoiles, 1 car lumber; F Woelfel, 1 car bark; A Holstein, 1 car bark; Kiefer, Stifle & Co, 1 car lumber; Phillips N & Co, 1 car fire brick; Brown & Co, 3 cars fire brick; Reese, G & Co, 2 cars fire brick; J L Lowry, 32 cars stone; Howard & Son, 6 cars stone; Loomis & Co, 59 bbls lub oil; Shoenberger, Blair & Co, 10 cars lime stone; Kloman & C Bros, 12 cars lime stone.

Cincinnati.

PER STEAMER ESPERANZA—Arbuckles & Co, 100 bxs soap; Allen, Kirkpatrick & Co, 35 do; J C Buffum & Co, 50 bbls marble dust; H W Buffum & Co, 115 do; Birmingham, Watson & Co, 21 bales cotton; John Guester, 23 pkgs furniture; Head, Carson & Co, 30 bbls onions; Jos R Hunter, 350 e bbls, 20 do l oil; J J Howard, 35 bxs soap; T C Jenkins, 100 do; Loomis & C, 50 tons p metal; L & B, 5 bxs tobacco; Lemon & Weise, 13 chairs; Jas Murphy, 5 pkgs; Mitchell & Son, 770 bds hoops; Nimick & Co, 100 tons pig metal; J A Renshaw & Co, 50 bxs soap; Pennock & Sill, 6 bags feathers; owner, 5 doz chairs; Reymer & Bro, 100 bbls d peaches; S Sadler, 3 horses, 1 colt; M Selbert, 1 bbl varnish; Watt, Lang & Co, 25 bxs soap.

Receipts of Blooms, Pig Metal and Ore.

The following are the receipts of pig metal, blooms and ore for the past twenty-four hours:

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY, P. R. R. LESSEE.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	31	Wayne S & I Co, m i	6
Brown & Co, m	1	Jones & L, s i	5
Loomis & C, m	1	Zug & Co, s i	1
Caughey & H, m	3	Laughlin & Co, o	1
P D Nicols, m	1	Palmer & Co, m	1
Total			51

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Sh'berger, B & Co, o	20	Carnegie, K & Co, m	1
Lucy Furnace Co, o	15	Maloney & L, s i	1
McKnight, P. & Co, o	6	Lloyd & Black, m	2
Isabella F'nace Co, o	21		
Total			66

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Phillips, N & Co, m	1	Nimick & Co, b	1
McKnight, D & Co, m	2	J J Lawrence, s i	1
Jno Moorhead, m	1		
Total			6

BY RIVER.

	Tons.		Tons.
Loomis & C, m	50	Nimick & Co. m	100
Owner, m	800		
Total			950

Coal Received by A. V. R. R.

	Cars.
N Y & C G C Co	24

RIVER PACKETS.

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U. S. MAIL LINE.

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STEAMER ELECTOR ... CAPT. R. R. ABRAMS
STEAMER CHIEFTAIN ... CAPT. J. L. HENDRICKS
STEAMER E. BENNETT ... CAPT. P. DONALDSON

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THE STEAMER
ANDES,
CHARLES MUHLEMAN ... Commander.
Will leave as above.

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For Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Ironton, Portsmouth and Cincinnati.

EVERY FRIDAY—3 P. M.

THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER
GRANITE STATE,
W. H. KERR ... Commander.
E. F. MADDY ... Clerk.
Will leave as announced above.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

LOUISVILLE.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.
WEDNESDAY, June 24—4 P. M.
THE FINE STEAMER
EXCHANGE,
S. SHUMAN ... Commander
WM. HARBISON ... Clerk
Will leave as announced above.
Giving through receipts to Evansville, Nashville, Cairo, St. Louis, Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to
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For Cincinnati and Louisville.
TUESDAY, June 23—4 P. M., POSITIVELY.
THE LIGHT-DRAUGHT STEAMER
ESPERANZA,
JOS. P. DUNLEVY ... Commander
J. B. CONWAY ... Clerk.
Will leave as announced above.
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Sporting and Mining Powder.
I am now prepared to supply this very superior Powder to Sportsmen, Furnacemen, Contractors and Dealers by KEG OR CAR LOAD, AT LOW PRICES.
SAFETY FUSE constantly on hand.
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MANUFACTURERS OF
Planished, Common, Charcoal and Juniata Sheet Iron.
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CITY MATTERS.

Louisiana Relief Fund.

We acknowledge the receipt of the following in aid of the sufferers by the late Mississippi floods:

A lady	$ 5 00
Mrs. Bawders	10 00
First English Lutheran church, Rev. S. Laird, pastor	101 20
J. F. Slagle	5 00
Cash	10 00
First Presbyterian Church, Pittsburgh, Rev. S. F. Scovel, pastor	200 00

Rev. John McMaster, D.D.

A telegraphic dispatch was received yesterday by Gilbert McMaster, Esq., from Princeton, Indiana, stating that his father Rev. John McMaster, D.D., of the place named, and well-known in this city was lying dangerously ill. The son started to Princeton immediately.

The Oakland Passenger Railway.

The managers of the Oakland Passenger Railway expect to have the road open through to East Liberty by the Fourth of July. A temporary track will be laid over Soho and the splendid new cars, some of which are open ones, will be put on and run every seven minutes. A big summer's business may be expected on this line.

Allegheny City Printing.

On Saturday evening the Printing Committee of Allegheny Councils met to open bids for the extra printing provided for by the Wallace bill. The committee decided to give what printing has already accumulated, equally to the two bidders, Ogden & Vance, and Stevenson & Foster, and to award the contract subsequently.

Sent to the Workhouse.

The two suspicious characters, Wilson and Tiernan, arrested on Friday evening by officer McGovern, were, on Saturday, sent to the Workhouse by Mayor Blackmore for thirty days. These are two of the four arrested at the Central Hotel for questionable practices, and discharged "on certificate of character," by Alderman McMasters. The men are undoubtedly thieves.

The Appraisership of the Port.

It is understood that Captain Wm. M. Dalgleish, United States Appraiser of Merchandise at this port, is to resign the position, and that Mr. Geo. B. Chalmers, a member of Select Council and Chairman of the Water Committee, will be named for the position. It is also understood that Captain Dalgleish will be tendered a clerkship in the postoffice under Col. Negley.

College Announcements.

Dr. Pershing, of the Pittsburgh Female College; makes the following announcements:

On Monday the mathematical examination of the senior middle class, conducted by gentlemen outside of the College will take place; on Monday afternoon at three o'clock, the annual address to the graduates will be delivered by the Rev. Dr. Watkins; Tuesday and Wednesday, examinations; Tuesday evening the reading contest for the Mrs. Margaret Davidson prize; on Thursday evening, the essays of the graduates will be read, diplomas and degrees will be delivered to the graduates and an address will be made by Rev. Dr. Horner.

Mt. Albion School District Teachers.

The school directors of the Mt. Albion sub-district, Eighteenth ward, have re-elected for the ensuing year, the teachers heretofore employed, as follows: Principal, Miss Sue B. Nichol; Grammar Department, Miss Sue H. Blair; Primary Department, Miss Jennie Martin and Miss Annie McCague.

This is a merited compliment, the teachers having all performed their duties satisfactorily and well. Miss Nichol was the first lady principal employed in the city and has occupied the position for four years. She has been very successful, her ability as a teacher and manager deserves commendation.

A Four Hundred Dollar Robbery.

Mayor Blackmore on Saturday, after a hearing committed Wm. D. Wagner to jail to await trial for the larceny of $400 from Wm. Yates. The parties left Connellsville on Friday morning, and occupied the same seats in the car. When Yates reached the depot in this city, Wagner proposed a walk "up town," and on the way he took possession of Yates' pocket book. Later in the evening he attempted to induce Yates to go through an alley, and, failing in that, tried to snatch his satchel from him. Wagner disappeared and was subsequently seen near the Monongahela House, when Yates sent out a warrant and had him arrested.

"Spontaneous Combustion."

About eleven o'clock yesterday morning smoke was observed issuing from the iron frame in front of a second story window of the Germania Savings bank corner of Wood street and Diamond alley. Word was sent to the Mayor's office and officer Jno. Herron visited the place. There was no watchman to be found and entrance to the building could not be obtained. There appeared to be no occasion for the sounding of an alarm and Officer Herron visited the Seventh avenue House, and Truck Company "A" with their apparatus went down and put up a ladder. It was found that some old rags used by the painters had caught fire and that some of the ashes had blown into the room. No damage was done.

The Democratic Primaries.

The Democratic primary elections on Saturday evening passed off quietly so far as reported, and the returns thus far received are not very full. It is stated that there were several precincts in which no election was held at all. There will be eleven conventions held, and the meeting places announced are Municipal Hall, Court House, Allegheny City Hall, Ralston School House, and Salisbury Hall, South Side. The County and Congressional Conventions will meet to-morrow morning, and the others on Wednesday morning. Of these eleven conventions, one is to nominate candidates for all county offices and two Congressional candidates, the others, Senatorial and Legislative, to be separate.

The Point Bridge Project.

A meeting of the citizens of the Thirty-sixth ward and vicinity was held on Friday evening in Odd Fellows Hall, Temperanceville, to consider matters in the interests of the point bridge project. Rev. E. R. Doneho presided, and Thomas Ralph acted as Secretary. Addresses were made by Dr. Wood, David Robinson and others, in advocacy of the project as a necessity for the South Side as well as a matter of simple justice from the Councils of Pittsburgh. The plea set up by the opponents of the bridge, that the city is already greatly over taxed, was answered by the statement that as the South Side did not form a part of the city when the debt which now is so oppressive was contracted, it is neither just nor honorable that the pledges made at the time of consolidation should be violated on such unfair grounds as those above alleged.

After the adoption of a motion to approve the course of the representatives in Councils from the South Side who manifested their interest in this measure, the meeting adjourned.

Ortwein's Case.

It is stated that the counsel for Ortwein will carry the case to the Supreme Court, on a writ of error. The error alleged is in the refusal of Judge Stowe to charge the jury that if they had a reasonable doubt of the prisoner's sanity, they must acquit. It is also said that if they fail in the getting of a new trial, they will apply for his return to Germany, under a recent treaty with that country, in which German citizens convicted of crime in this country may be sent home for punishment. It is not at all probable that Ortwein will be returned under this treaty. In Wurtemberg, where he lived, capital punishment has been abolished, so he could only be imprisoned for life, and it would be a lucky thing for him if he could escape in that way. It is understood, however, that the State authorities must consent to the transfer before a native of Germany, convicted in this country, can be sent back to that country for punishment. It is not at all probable that Governor Hartranft will suffer Ortwein to escape in that way.

South Side Water Works.

On Saturday the sub-committee of the Water Committee, appointed under the ordinance to consolidate the South Side Water Works with the Water Works Extension, paid a visit of inspection to the works on the South Side. The committee consisted of Chairman Aull and Messrs. Harrison and Cunningham. They found that the total length of water pipe laid is seventeen miles: the aggregate pumping capacity is 7,000,000 gallons, and the average daily consumption last year was 2,238,000 gallons.

The valuation put upon the works is $850,000, but the committee think the actual value is about represented by the following figures:

Pipe	$300,000
Ground	75,000
Buildings	50,000
Engines	100,000
Reservoir	25,000
Total	$550,000

The report of the committee will be presented at the next meeting of Councils.

Police Committee Meeting.

The Police Committee of Councils assembled on Saturday evening, and the sub-committee, consisting of Messrs. G. L. Braun and J. T. Galvin, presented their report, the chief points of which we have heretofore published.

The question of reducing the force of lamp washers had occupied the attention of the sub-committee, and they recommended that the force be cut down, or that the washing be let by contract. A resolution, offered by Mr. O'Neil, was adopted, to the effect that the number of districts be reduced from the present number—ten—to five, the men to receive sixty dollars each per month, instead of fifty, for doing the other five men's work.

The following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the team of the Black Maria be sold, and that the contract be let out to the lowest and best bidder, to supply a team and driver for the same, and keep it in repair.

A resolution for reducing the police force twenty-five men was adopted, and another, offered by Mr. Chalmers, recommending that the twenty-five men be taken from the day patrol.

The following, offered by Mr. Thompson, was adopted:

Resolved, That the Clerk be requested to furnish a list of the policemen now on the force, showing those who have been confirmed by the Police Committee and those who have not been.

The ordinances to be submitted to Councils were read, and the committee adjourned.

Printing Committee Meeting.

The Council Committee on Printing met in Clerk Morrow's office on Saturday afternoon, Mr. Fox presiding.

The first business brought up for consideration was the providing of ordinance files for each member of Councils, in accordance with a resolution passed by Councils on June the 8th. Three different samples of files were presented from Stevenson & Foster, the first at thirty-seven, the second at fifty, and the third at a dollar and fifty cents apiece. Considerable discussion ensued, the committee being unanimously in favor of procuring them at the lowest possible figures. Thirty-seven cents they thought was too much. It was decided at length on motion of Mr. Foley, to hold the matter over until another meeting.

On motion of Mr. Foley, the following resolution was passed:

Resolved, That the city attorney be directed to draw an ordinance to cover section 6 of the Wallace bill so far as it effects the Committee on Printing.

Some bills were presented and approved, and the bill of the *Evening Star* for $85 for printing the report of the City Hall Commission in 1871, was presented, but the committee refused to accept it.

On motion of Mr. Seibert, the clerk was directed to advertise for proposals for printing bills of councils, up till 3 P. M. of Saturday, 27th inst.

A motion was also passed directing the chairman and clerk to examine and report to the committee what the present printing contract covers.

The committee then adjourned.

THE WOMAN'S TEMPERANCE UNION.

Meeting to Arrange for the Convention—A Question Raised About the Secretary.

The State Temperance Convention called by the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of this city, will be held here on Wednesday and Thursday next. On Saturday afternoon, a meeting of the Union was held for the purpose of making arrangements for the Convention. A considerable portion of the time was taken up, however, in discussing the Secretary and her salary. It being reported from the Treasurer that there was less than $100 in the treasury, the propriety of paying or promising to pay the Secretary a monthly stipend was questioned. Some held that the position should not be a salaried one, as it did not appear that the association was able to pay. Others thought that as a stated salary had been agreed upon the promise of the Union should be carried out. Mrs. Vanhorn championed Mrs. Hill, the Secretary and insisted upon faith being kept with her. Mrs. Hill said she had been devoting her whole time to the affairs of the union, and could not afford to do it for nothing.

After the discussion had continued for some time, a gentleman arose and said that he thought the real trouble was that many were dissatisfied with the Secretary, and it might be well for her to resign. At this Mrs. Hill again took the floor, and appeared much affected. She had received forty-five votes against fifteen, and she would not resign without time to consider. The term of the Secretary was then discussed, and at a late hour the meeting adjourned, without having accomplished much.

It is understood that the convention will be held in Library Hall. The principal topics of discussion are first "Woman's Work in Social Reform," introduced by Mrs. Mary Bynon Reese, of Alliance; second, "The right and Expediency of Prohibition," introduced by Dr. E. E. Swift, of Allegheny; third, "History of the Temperance Reform," introduced by Rev. Mr. Black, of Lancaster; fourth, "The Effect of Prayer in National Reform."

Communications have been received from Gettysburg, Philadelphia, Altoona, Harrisburg, Oil City, and other places, stating that representatives will be present from these localities.

HYDROPHOBIA.

Profuse Perspiration a Sure Remedy.

Dr. Buissòr, a celebrated French physician, has been very successful in the cure of hydrophobia, by the simple application of hot vapor baths. His remedy virtually consists in driving out the poison from the system, or at least rendering it inoperative by forcing the sufferer into a profuse perspiration. He therefore directs that when a person has been bitten by a mad dog he should, for seven consecutive days, take a vapor bath of 134 degrees to 144 degrees Fahr. This he designates the *preventive* remedy. When this has not been done and the disease declares itself, Dr. Buisson states that it will be sufficient to counteract the effects of the disease to take one vapor bath, in which the temperature is made to rise rapidly to 98 degrees Fahrenheit, and then slowly to 127 degrees Fahrenheit, the patient keeping his room till the cure is complete. As to the vapor bath, the simplest is as efficacious as the most elaborate. A few red-hot bricks placed in a pail of water, over which the patient sits in a cane-bottomed chair, a large blanket covering him in from his shoulders to the floor, will answer perfectly.

Dr. Buisson's remedy resulted from his own experience, he having got upon an abrased finger some of the poisoned saliva from a female patient in the last stages of the rabies. He not only cured himself after every symptom had been developed, but he has since treated with this remedy eighty distinct cases without losing a single patient. In his elaborate essay on the subject, in the *Salut Publique*, he refers particularly to each of the cases coming under his care and cured by him.

We simply suggest that this alleged remedy for one of the most terrible of all diseases should be tried, for it involves no risk, no expense, and has for its foundation a substratum of known truth. For instance, it is well established that violent exercise and profuse perspiration enables the constitution to throw off the effects of poisons, many instances being recorded of fever patients and others suffering from malarial poisons being cured by their violent struggles during delirium.

SUNDAY SCHOOL INSTITUTE.

Normal Class Exercises.

The twelfth and closing session of the Normal Class of Sunday School Managers will be held on Tuesday evening next in the Liberty street M. E. church. The exercises will commence at a quarter of eight o'clock, precisely, and will embrace the following interesting features:

Opening Devotions, conducted by James T. Kincaid, Esq.

"Agriculture of the Orientals," by Robert T. Miller, pastor of the Liberty street M. E. church, Pittsburgh.

"Commerce and Manufactures of the Orientals," by Wm. J. Jackson, Esq.

"Weddings of the Ancients," by Miss Barbara M. Sutch.

"Funerals of the Ancients," by Miss Mary Hunnings.

Original Poem—"The Sunday School Work," by Col. Richard Realf, of the Pittsburgh COMMERCIAL.

"How to Develope the Spirit of Benevolence," by Rev. E. R. Donahoo, of the Temperanceville Presbyterian church.

Benediction, by Rev. Wm. H. Kincaid, of Allegheny city.

The choral services for this occasion have been prepared with great care and special adaptation to this meeting, under the direction of Professor Robert W. McCutcheon and Mrs. Sidney Omehundro, organist. This Sunday School gathering promises to be one of the largest and most profitable held in this city for a long time, and an earnest and cordial invitation to be present, is extended to the religious public.

THE McGINNISS ESTATE.

The Will Contested—It is Alleged to be a Fraudulent Instrument.

Eleanor McGinniss, widow, John C. McGinniss, Wm. R. McGinniss, Harriet Hurd, Sarah A. Haymaker, Adaline McLaughlin, Priscilla McGinniss, and Agnes Haymaker, filed a caveat on Saturday, in the Register's office against the probate of the will of John McGinniss, of Patton township. The will is witnessed by H. H. McCormick, Josiah W. Ellis and Jos. Forsyth, and the grounds for protesting against its probate are set forth as follows:

First. The said pretended last will and testament, or instrument in writing, is not the last will and testament of the said John McGinniss; second, the said pretended testamentary writing or last will and testament is fraudulent and void; third, the said John McGinniss at the time of the alleged making of said pretended will and testament, and prior to the date thereof, was not of sound and disposing mind and memory, and had not testamentary capacity, and was wholly incompetent to make a will and testament, and did not in fact make the said pretended will and testament. The Register will fix an early date for a hearing.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Common Pleas—Judges Sterrett and Collier.

In the case of Brown & Elsworth vs. Elizabeth Hatch et al. John O. Petty was appointed Commissioner to tax costs in the case.

Mrs. E. M. House filed a petition for the benefits of the act securing to women their separate earnings.

In the matter of the assignment of the Security Trust Company to George A. Berry, Esq., the assignee presented a partial account, showing the claims probated to be $254,053 27, and those not probated $33,390 74. He reported that the balance on hand will afford a twenty per cent. dividend on all claims. The Court approved the report *nisi*, and directed the assignee to make such a dividend of the amount named.

William Green filed a petition for the appointment of a commissioner to take charge of the estate of John Green, an habitual drunkard. The petition was granted and Christian Mazen appointed commissioner.

In the matter of the application of the Church of Redemption of East Liberty for a charter of incorporation, the hearing was continued.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Stowe.

Frederick Pilgrim plead *nolo contendere* to the charge of selling liquor on Sunday.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. Richard Feever, charged with abandonment on oath of his wife, was settled.

Commonwealth vs. John L. Boyd; charge assault and battery. *Nolle prosequi* allowed on payment of costs.

Catherine Hopkins, charged with surety of the peace, was discharged on paying the costs.

Thomas Grafton plead *nolo contendere* to the charge of illegal liquor selling.

Michael A. McCullough plead *nolo contendere* on charge of selling liquor to minors. Sentence suspended. Same defendant pleads *nolo contendere* on another charge of illegal liquor selling, and was fined fifty dollars and costs, and in default, sentenced to the county jail for thirty days.

Christy Bradford, charged with rescuing a prisoner. *Nolle prosequi* allowed on payment of costs by defendant.

SENTENCES.

Thomas Pilgrim, for selling liquor illegally, was directed to pay $50 and costs.

John Noch, convicted of assault and battery, was let off with a fine of $1 and costs.

Daniel McBride, for selling liquor on Sunday, convicted on two charges, was sentenced to pay a fine of $50 costs in each case, or thirty days in jail on each.

John Henry Clay, for the larceny of a box of boots from a freight car, was sentenced to pay a fine of six cents, costs of prosecution and undergo three months imprisonment in the Workhouse.

John Morrison, for the larceny of a coat, was sentenced to nine months in the Workhouse, and a fine of one dollar and costs.

Michael McCullough, of the borough of Elizabeth, convicted of illegal liquor selling, was directed to pay a fine of $50 and costs of prosecution.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

Commonwealth vs. Joseph Cain et al. (two cases); J. F. Moran; William Shadwick; Winfield Maxwell et al.; James Haney et al.; James Morris; Andrew Johnston; William Smith; John Crail et al. (seven cases); Jacob Zwanziger; John Kiskadden; William Spence; Frank Marshall; John Brown; Henry Buchanan et al; James Morris; Thos. Cooke.

Come to Grief.

It will be remembered that, on Thursday morning, officer Cowell, of the Allegheny police, found a ladder against a house on Union avenue, and on investigating found two men who seemed to be taking an illegal interest in the premises. One of these men, Webb, the officer succeeded in arresting, with the result heretofore mentioned; but while he was marching the prisoner away, the other man fired two shots at the officer, after which he escaped. Cowell, however, saw enough of his assailant to enable him to describe him. He made information against the man for felonious assault, and on Saturday officers Atkinson and Wier arrested the accused at a house on Irwin avenue. The prisoner gave his name as John Barry. He denied all knowledge of the shooting, and said that although he saw Webb on the evening of the attempted robbery, he himself went to bed at a little after eleven o'clock, and was not out again during the night. Officer Cowell, however, visited Barry in the lock-up, and identified him as the man who did the shooting. An additional information was also made against Barry for entering a house with felonious intent. Hearings were had, and the accused was held for court in $1,000 bail on each charge.

Accident.

On Saturday afternoon a young man named Sill, met with a painful accident in Allegheny. His father was working on the roof of a building on Juniata street, near Beaver avenue, and young Sill mounted the roof to carry some water to his father. His foot slipped as he stepped upon the roof and he fell to the ground, breaking one of his arms. He received medical attention and was conveyed to his home.

CITY FINANCES.

Meeting of the Committee—The South Side Separate Indebtedness—Six per cent. Gold Bonds to be Recommended—Ward Tax Collectors and Their Bonds.

The Finance Committee of Pittsburgh Councils held a regular meeting on Saturday afternoon in the Controller's office, Mr. McCune in the chair.

The question of preparing for the liquidation of the separate indebtedness of the south side districts was discussed at length, two proposed ordinances relating thereto having been referred to the committee by Councils. The indebtedness consists generally of street improvement and market house bonds, and the rate of interest they call for is, in most cases, eight per cent. Some of these bonds have already matured, and it is necessary for Councils to provide for them. After discussion it was decided to recommend to Councils that six per cent. gold bearing bond be issued for the purpose named, in sums of $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000.

WARD COLLECTORS BONDS.

The Controller presented for approval the bonds of a number of persons appointed as collectors of personal and delinquent taxes, and after discussion the following resolution was adopted.

Resolved, That the bonds presented be approved, upon an affidavit being filed by one or all of the bondsmen on each bond, that the sureties to such bonds are worth the penalty thereof over and above all liabilities.

As a matter of interest to the public just now we publish the list of collectors so far as reported.

First ward—David Campbell.
Third ward—John Ochse.
Fourth ward—Samuel Hagar.
Fifth ward—W. McCauley.
Eighth ward—Alex. Seanor.
Ninth and Tenth wards—David Beck.
Fourteenth ward—G. H. Raushauser.
Seventeenth ward—Joseph Mitchell.
Eighteenth ward—C. R. Leonhauser.
Twenty-second ward—A. Whittaker.
Twenty-fourth ward—Mark Donnelly.
Twenty-fifth ward—Mark Burk.
Twenty-sixth ward—J. N. Jarrett.
Twenty-seventh ward—Phillip Dumell.
Twenty-eighth ward—Daniel Wenke.
Twenty-ninth ward—Ernest G. Krehan.

The committee transacted some other business relating to bills, &c., and adjourned.

THE WRECK NEAR WILMORE.

Particulars of the Death of Engineer Gray—Critical Condition of the Fireman.

The Altoona *Tribune*, of Saturday, contains the following account of the late accident near Wilmore, on the Pennsylvania Railroad: At about noon of yesterday a sad accident occurred at a point on the railroad known as Flynn's Curve, a short distance east of Wilmore station, which resulted in the death of an engineer named John Gray, whose home is at Conemaugh, and probably fatally injured the fireman named Keys Pringle, who reside in this city. The train wrecked was the local freight westward bound, the accident being caused by the locomotive striking a cow, which had the effect of throwing the train off the track at a point where there is a steep declivity of some thirty or forty feet. Down into this yawning abyss the locomotive plunged carrying with it a number of the cars attached to the train, crushing out the life of the engineer as stated, and pinning the fireman to the bed of rocks below.

As soon as assistance could be obtained from this city and elsewhere, the work of searching for the body of Pringle was commenced, it not being known at the time whether he was dead or alive. After a prolonged effort he was removed from among the debris, yet he was found to be bruised, battered and bleeding on every side. He was removed to the company's station house, at Wilmore, where he is still lying in very critical condition and receiving the best possible medical skill.

The dead body of engineer Gray, which was shockingly mangled, was promptly cared for preparatory to its shipment to Conemaugh, where the unfortunate man leaves a wife and family to mourn over the terrible bereavement so unexpectedly visited upon them—the loss of a husband and father. Pringle, we believe is unmarried.

By the accident a number of cars were demolished, possibly fifteen or twenty, and the locomotive was badly used up. Travel was impeded for several hours ere the wreckers succeeded in removing the obstructions from the track.

BERKELEY SPRINGS.

A Delightful Summer Resort.

Mr. A. R. Potts, the gentlemanly proprietor of the Berkeley Spring Hotel and Baths, has opened for the season, and asks the patronage of the public. The hotel is situated in Morgan county, West Virginia, two and a half miles from Sir John's Run station, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, two hundred miles east of Pittsburgh. It is surrounded by a beautiful grove containing the springs, which was originally the property of Lord Fairfax, who made a gift of them to the Commonwealth of Virginia, which placed them in the hands of trustees to be improved and managed for the public benefit. These springs are situated in a high and healthy mountain district—and is widely known as the most healthful, charming and popular summer resort in Virginia. In addition to their present celebrity, these springs have a history intimately connected with the great names and events of the early days of the Republic—near this place the ill-fated army of Braddock passed when marching to its doom in 1775. Gen. George Washington, Charles Carroll of Carrollton, General Horatio Gates, and a number of other distinguished men purchased lots here and built cottages, to which they resorted with their families, both during and after the revolution.

The "Trustees of the Bath Square" have had the baths and swimming pools thoroughly repaired, improved and relined with white marble. The baths are unrivalled—including every variety, spout, shower, plunge and swimming pools for ladies, children and gentleman; natural temperature 74° Fah., and are a specific for rheumatism, paralysis, gout, dyspepsia, nervousness, general debility, and improving to the complexion. In addition to the Berkeley Mineral Springs there are found in close proximity, two strong chalybeate and a sulphur spring.

The reader is referred to the advertisement in another column.

MASONIC.

Celebration of St. John's Day at Wellsville, Ohio.

Preparations on an extensive scale are being made by the Masonic fraternity at Wellsville, Ohio, for the celebration of St. John's day, which takes place there on Wednesday next. The fraternity will be largely represented from Pittsburgh, Allegheny, Steubenville, Alliance, and most of the cities and towns within a radius of one hundred miles.

The *Union*, of Wellsville, gives the following particulars of

THE ARRANGEMENTS.

On the arrival of the special train from Alliance, at 11:15 A. M. the members of the Blue lodge will assemble in the Odd Fellows' hall, the Knights Templar in Masonic hall, and the officers of the Grand lodge in the room under the Odd Fellows' hall.

The procession will be formed promptly at 12 o'clock M., in the following order: The members of the Blue lodges form on Main street, right resting on Fourth. The officers of the Grand Lodge will form on Main street, immediately in the rear of the Master Masons. The Knights Templar will form on Third street, right resting on Main. The carriages containing the orator, chaplain and other members of the order will form in the rear of the Sir Knights.

After the route of procession shall have been gone over, the following exercises will take place at Hammond's Grove:

1, Music; 2, Prayer by Rev. Sir Knight John Long; 3, Music; 4, Introduction and response of the Grand and Past Grand officers; 5, Music; 6, Oration by Rev. Sir Knight W. B. Watkins; 7, Music; 8, Refreshments.

FIRE.

Dwelling on the South Side Partially Burned.

On Saturday evening at about half-past ten o'clock the fire department was called to box 152, corner of Jane and Twenty-third streets. The occasion of the alarm was the discovery of flames issuing from a double frame house situated on the hill side at the head of Twenty-fourth street and owned by a widow lady named Bebee, now absent from the city. The situation of the property rendered it extremely difficult for the firemen to work upon it, and some eleven hundred feet of hose was found necessary to reach it. Before the flames were put out about half the building had been destroyed, together with a considerable amount of furniture, which would have been all burned, no doubt, had it not been for the family who occupied the one portion of the building. The loss will probably reach $800. The house was worth about $1,500. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Allegheny Park Disturbers.

For some time past complaints have been made of the disorderly behavior of a large class of young men who frequent the Allegheny parks in the evening. They have been in the habit, particularly on Sunday evenings, of making themselves very obnoxious to the respectable people in the parks, more especially the ladies. A week ago last evening they were noticeably active in their boldness, jostling against the ladies, addressing offensive remarks to them, marching, six or eight abreast, along the walks, to they discomfiture of everybody else, &c. Last evening fifteen members of the police were detailed for special duty in the parks, with instructions to "bring in" all who were found acting in this disorderly manner. Before the police had left the office, after receiving their instructions, officer Meneely of the park police, came in, having under arrest two youths whom he charged with behaving in the style objected to. They had been jostling against the ladies, he said, tipping their hats to strange ladies and making themselves generally unplesant. They gave their names as Charles Neely and Joseph Snagle. A friend who accompanied the prisoners, deposited thirty dollars for their appearance this morning for a hearing.

Washington District Teachers Elected.

At a meeting of the directors of Washington School District (Seventeenth ward), held on Saturday evening, teachers were elected for the ensuing year. Under recent action of the Central Board of Education, the district has been divided and two separate schools established. Professor T. Jeff. Duncan, who has so efficiently managed the schools for the past two years, some time since offered his resignation, which was accepted with reluctance. The following corps of teachers was chosen:

Fortieth street Division—Principal, J. W. Walker; Grammar, Lena Mulhattan, N. D. Black, E. H. Connelly; Medium, N. T. Kaufman, M. Graham, J. O. Lindsey; Primary, M. Mitchell, M. Craig, E. Hill, L. McFall, S. Burt, E. DeKnight.

Hatfield Division—Principal, M. B. Burt; Grammar, A. DeKnight; Medium, M. Kelley, M. Evans; Primary, M. Hughes, M. McGinnis, E. Pearson.

Death of a Printer.

It is with feelings of sincere regret that we this morning announce the death of Mr. Peter Crispin, a well known and universally respected printer. His disease was hepatitis, an affection of the liver, of which he died at the West Pennsylvania Hospital yesterday morning, about nine o'clock. Mr. C. was something over fifty years of age, originally from Butler county, and a bachelor. He was an excellent mechanic, a great reader, and a quiet, unobtrusive gentleman, enjoying the entire confidence and respect of all who knew him. Latterly he had not been able to work regularly, but for several years, when his health permitted, he was employed at the book and job office of Mr. James McMillin. The funeral will take place from the Hospital, this morning at 10 o'clock.

SATURDAY'S RACES AT M'KEE'S ROCKS.

Large Attendance and a Fine Day—Three Lively Trots—Fast Time Made—"Stewart Maloney," "East End" and "Philadelphia Boy" the Winners.

The Summer Meeting of the Pittsburgh Driving Park came to a close Saturday afternoon last at McKee's Rocks Race Course. The day was all that could be desired. The attendance was very large, but hardly sufficient to justify the very liberal arrangements and large premiums offered by the manager of the Park.

The first event of the day was a trot of horses that had never beaten 2:30. The entries were "Shawan," "Minerva," "Slow Go," "Lady Alice," "Eva" and "Stewart Maloney," for a purse of $1,250, mile heats, best three in five, to harness. The race was very exciting, and proved exceedingly interesting, although won by "Stewart Maloney" in three straight heats. The fastest time made was 2:31¼, in the first and third heats.

The following is the summary:

M. Goodin, Philadelphia, names b. g. "Stewart Maloney"	1	1	1
E. A. Lytle, Pittsburgh, names r. g. "Slow Go"	2	4	3
S. T. Bane, Cleveland, names b. m. "Lady Alice"	5	3	2
W. H. Delaney, Mansfield, names b. g. "Shawan"	4	2	5
J. C. Johnston, Washington, D. C., names b. m. "Minerva"	3	5	4

Time—2:31¼, 2:32, 2:31¼.

In addition to the above race the managers of the Park offered a special purse of $300 for 2:40 horses. There were three entries for this race "East End," "Silver Maid" and "Blonde." "East End" took the race in three straight heats; the fastest time being 2:41¼.

The match between "Hermit" and "Philadelphia Boy" was also trotted for a purse of $400. The "Philadelphia Boy" was the favorite before the race, and sold in pools at $20 00 to $12 00; the odds after the first heat being changed to $25 to $16. The match was trotted, best two in three to harness, and was won by "Philadelphia Boy" in the first two heats.

Considerable money changed hands on the issue of the first trot, "Slow-Go's" friends backing him largely even after "Maloney" had taken the first heat, as his "staying" qualities were considered good.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

The first two nights of the week at the Opera House, and a Tuesday matinee in addition, will be devoted to a practical exposure of so-called spiritual manifestations. Whatever wonders in the way of seemingly miraculous overturning of natural laws have been, by professed mediums, ascribed to the intervention of spirits, are to be duplicated by Prof. S. S. Baldwin under the plain name of trickery. It is in this sense that the exhibition is "spiritualism exposed." The professor may not be expected to explain to the audience the secrets of his profession, and it is neither fair to him or the public to say that he will do so. He is a business man, depending upon his exhibitions for a livelihood, and it would not be flattering to his shrewdness to say that he will cheapen his entertainments and detract from their mystery by giving an insight into the secrets of the cabinet. So it is safe to say that he will do no such things.

This much, however, he will do. He will perform the most difficult and marvelous feats which self-styled mediums show in public, perform them with less possibility of detection than they, and will publicly disclaim any supernatural power in the matter. It must be evident that such an exhibition is fully as interesting, and much more satisfactory, than any given under the assumed direction of invisible agents; the spectator knows he is deceived in both instances, but in the former he is sure that he is not humbugged by lies.

We are abundantly satisfied that Prof. Baldwin can do all we have specified and all his advertisement claims for him, having had the pleasure of attending a private exhibition given by him in the Opera House Saturday morning. By his invitation, some two dozen ladies and gentlemen, the latter being of the pulpit and press, met at eleven o'clock to witness a specimen of the tricks which he will exhibit this evening and to-morrow. On the stage was the cabinet, which is simply a cupboard six by four feet, with three closed sides and folding doors for the fourth. A committee of four, nominated by the audience, took seats near the cabinet to watch the proceedings. The Professor and a male assistant were first tied by the committee hand and foot to their chairs inside the cabinet. The doors were then closed, and in the fraction of a second bells rang, tambourines jingled and free hands appeared at the little window. While yet these noises continued, the doors were suddenly opened and the occupants discovered bound as before. The bells and musical instruments which had been on a shelf, were found strewn in confusion about the floor. He and his assistant released themselves from the bonds which held them, and subsequently re-bound themselves much more securely than the committee had done it. The professor then removed his own coat and substituted that of one of the committee. The latter garment was sewed together at the front and at the sleeves, while on the Professor; then the doors were closed, and, in a little more than one minute, the coat came flying through the window, with not a stitch removed. This would seem to be a physical impossibility even if the wearer had the free use of all his limbs. The knots which held him were all this while sealed with wax and stamped with a private monogram.

But we forbear. The rest and much more startling things may be seen at the Opera House to-night. There can be no doubt of the interest which the exhibition will awaken. We hope to see many of our best citizens present.

Library Hall.

This evening, as already announced, the Great Western Band will give their first grand instrumental concert, and appear for the first time in their rich new uniforms, which have just been received. An excellent programme will be furnished, and all who have heard the band play will need no assurance that every number will be finely rendered. The band is one of the best in the country, and deserves every encouragement at the hands of Pittsburghers.

Corner Stone Laying.

According to announcement, the corner stone of the new Catholic church at Dunbar Furnace, above Connellsville, was laid with appropriate services yesterday afternoon. The attendance was very large, the Pittsburgh delegation being very extensive, and many people being present from the vicinity of Dunbar. Quite a number of societies went from Pittsburgh, comprising representatives of all the Catholic churches here, and the St. Cecelia Band accompanied the delegation. Bishop Domenec preached the sermon on the occasion, and subsequently laid the corner stone, assisted by Revs. Staub, Cassiday, Ryan, Kearney and Remmelfanger, of Pittsburgh, Rev. Brady, of Connelisville, and Rev. Watters, the pastor of the Dunbar church. The services throughout were very impressive.

Collision Between Coal Trains.

A collision occurred on Saturday morning between coal trains on the Castle Shannon Railroad, resulting in the serious damage of the locomotives and injury of both engineers. It appears that the train of loaded coal cars was passing through the tunnel at the time stated, and a train of empty cars entered at the opposite side a few minutes ahead of time. The collision took place about midway in the tunnel. The engineers of both trains, Diley and Janison, by name, made narrow escapes from instant death. As it was, their legs were caught in the wreck, and were severely injured.

The Sculling Championship.

On Wednesday next the sculling race for the championship takes place on the Hudson river near Peekskill between our townsman Wm. Scharff and James Ten Eyck. Scharff will row the boat built here for the special purpose and named James A. Chambers after Mr. Chambers, the well known glass man and member of the Pittsburgh Fire Commission.

Resulted Fatally.

Mr. John Vogt, who, as will be remembered, was thrown from his wagon in Allegheny on Thursday last, died on Saturday from the injuries then received.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

THE open sided cars are popular on the passenger railways.

THE fireman have been provided with a hand some summer cap.

THE school teachers will soon be hieing away for needed recreation.

THE musically affectionate mosquito will soon be on the wing.

THE Sunday Schools are preparing for their Fourth of July festivities.

S. C. SHAY challenges J. Donehue to row a three mile race for $100 a side.

FIFTY eight wheeled cars, loaded with Pittsburgh coal, left Harrisburg for the East a few days ago.

IT is said to be the intention of the managers of the Lawrenceville Public Library to open it hereafter on Sundays.

THE promised enforcement of the street obstruction ordinance and that with reference to loafing has not been carried into effect.

MR. JOSEPH A. STONE, of Stone Brothers, accompanied by his wife, will sail for Europe next Saturday, on the City of Richmond.

AN indignation meeting is announced to be held by some of the South Side citizens to-night, to protest against the increase of taxes.

A FEW days ago a three-year-old child belonging to a family named Cartner, on Fifteenth, near Carson street, South Side, swallowed a quantity of turpentine, and came near strangling.

A MAN named George Amos, residing in Lower St. Clair township, had his wrist badly injured by thrusting it through a pane of glass the other day. The radial artery was severed. Dr. Potter attended him.

IT is stated that Mr. Wm. A. House, brother of Edward House, Esq., Select Councilman from the Second ward, is an applicant for the position of United States Appraiser of this port in case of a vacancy.

PERSONS who are not able to pay can be vaccinated free of cost by calling at the office of the Board of Health between the hours of three and four o'clock on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday afternoons of each week.

YESTERDAY afternoon, at the Columbia boat house, foot of Morgan street, Allegheny, a colored baptism took place. A large number of converts were baptised, and a great crowd was in attendance to witness the ceremony.

A TEMPERANCE meeting was held in front of the Allegheny City Hall last evening. Quite a large audience assembled there to listen to the addresses of the ladies and gentlemen who spoke from the steps of the building.

THE champions of the Sunday law were keeping a very sharp lookout in Allegheny yesterday, and, as a consequence, not only the drinking saloons but the cigar shops and the soda water fountains suffered a general suspension.

CHARLES EICHEL was held to bail on Saturday by the Mayor to answer a charge of aggravated assault and battery, preferred by James Thomson. It is alleged that the defendant struck the prosecutor with some hard instrument, inflicting a severe wound in the head.

ON SATURDAY evening a young man went into Terheyden's jewelry store on Smithfield street, and asked to be shown a silver watch. The watch he pointed out was shown him, when he put it in his pocket and went out. An alarm was at once raised, but the fellow succeeded making his escape.

THE Lawrence School Board has elected the following teachers for the ensuing year: Grammar Department—Miss Lina Anderson. Intermediate—Misses M. A. Barr and Maggie Cromlish. Primary—Misses Sallie McClurg, S. A. Graybell and Mary E. Thrumston. Principal—T. J. Duncan. The vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Mrs. De Long was not filled.

Fourth of July Excursion.

The Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis Railway will sell excursion tickets at greatly reduced rates, to and from all points on their line, on the 3d and 4th days of July, making tickets good to return until July 6th, 1874. This announcement of a great railroad opening its entire line of several hundred miles to excursionists at low rates, affording an opportunity for visiting distant friends on the National Holiday, will be gladly received by a large class, who, from considerations of economy, both of time and means, would otherwise be unable to indulge in a pleasure excursion, now so popular with all classes during the summer months.

The Dictionary Blotter,

or portfolio, is just the thing for your summer trip. Call and get one of

S. A. CLARKE & CO.
115 Wood street.

BY TELEGRAPH.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

France.

MUNICIPAL ORGANIZATION BILL—NO CUMULATIVE VOTING—NOMINATION OF MAYORS.

PARIS, June 20, 1874.—The Chamber of the Assembly was crowded to-day with Deputies, and the galleries were well filled. The Municipal Organization bill was again before the body. It appearing that, though the reporter of the Decentralization Committee yesterday announced its withdrawal, the minority of that committee subsequently took up the bill and secured the adoption, by a vote of 579 against 34, of the amendments maintaining the present system of municipal elections, thus overthrowing the three clauses of the bill which provides for representation of the minority by cumulative voting. These clauses having been stricken from the bill, it again came up in the Assembly to-day in its modified form.

Fourton, Minister of the Interior, announced that the Government had accepted the amendment proposed by M. Clapier to the bill, which extends for two years the operation of the present law providing that the nomination of mayors shall be made by the Government. The amendment was thereupon adopted—358 yeas, 329 nays.

The Committee of the Assembly has unanimously resolved to unseat Rancie, because of the sentence imposed on him by a military tribunal for participation in the doings of the Commune.

DEATH OF A REPUBLICAN DEPUTY.

PARIS, June 21.—M. Viox, Republican Deputy in the Assembly, from the department of the Meurthe, is dead.

Germany.

BREMEN AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION.

BREMEN, June 20.—The Agricultural Exhibition was visited to-day by the King of Saxony. There are a large number of American exhibitors, and many of them have received prizes. The Senate of Bremen to-day gave a banquet in honor of the exhibitors. Crown Prince Frederick William, of Germany, spoke in reply to a toast given to Emperor William, and in his remarks he expressed the hope that foreign exhibitors would, on their return to their homes, convey the assurance to their countrymen that nowhere was the wish for the peaceful continuance of the labors of civilization stronger than in the rehabilitated German Empire.

FAREWELL DINNER TO MINISTER BANCROFT.

BERLIN, June 21.—The members of the Academy of Science and the University authorities joined in giving a farewell dinner, on Saturday night, to Hon. Geo. Bancroft, Minister of the United States. Professor Curtus, historian of Greece, toasted Mr. Bancroft and lady, and Prof. Mommseu, the Roman historian, made some remarks, in the course which he spoke of the Union of Germany and the United States in the struggle for intellectual freedom.

England.

THE INTERNATIONAL LAW CONGRESS.

LONDON, June 20.—The *Pall Mall Gazette* says the success of the Congress of International Law, called to meet at Brussels, is very doubtful, as the governments of England, France and Austria raise objections to the scheme, and Switzerland extends to it but feeble support.

SHALL IRISHMEN RULE IRELAND?

LONDON June 21—The *Observer* publishes the text of a Home Rule resolve which Dr. Isaac Butt, Member of Parliament for Limerick, proposes to move on the 30th inst., in the House of Commons. It is substantially as follows: That in the opinion of the House, it is expedient and just to restore to the Irish nation the power of managing exclusively Irish affairs in an Irish Parliament, provision being made at the same time for maintaining the integrity of the empire by leaving to the Imperial Parliament control of Imperial affairs.

END OF MINERS' STRIKE.

The strike in which more than ten thousand miners were engaged in Cleveland, Yorkshire, is now ended with the acceptance of the masters' terms, which impose a reduction of twelve and a half per cent. in wages.

CABLE FROM CAPE VERDE TO BRAZIL.

LONDON, June 22.—The steamer Edinburgh, which is laying a telegraph cable from Cape de Verdes to Brazil, has arrived off the Brazilian coast. The following dispatch was received to-day from on board:

"Noon, Sunday—Spliced on intermediate cable in 1,100 fathoms this morning. Hope to make final splice at three this afternoon. The cable is in perfect condition."

IMMENSE LABOR DEMONSTRATION AT MANCHESTER.

LONDON, June 22.—A great demonstration of sympathy for the agricultural laborers "locked out" from work, was made in Manchester yesterday. The members of Trades Unions present, to the number of 25,000, with fifty bands of music, marched in procession through the principal streets. A mass meeting was subsequently held at Pomona Gardens, at which it is estimated that upwards of 50,000 people were present. Joseph Arch and other prominent friends of the working men delivered addresses.

Spain.

LATEST NEWS VIA PARIS—A GERMAN LOAN DECLINED.

PARIS, June 20.—Latest advices from Spain states that the frontier town of Figueras is closely invested by Carlists.

Herr Hatzfield who was sent from Germany to Spain with an offer of a loan, to be guaranteed by a mortgage upon the Phillipine Islands, has failed in his mission and will return to Berlin. Telegraphic communication between France and Spain has been severed.

COUCHA LAYS IT TO THE ROADS.

MADRID, June 21.—General Coach reports that the roads in the neighborhood of Estella are impracticable for heavy artillery, and that he will be obliged to suspend operations for the present.

Italy.

A LITTLE ENTHUSIASM QUENCHED.

ROME, June 21.—As the multitude were returning from the grand Te Deum at St. Peter's, the Pope was seen at one of the windows of the Vatican. Hundreds of people waved their handkerchiefs, and some ex-pontificial policemen shouted "Long live the Pope, our king." Several arrests were made. Troops cleared and took possession of the street.

THE POPE'S CONFIDENCE IN THE FUTURE.

ROME, June 21—The Pope, in reply to a deputation, yesterday, said that he was confident God would restore the crown, if not to him—because he was too old and might not live to see the day—then to his successor.

Turkey.

LOSS OF A TURKISH VESSEL IN THE SEA OF MARMORA — THREE HUNDRED AND TWENTY PERSONS LOST.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 20.—Intelligence has reached here of a terrible disaster in the Sea of Marmora. The Turkish vessel Kars, *en route* for Salonica, was run into yesterday by an Egyptian vessel, and sunk in a few minutes. The Kars had three hundred and forty persons on board, including passengers and crew, and of this number three hundred and twenty were drowned.

The Netherlands.

CRISIS IN THE DUTCH MINISTRY.

THE HAGUE, June 20.—There is a crisis in the Dutch ministry. The Chambers have rejected the government bill lowering the franchise, and the ministers have, in consequence, tendered their resignations to the King.

Marine News.

LONDON, June 20.—The steamships Wisconsin and Utopia, from New York, and Berlin, from Baltimore, arrived out.

LIVERPOOL, June 20.—The new steamship Montana, which left here on the 17th inst., on her first voyage to New York, has returned with her machinery disabled. She had no passengers.

PLYMOUTH, June 21.—Steamship Frisia, from New York arrived.

European Markets.

LONDON June 20, 5 P. M.—Consols 92⅝@92¾; 5-20s, 1865, 108¾; do 1867, 108. Erie, 26½. Erie preferred 37. Refined petroleum 10¼d.

PARIS, June 20.—Rentes 59 francs 40 centimes.

LIVERPOOL, June 20.—Cotton dull and unchanged; sales 8,000; American 4,850; speculation and export 1,000. Breadstuffs firm; red western spring 10s 9d@11s 6d. Flour 27s 6d. Pork 65s. Tallow 39s 9d.

CRIMINAL RECORD.

Bold Burglary at Lancaster, O.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

LANCASTER, O., June 20, 1874.

Three masked men burst in the door of Samuel Bear's dwelling, near Somerset, last night, and robbed the family of five hundred dollars in money, a gold watch, a shot gun, a revolver and a knife. Nothing has been discovered to lead to the detection of the thieves.

Lippincott's Keystone Soda Fountains.

In the above-named apparatus the wants of the trade have been carefully studied, and we now present an apparatus in which purity, strength and durability are combined with unequaled workmanship and elegance of design. Before purchasing, please call and examine our samples or send for catalogue. We are able to present many new and elegant designs, and this season have many novel features to produce never before brought out. We also deal in every article appertaining to the business, more specially a full line of extra choice fruit essences of the following flavors, in pound bottles, at low prices:

Vanilla,	Raspberry,	Ginger,
Lemon,	Pineapple,	Sarsaparilla,
Strawberry,	Orange,	Fruit Acid,
Orgeat,	Sherbet,	Peach,
Nectar,	Hock,	Rose,
Coffee,	Chocolate,	Blackberry.

In an effort to produce an attractive apparatus, we have not lost sight of the essential point of a good apparatus—viz: purity of production. This has had our closest attention. Every part coming in contract with soda water or syrups is thoroughly coated with pure silver or block tin. Don't forget to call at McClarren & McKennan's drug store, No. 85 Market street, Pittsburgh.

All Can Appreciate

the usefulness of the *Dictionary Portfolio*. A word embarrasses you for a moment. You have it on the adjoining leaf. 12 kinds, from 75 cents to seven (7) dollars.

S. A. CLARKE & CO.,
115 Wood street.

STATE NEWS.

Only two furnaces in blast at Hokendauqua.

Good hay sells in Titusville at $18 00 per ton.

Two Lebanon county whisky distilleries have closed operations.

An insane woman, ninety years old, is Reading's latest sensation.

A Chester countian was arrested for stealing a coat from a scarecrow.

The village of Burnside, Clearfield county, has been made a borough by the court.

The Junior Order of American Mechanics will have a parade in Easton on the 4th of July.

James McAndrew, a young brakeman, was crushed to death at Scranton on the 19th inst.

Pottsville's chief burgess receives $500 a year, and is expected to keep up a yacht, a fast horse and the dignity of the office on that sum.

Schuykill county claims the youngest telegraph operator in the Unitsd States. His age please?

First warning of the season. An Erie boy, playing with fire-crackers, had his left eye put out.

Scranton's new order of "Knights of the Knife" should, it is suggested, have daylight let into them.

A lad named Zeiner, fell a distance of seventy feet into an iron ore shaft near Hillertown, and was killed.

Judge Orvis has announced to Clearfield jurors that they must come promptly to time, or be fined $25 and costs.

Eighty bull-frogs were captured by two Weisenburg gentlemen, one day last week, near New Tripoli, Lehigh county.

Hon. A. G. Curtin was serenaded in Franklin on the evening of the 18th inst., and made a patriotic speech in response.

A young cattle-drover named Williams, shot himself at Shippensburg on the 15th instant, and died on the 18th. Financial troubles.

Mrs. A. B. Warford, widow of General Warford, and sister of Senator Cameron, is suffering from a paralytic stroke received on the 18th inst.

Miss Mary Jane Jones set her clothes on fire while working about the stove, in Lancaster on Friday, and was seriously, perhaps fatally burned.

Mrs. Susan Huber, an aged lady, was knocked down and run over by a two-horse team, in Reading, on the 20th inst., and fatally injured.

Some villain attempted to stop the waste pipe of the Allentown reservoir with cotton waste, to cause the water to flow over the top of the reservoir in that city.

Pottstown having a Henry Clay, a Daniel Webster and a David Crockett, the *Ledger* thinks there should be no trouble in securing an orator for the glorious Fourth.

The Johnstown *Tribune* says: The third and last of the blast furnaces in operation in this place will be blown out immediately—an order to that effect having been issued.

The soldiers' monument at Lancaster will be dedicated on the Fourth of July. Governor Curtin will deliver the oration. The monument is forty-five feet high, and cost $20,000.

Lafayette Leonard, Leonard Hollow, Bradford county, got for the week ending Saturday, May 30, 2,353 pounds of milk from ten cows and three two-year old heifers. The best five cows gave 1,060 lbs, milk. What granger can beat it?

Governor Hartranft is suffering from a bite from a dog, received about a week ago. The bite was quite a severe one, and the wound demanded being cauterized. Its location is in one of his ankles, just above the heel. Otherwise the Governor enjoys excellent health.

A fishing party, consisting of Dr. Buchanan and Mr. Proctor, of Huntingdon, Postmaster McCoy, of Newry, Harry Van Fries and Mr. Locke, of Hollidaysburg, and Jere. Mahoney, of Pittsburgh, caught twelve dozen fine trout in a little stream at the foot of No. 8, on the old Portage road, on the 19th inst. They had remarkably good luck.

Engineer William Wiley, of locomotive No. 58, Philadelphia and Reading Railroad, made an extraordinary burst of speed between Harrisburg and Hummelstown last week. The distance of nine miles and a half was made in the remarkable time of nine minutes and a half. The train to which the engine was attached (the New York accommodation) consisted of four cars.

The Altoona *Evening Mirror* contains the following: Some two years ago, there left this city a young girl named Ettie Morton. Her parents were at that time living on the East side, but have since moved to Brooklyn, New York. At the time Ettie left home she intended to visit a friend of the family at Wheeling, West Virginia. She remained with her friends but a short time, however, when she started to return to this city. Since she left Wheeling nothing has ever been heard of her, although diligent inquiries have constantly been made. A gentleman in this city has received a letter from her parents requesting him to advertise, and if possible ascertain whether she be living or dead. She was aged about sixteen years when she left home, and was quite handsome, with dark hair and eyes. Any information of her whereabouts should be addressed to this office.

The Grand Temple of Honor and Temperance held a session in Philadelphia, last week. It was attended by a large number of delegates from all parts of the State, and transacted much business of importance to the order. The reports of the Grand Officers show the condition of the order to be flourishing, and it enters upon a new year with bright prospects of doing much good in the cause of temperance and morality. It passed a resolution appointing a committee to co-operate with committees from other temperance organizations in taking measures to participate in the approaching Centennial celebration. Also, raised a committee and appropriated funds for the purpose of advancing the cause of temperance by public meetings, and encouragement of total abstinence among the youth of the country. The Grand Lodge adjourned to meet in Pittsburgh in June, 1875.

The Philadelphia *Inquirer* of the 20th instant says: We learn from our exchanges in the Western part of the State that Mrs. Sarah P. Hanna is about to retire from the head of the Female Seminary in Washington, Pa., which she has directed for many years. Mrs. Hanna is widely known in the South and West as a most successful founder and conductor of schools, to which business she has devoted herself during a long life, and for which she is unexceptionably fitted by a peculiar strength and talent. At one time three large seminaries, in different States, were under her personal control. Her scholars are to be found in all parts of the country, and there are none of them probably who will not hear with regret of her retirement from the duties with which she has honorably filled a long life. Nowadays, when so many women who are brought before the public, strive and sometimes succeed, in the struggle with men for money and position, it is both wholesome and refreshing to hear of one who worked for higher motives than either, and who, in her old age, at the close of a public task begun in her youth, carries to her solitary hearth, as her reward, only the consciousness of a noble duty faithfully performed, and the heartfelt good wishes of two generations of women to whom she has been both a teacher and a friend.

ADDITIONAL RIVER DISPATCHES.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A.,
PITTSBURGH, June 20, 1874.

The following is the daily report of the stage of water, with changes in the twenty-four hours ending 3 P. M.

STATIONS.	ABOVE L'W W'R. Ft.	In.	CHANGE —OR† Ft.	In.	DIREC'T'N OF WIND.	STATE OF WEATHER.
Brownsvil'*	1	8	—0	1	W.	Clear.
Cairo	18	2	—0	4	N. E.	Clear.
Cincinnati	8	8	—0	4	N. E.	Fair.
Davenport	4	7	—0	1	S. W.	Fair.
Evansville	4	5	..	..	....	......
Dubuque	7	8	0	0	0	Fair.
Fort Sully	8	4	†0	4	S. E.	Fair.
Hermann	12	1	—0	3	0	Clear.
Kansas City	15	7	—0	5	S.	Clear.
Keokuk	5	11	—0	3	S. W.	Fair.
Leavenw'th	9	5	—0	4	S. E.	Clear.
Lexington	12	7	†0	7	S.	Clear.
Leclaire	3	10	..	..	S.	Fair.
Louisville	4	9	..	..	S.	Clear.
Marietta	4	1	0	0	W.	Clear.
Memphis	13	11	..	..	N.	Fair.
Nashville	2	2	..	..	N. E.	Clear.
N. Geneva*	2	5	—0	3	N.	Clear.
Oil City	1	2	—0	7	N. E.	Clear.
Omaha	11	11	—0	1	N.	Clear.
Pittsburgh	3	11	—0	2	N. E.	Clear.
Plattsmo'th	5	6	†0	3	S.	Fair.
Shreveport	16	3	..	..	N. E.	Thrt'ng.
St. Louis	18	3	—0	2	S.	Fair.
St. Paul	9	3	†0	1	S. E	Clear.
Vicksburg	25	0	..	..	N.	Cloudy.
Warsaw	6	6	—0	6	S.	Clear.
Yankton	13	10	—0	1	S.	Clear.

*Surface of water below bench mark.

GEORGE H. ROHE,
Observer, Signal Service, U. S. A.

Wheeling, W. Va.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WHEELING, June 19, 1874.

River five feet six inches and stationary. Departed—Katy Did, for Parkersburg. Weather clear and warm.

CAIRO, June 21.—Arrived—Julia, Vicksburg; City of Helena, St. Louis; West Wind, Ohio river; Atlantic, St. Louis. Departed—Idlewild, Evansville; Belle Memphis and Mary Miller, Memphis; Julia, St. Louis; Robt. Mitchell, St. Louis; City of Helena, Vicksburg. River 18 feet 2 inches and rising. Weather clear; mercury 90.

MEMPHIS, June 21.—A severe tornado passed north and east of this city last evening, doing considerable damage to crops, fencing and forests. River rising slowly. Weather clear and hot. Departed—St. Genevieve, St. Louis; Exporter, Louisville.

NASHVILLE, June 21.—River stationary, with two feet four inches on the shoals. Weather clear and hot.

CINCINNATI, June 21.—River nine feet and falling.

ST. LOUIS, June 21.—Arrived—Johnson, Keokuk; Bell Lacrosse, St. Paul; Lewis, Mississippi river; Chester, Memphis; Mary Alice, New Orleans and Dubuque. Departed—Lady Lee, Peoria. River rising slowly. Clear and very warm.

EVANSVILLE, June 21.—Weather clear; mercury 76 to 94. River about stationary. Port list—Down—Sandy, S. N. Miller, Morning Star, Bowling Green, Shippers Own and Paragon. Business light.

BROOKVILLE, PA.

Third, Last and Best Day of the Races—Names and Time of the Winning Horses—Perfection of Management—Everybody Satisfied—Pittsburgh Honors to a Brookville Young Lady—Manufactory of Messrs. Brown, Son & Co—Who the Firm Are and What they Do.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

BROOKVILLE, PA., June 20, 1874.

At ten o'clock this morning the race referred to in the dispatch sent last night, as having been postponed on account of the darkness, was resumed. Five horses were on the ground, as follows: S. G., John Wallace; Br. M., Lide; B. G., Bay Billy; D. G., Orange Billy, and B. G., Clothes Line. The first and last two horses had each won two heats, and every one was anxious to see which of them would take the third heat and win the race. All seemed to have their friends, but Orange Billy, of Titusville, was the favorite of the largest number. Promptly at ten o'clock, the bill at the judge's stand called time, when the horses, with their drivers, put in an appearance. After a short delay, a good "send off" was had for the ninth heat, which was most evenly contested, and decided to be a dead one between "John Wallace," of Parker's Landing, and "Bay Billy," of Titusville—time 2:40. The excitement now was great, but "Orange Billy" continued to be the favorite at the pool stand, as well as with the crowd. At the expiration of the usual time, the bell again called time for the tenth heat, which was won in 2:41¾, by "Orange Billy," "Clothes Line" coming in second, "John Wallace" third, "Bay Billy" fourth, and "Lide" fifth. The judges then announced that "Orange Billy" had won the race and first money, "John Wallace" second money and "Clothes Line" third. The purse in this race was $300—$150 to first, $100 to second and $50 to third.

In the afternoon, the third and "last day of the races" was concluded by a running race, also for a purse of three hundred dollars, divided as in the trotting races. For this contest there were six entries, viz.: Ripley, of Warren, Pa.; S. S., Hartland, S. S., Spendrift, B. S., Daunter, of Brookville; S. H., Eagle, of Meadville, and B. M., Capitola. Ripley was withdrawn and Capitola distanced. Spendrift made the first heat in 1:45¾, and Hartland won the two succeeding heats and the race in 1:47¼ and 1:50. This race was pronounced by those who had been in attendance during the week as decidedly the best one of the series. Every one seemed satisfied that the horses did their best and that everything was on the square.

While your correspondent makes no pretentions to being posted as to matters connected with the turf, he takes pleasure in recording, as the judgment of those whose education has not been neglected in this regard, that the races which have just closed here, were, throughout, conducted in the most honorable, straightforward manner, there being no just cause of complaint in any direction. The 2:37 race was, perhaps, the most exciting, not on account of the speed attained by the horses, but for the reason that they were so evenly matched, and displayed so much mettle or bottom.

The managers of the Mountain Park Association were particularly fortunate in securing the attendance as judges, of three most high-toned, honorable gentlemen, in the persons of Colonel Alonzo I. Wilcox, of Elk county; Samuel McKain, of Williamsport, and Hiram Woodward, of Pennfield. Under the supervision of these worthy gentlemen, everything connected with the exhibition had to be, and was conducted, on the dead square.

It may not be amiss here to say in closing this notice of the races that the opinion was frequently expressed by gentlemen in attendance, familiar with such matters, that the Brookville race course needed but one thing to make it among the very best in the country and that is, it should be made from ten to fifteen feet wider at the starting point, so that a larger number of horses can be sent off abreast.

A great many people have left, and are leaving for home, but the hotels are still crowded with strangers, while to add to the excitement, there is a circus company now giving an entertainment, and another one coming into the town from Corsic. Indeed, Brookville, always a live, gay place has not seen such a throng time for many a day. It is specially worthy of note that, notwithstanding the crowd and the absence of police officers, the best of order and good feeling prevails.

The announcement in the COMMERCIAL to-day that a beautiful and accomplished young lady of Brookville, Miss Laura B. McLain, had been awarded the Mellor prize at the musical contest of the Pittsburgh Female College, was read by the good people here with every manifestation of approval and delight. The friends of Miss Laura, and that means every one in town (for to know her is to love her), predict a bright and happy future for their favorite.

One of the institutions of this thriving borough, of which, in a former letter, I promised to speak, is the establishment of Messrs. Brown, Son & Co. This firm has been in existence about ten years, and is extensively engaged in the manufacture of all kinds of castings and machinery, from a plow point to a hundred horse power engine, including all kinds of boilers, mill gearing, circular saws, etc., etc. In turning out every variety of work in their line, this firm can successfully compete with the largest city establishments. Mr. O. Brown, the head of the concern, is a most intelligent, enterprising and worthy gentleman, who came here in 1857, and has contributed largely to the improvement and development of the place. Having retired from the more active participation in the management of affairs, his son, Mr. James L. Brown, most acceptably takes the position of presiding genius of the firm, giving special attention to all improvements in patterns. The company part of the firm is Mr. John Roth, a practical man, who attends to setting up work and machinery after it leaves the shops, while Mr. Nathaniel Faust, a most reliable and experienced gentleman, is the foreman, and has the general supervision of the workmen in the different departments. This establishment is the most extensive of the kind in this section of the State and supplies all the surrounding counties with everything needed in its line.

I will endeavor, in a future letter or letters, to tell you something about the country between this and Driftwood, the terminus of Bennett's Branch, Allegheny Valley Railroad.

JOHN.

New York city is suffering from the incubus of the mortgage-tax. All the leading newspapers and real estate dealers speak of it as a dead weight around the neck of real estate and all building interests.

Pittsburgh Monumental

Granite Works, corner Penn avenue and Thirty-second street.

DODDS & CASKEY.

DREKA'S

Dictionary Blotter

is a portfolio, with all the usual writing appliances, and including a dictionary or word-book containing over 15,000 words which writers are apt to spell incorrectly. There are twelve different sizes and prices, suitable for the counting-house, the library, or the traveling satchell. The prices vary from seventy-five cents to seven (7) dollars. We have just received a full line.

S. A. CLARKE & CO.,
115 Wood street.

A Rare Opportunity to any Gentleman Wishing to go South.

For Sale, a quarter interest in one of the finest Sugar Plantations in all the South, situate at St. Martinsville, on the Bayou Teache, Louisiana, about sixty miles west of New Orleans, with direct communication by water and rail.

The property consists of nearly 1,200 acres of most excellent land, all in cultivation except about 300 acres, which is in timber; 500 acres planted in sugar cane and corn this season; a good mansion house, a manager's house and quarters for nearly 100 negroes; sugar house, with all the necessary machinery for manufacturing fifteen hogsheads of sugar, with a corresponding amount of molasses per day; mules, horses, oxen, wagons, carts, and, in fact, one of the best stocked places in the State. The only object in selling this interest, is to get an active man who will be interested in giving the place a proper superintendance; The plantation is near the beautiful home of Joseph Jefferson, "Rip Van Winkle," and only a short distance from Gen. Avery's celebrated Salt Island.

To a suitable person this interest will be sold for much less than its value and on easy terms.

For additional information apply to

THOS. F. STEWART,
48 Fifth avenue.

DON'T FORGET

The Great Ground Rent Auction on the Famous Knox Farm, at One O'Clock To-Day.

Take the Birmingham or Ormsby street cars, and Mount Oliver Incline Plane, 25 minutes from city postoffice. Don't miss it.

Promenaders in the Park

are requested to make a note of the fact that W. A. Rhodes, No. 22 Western avenue, just below the West Park, has always on hand a fine assortment of refreshments. The ice cream served here is of the most delicious quality, while the cakes and other delicacies are of the choicest kinds. The refreshments are served in the best style, and visitors will not fail to be pleased with the manner in which their orders are filled. Young gents who wish to treat their sweethearts, after having made the rounds of the parks, should by all means call at Rhodes'. They will leave in good humor with themselves and all mankind.

Give Your Teacher

a "Dictionary Portfolio." A useful present. 12 kinds at all prices; 75 cents to seven (7) dollars each.

S. A. CLARKE & CO.,
115 Wood street.

LIVINGSTON & CO.,

Manufacturers of LIGHT Grey Iron

Castings,

Plain, Japanned, Bronzed, Coppered or Galvanized. Light Work our Specialty.

Office and Works near Outer Depot, ALLEGHENY CITY. Postoffice address, Lock Box 302 Pittsburgh, Pa.

MWF

Oldest Ins. Co. in America.

ASSETS $3,975,762 25.

Ins. Co. of North America

OF PHILADELPHIA.

Losses adjusted and paid by

WILLIAM L. JONES, 84 Fourth ave.

Mount Lebanon Cemetery.

This beautiful burial place, (late Mount Lebanon Nurseries,) will be formally dedicated on Thursday next, at eleven o'clock A. M. The grounds are located on the old Washington road, four miles from the city, and can be reached by special trains on the Castle Shannon Railroad, leaving the top of the Monongahela Incline at 9:30 and 10:50 A. M. A sale of lots will take place at two o'clock P. M.

POLITICAL.

HEADQUARTERS ALLEGHENY COUNTY REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, Lincoln Club Rooms.
PITTSBURGH, June 20, 1874.

Republican County Executive Committe.

The following named persons having been appointed as the Republican Executive Committee for Allegheny county, are requested to meet at the Lincoln Club Rooms on WEDNESDAY, JUNE 24, at 2 o'clock P. M.

PRESIDENT.

JACOB REESE.

VICE PRESIDENTS.

F. C. Negley,	C. S. Fetterman,
James Reese,	S. P. Fulton,
John Chislett.	

SECRETARIES.

Col. Norman M. Smith,	H. H. Byram,
Frank P. Case,	P. F. Smith,
D. R. McGunnigle,	Geo. W. Reed.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

Capt. M. A. W. Beltzhoover, Chairman.
Thos. H. Phelps, Secretary.

Dr. A. H. Gross,	J. I. Gillespie,
Joseph Walton,	Hugh S. Fleming,
A. L. Pearson,	J. D. McHenry,
Hartley Howard,	Simpson Horner,
C. B. Seeley,	B. F. Jones,
Thos. J. Mitchell,	Col. H. B. Hays,
Wm. Coates,	James Y. Irwin,
Edward House,	H. W. Oliver, Jr.,
Daniel Wenke,	Wm. Livsey,
James A. McDevitt,	R. C. Gray,
James Bradley,	John W. Chalfant,
John N. Neeb,	J. N. Jarrett,
C. L. Magee,	Watson Woolsey,
A. W. Irwin,	John A. Myler,
Henry Lloyd,	John McDonald,
Benj. Darlington,	James A. Chambers.
Wm. Hosack,	

COMMITTEE AT LARGE.

Thos. H. Lyle,	Robert Jackson,
Charles Paroner,	Thos. Gatewood,
Albert Campbell,	Paul J. Carson,
A. D. Johnson,	Geo. D. Ware,
Henry Jackson,	Robert W. Bell,
G. A. Woodson,	Geo. W. Massey,
W. H. Brown,	Isaac Morton,
Wm. Warfield,	R. A. Hall,
John H. Jones,	Charles Paine,
James Loomis,	Barney Mahoney,
William Cropp.	

CITY OF PITTSBURGH.

G. W. Parkins,	David Campbell,
Thos. S. Bigelow,	Louis Hager,
Peter Dressler,	John Ochse,
Gen. Jos. Browne,	Beverley Jones,
W. M. DeCamp,	John Beckers,
Richard Jones,	H. J. Thomas,
Col. R. M. Snodgrass,	Capt. J. D. McFarland,
Alex. Seanor,	Geo. P. Chalmers,
James Boyd,	James Taylor,
J. H. Hoffer,	Jos. W. Lewis,
Thos. Rosewell,	R. G. Herron,
Henry Metzgar,	Joseph Dickson,
Joseph D. Jones,	H. C. Evans,
John A. Fox,	John Matthews, Jr.,
John Hancock,	D. O'Neill,
E. F. Pearson,	Wm. Lodenberg,
David Lang,	C. W. Lewis,
Thos. MacConnell, Jr.,	Col. E. C. Negley,
John S. McCall,	W. H. Dennison,
James Littell,	John H. Jones,
William Alderson,	J. H. Miller,
Captain Samuel Brown,	T. W. Davis,
John Larimer,	David Weaver,
Robert Mercer,	Henry Wilhelm,
James Reed,	George Trautman,
T. D. Evans,	John Nusser,
Robert Scott,	H. Burt,
J. M. Shaffer,	Henry Spreen,
John Richardson,	John Fitzsimmons,
J. C. Thomas,	John W. Turney,
John Wilbert,	Major Samuel Harper,
Nathan Brokau,	Shadwick Beek,
John Auth,	Charles Hass,
West McDonald,	William Bond,
Captain W. C. Irwin,	Samuel French,
Joseph W. Woodwell,	August Steiner,

ALLEGHENY.

Thos. Scandrett,	W. J. Kelly,
John H. Hare,	George Bothwell,
J. V. Cracraft,	Wm. Wettach,
Wm. Anshutz,	R. M. Blair,
Alex. Patterson,	Wm. Hagey,
L. P. Stone,	Henry Warner,
J. Beilstein,	Adam Stark,
Gottlieb Fisher,	H. Nesmith,
W. E. Canham,	Thos. Jones,
Wm. Peters,	J. O. S. Golden,
John Clements,	Phillip Newhart,

BOROUGHS.

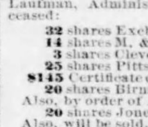
W. A. Dunshee,	W. E. Harrison,
R. B. Coursin,	M. E. Corry,
A. Dempster,	Theodore Williams,
W. H. Douglass,	B. B. McDowell,
W. G. Glenn,	Thos. Daft,
J. J. Williams,	C. J. Steel,
Andrew McQuilty,	Christ. Steel,
S. H. Johnston,	R. J. Glaney,
Peter Keil,	N. G. Ayres,
R. D. Humes,	A. C. Rowan,
Ham Lynch,	Dr. C. H. Black.

TOWNSHIPS.

J. S. Stoner,	Geo. Abel,
Wm. Street,	David Rankin,
Ross Byers,	James Marshall,
James Wilson,	J. P. Fleming,
Abram McCray,	John Paul,
L. D. Peebles,	W. H. Gray,
James Hays,	Wm. Bailey,
Samuel Scott,	John H. Watson,
Isaac Wall,	Matthew Murdock,
Alex. Walker,	Henry Robinson,
Harmon Kilgore,	Thos. Robinson,
Anthony Bell,	Geo. H. Cole,
Andrew McCartney,	James Davis,
Dr. Sample,	Patterson Porter,
Isaac Neely,	John Faderkell,
Alex. Foster,	Geo. W. Murphy,
August Hass,	Samuel Wallace,
J. C. Rischer,	James Dixon,
A. J. Shanks,	Dr. James Hunter,
M. B. Mitchell,	Wm. Stemple,
Wm. McCaire,	August Roedell,
Robert Sample,	John Collins,
T. M. Gillespie,	J. W. McCoy,
Sam. Steel,	B. Douthett,
Thos. Parks,	Alex. Elliott,
Thos. Graham,	Jacob Beckert,
James Hall,	Harvey Robb,
Jas. M. DeHaven,	Dr. J. S. Penny,
H. H. Murray,	John A. McKee,
John Gilfillan,	John Wilkins,
J. C. Morrow,	Abraham Latham,
George E. Patterson,	William Dickey,
C. B. Gillespie,	W. B. Lee,
J. W. McPherson,	Cyrus Christy,
George McCorkle,	John Oliver,
W. T. Fife,	John McKelvy.

A. L. PEARSON,
Chairman Congressional Convention No. 1.
J. B. COPELAND,
Chairman Congressional Convention No. 2.
J. W. CHALFANT,
Chairman County Convention No. 1.
JOHN A. FOX,
Chairman County Convention No. 2.
A. G. NEGLEY,
Chairman County Convention No. 3.

STEAMSHIPS.



CUNARD LINE—THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS, between New York and Liverpool, calling at Cork Harbor.

Sailing Every Wednesday and Saturday.

THE GREAT FLEET OF 1874.

SCOTIA, RUSSIA, BOTHINA, SCYTHIA, CUBA, ALGERIA, ABYSSINNIA, JAVA, CHINA, CALABRIA.

RATES OF PASSAGE:

CABIN—$80, $100, $130, Gold. Excursion Tickets at Reduced Rates.

STEERAGE rates unsettled. Passengers will more than serve their interest by booking at my office. Passengers also booked to and from Hamburg, Bremen, Sweden, &c., at low rates. DRAFTS issued at Lowest Rates.

For Cabin or Steerage Passage apply to

JOHN J. McCORMICK, Agent,
Smithfield street and Fourth avenue.

STOCK SALES.

Valuable Stocks at McIlwaine's,

By Order of Administrator's.

TUESDAY EVENING, June 23d, at 8 o'clock, on Second Floor of McIlwaine's Auction Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, will be sold by order of P. H. Laufman, Administrator of Williard Leonard, deceased:

32 shares Exchange National Bank;
14 shares M. & M. National Bank;
3 shares Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad;
25 shares Pittsburgh and Connellsville R. R.;
$145 Certificate of Delaware Mutual Insurance Co.
20 shares Birmingham Plank Road Co.;
Also, by order of Administrator,
20 shares Jones Ferry Co.
Also, will be sold,
10 shares Citizens' National Bank;
105 shares Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Manchester Railway Co.

Also, the full paid Policy No. 28,220, in the Mutual Life Insurance Co., of New York, issued May 21st, 1863, for $3,000.

A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE.

TUESDAY, JUNE 23d,

AT 3 P. M.,

DITHRIDGE MANSION

AND

BUILDING LOTS.

According to an adjournment the undersigned will sell at Auction,

UPON THE PREMISES,

Twenty-first Ward, Pittsburgh, Brushton Station,

THE MANSION HOUSE of the late EDWARD DITHRIDGE, deceased, and also the remainder of those FINE BUILDING LOTS.

TERMS EASY.

JARED M. BRUSH,
GEO. C. REIS,
WSM ADMINISTRATORS.

Wm. B. Hays & Son,

PORK PACKERS,

Bacon, Mess Pork, Dried Beef,

Lard, Lard Oil, Carbon Oils.

Curers of the Celebrated STAR-ANCHOR BRAND EXTRA SUGAR-CURED HAMS.

281 AND 283 LIBERTY STREET.

In Store.

50 bales HOPS, Wisconsin and New York;
50 bags PRIME TIMOTHY SEED;
50 barrels HALVES DRIED PEACHES.
IN ELEVATOR:
3 cars PRIME WHEAT;
1 car PRIME WHITE OATS.
TO ARRIVE:
3 cars WHITE OATS;
3 cars SHELLED CORN;
2 cars WHEAT.

BUTTER, EGGS and PRODUCE GENERALLY Daily, For Sale by

D. McMILLAN & CO.,

347 LIBERTY STREET.

W. G. DUNSEATH,

Watchmaker, Jeweler and Optician,

67 Federal Street, Allegheny City, Pa.

WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

Get the Best

HOWE STANDARD

Scales,

Warehouse and Mill Trucks, Tucker's Patent Alarm Till, Grocers' Fixtures. Scales repaired.

W. A. McCLURG, 63 Wood

REMEMBER!!

FOR VALUE IN

TEAS, COFFEE, &c.,

TRY THE

GOLDEN CANISTER HOUSE

MAHOOD & HOGG

Family Grocers.

WE SOLICIT A TRIAL OF OUR

English Breakfast Tea,

AT $1 00 PER POUND.

29 DIAMOND ST.

PITTSBURGH

MWF

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.

MONDAY and TUESDAY EVENINGS, June 22 and 23, and TUESDAY AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock.

PROF. S. S. BALDWIN'S

WONDERFUL ENTERTAINMENT.

A NIGHT WITH THE SPIRITS;

Or, SPIRITUALISM EXPOSED.

All the Mysteries of the DAVENPORT BROTHERS laid bare and brought to light.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

Four Nights and One Matinee, commencing WEDNESDAY EVENING, June 24, 1874.

Haverly's Minstrels.

J. H. HAVERLY, Proprietor, in a select and refined programme, introducing the following Artists:

D. L. MORRIS, FAYETTE WELCH,
GEO. WILSON, MILT. G. BARLOW.

CANFIELD, BOOKER, GOSS and FOX, the Challenge Double Set Song and Dance Artists. Selections and style entirely different from all others. Celebrated Californian Quartet. W. W. BARLOW'S Orchestra and Brass Band.

Unusual Price List. Grand Matinee.

LIBRARY HALL.

GREAT WESTERN BAND

Will give their FIRST INAUGURAL GRAND CONCERT,

On Monday Evening, June 22d,

On which occasion they will appear in their NEW AND BEAUTIFUL UNIFORM, being the handsomest in the country. Tickets can be had from any of the members.

Reserved Seats can be secured without extra charge at Kleber's Music Store.

AMERICAN CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,

29 and 31 Fifth Avenue.

PIANO, VIOLIN, SINGING, FLUTE, CORNET, HARMONY, &c.,

TAUGHT BY THE BEST MASTERS.

Students may begin at any time. Circulars at the Office and Music Stores. Evening Lessons in all Branches.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—

On and after SUNDAY, MAY 31st, 1874, trains will leave Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows:

MAIN LINE EASTWARD.

Pacific Express daily, except Monday, at 2:35 a. m., arriving at Harrisburgh at 11:35 a. m., Philadelphia 3:35 p. m., New York 6:30 p. m., Baltimore 6:30 p. m., Washington 8:55 p. m.

Day Express daily, at 7:25 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 3:05 p. m., Philadelphia 6:40 p. m., New York 9:35 p. m., Baltimore 6:50 p. m., Washington 8:55 p. m.

Mail Train daily, except Sunday, 7:45 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 8:15 p. m.

Cincinnati Express, daily, 12:20 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg 10:40 p. m., Philadelphia 2:50 a. m., New York 6:50 a. m.

Fast Line daily at 6:25 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg 4:40 a. m., Philadelphia 9:15 a. m., New York 12:35 p. m., Baltimore 8:30 a. m., Washington 10:40 a. m.

Wall's Accommodation, 6:05, 10:20, 11:45 a. m., 3:30, 6:10 and 11:30 p. m., Sunday 12:40 p. m.

Brinton Accommodation 6:45 a. m., 5:00, 5:40 and 9:40 p. m. Sunday 9:40 p. m.

Wilkinsburg Accommodation ... 2:40 and 7:10 p m
Johnstown Accommodation ... 4:20 p m

Trains arrive at Union Depot as follows:—

MAIN LINE WESTWARD.

Mail Train daily, except Monday ... 1:20 a m
Fast Line daily, except Monday ... 1:40 a m
Pittsburgh Express daily, except Monday ... 8:40 a m
Cincinnati Express daily ... 9:05 a m
Pacific Express daily ... 1:40 p m
Way Passenger daily ... 8:20 p m

Wall's Accommodation, 6:35 and 8:25 a. m., 1:20, 2:40 and 5:45 p. m. Sunday 10:00 a. m.

Brinton Accommodation, 7:30 and 9:25 a. m., 6:45, 7:25 and 11:30 p. m.

Wilkinsburg Accommodation ... 4:40 and 9:20 p m
Johnstown Accommodation ... 10:35 a m

WEST PENNSYLVANIA DIVISION.

From Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City.

Mail Train ... 6:35 a m
Express ... 2:15 p m
Freeport Accommodation ... 9:15 a m and 4:05 p m
Springdale Accommodation ... 11:20 a m 6:20 and 11:20 p m. Sunday, 12:50 p m.
Accommodation for Butler ... 6:35 a m and 4:05 p m

Trains arrive at Federal Street Depot:—

Express, connecting from Butler ... 10:20 a m
Mail Train, connecting from Butler ... 5:10 p m
Freeport Accommodation ... 8:20 a m and 1:40 p m
Springdale Accommodation ... 6:50 a m, 6:15 and 10:05 p m. Sunday, 9:50 a m.

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Time cards and full information can be obtained at the ticket offices—No. 78 Fifth avenue, and the Union Depot.

A. J. CASSATT, General Manager.
D. M. BOYD, JR., Gen'l Passenger Ag't.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

NEW LINE TO BUFFALO THROUGH THE OIL REGIONS.

On and after MONDAY, June 1st, 1874, Three Through Trains daily (except Sunday) will leave and arrive at Union Depot, Pittsburgh, city time, for Franklin, Oil City, and all points in the Oil Regions.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Hulton Accommodation	7:00 a m	7:40 a m
Buffalo Express	7:00 a m	10:00 p m
Low Grade Division Express	9:25 a m	
Red Bank Accommodation	6:05 a m	
Hulton Accommodation	12:00 m	2:10 p m
Titusville Express	1:00 p m	3:25 p m
Brady's Bend Accommodat'n	3:45 p m	10:30 a m
Hulton Accommodation	5:10 p m	9:05 a m
Soda Works Accommodation	6:20 p m	8:25 a m
Night Express	8:30 p m	6:10 a m
Hulton Accommodation	11:10 p m	6:50 a m

Church Train to and from Soda Works (Sunday) arrives at Pittsburgh at 10:10 a. m. and leaves at 12:50 p m.

Express trains stop only at principal points. Accommodation Trains stop at all stations. Buffalo Express daily; on Sundays to Oil City only. All other trains daily except Sundays.

Buffalo Express makes close connection at Red Bank Junction with trains on Low Grade Division for Brookville, Driftwood, Williamsport, Elmira and all points Northeast.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars on Night Express between Pittsburgh and Mayville.

Through Tickets, Commutation Tickets and Local Tickets, can be procured at the Ticket Offices, No. 76 Fifth avenue and in the Union Depot.

J. J. LAWRENCE,
General Superintendent, Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY, CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

On and after MAY 31st, 1874, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, City Time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	2:13 a m	Atlantic Ex.	2:18 a m
Chicago Mail	6:13 a m	Wheeling Ex.	10:53 a m
Erie and Ashtabula Ex.	6:28 a m	Chicago Ex.	11:58 a m
Clev & W Mail	6:53 a m	Erie and Ashtabula Ex.	2:38 p m
Chicago Ex.	9:53 a m	Chicago Mail	1:53 p m
Clev & Whg Ex.	1:58 p m	Cleveland Ex.	3:53 p m
Pacific Express	2:13 p m	Cleve & W Ex.	5:18 p m
Wellsville Ex.	4:28 p m	Chicago and St. Louis Ex.	6:08 p m
Erie & W'rn Ex.	4:28 p m	Erie and Ashtabula Ex.	11:28 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
Beaver Falls Ac.	8:38 a m	Leetsdale Ac.	6:53 a m
Leetsdale Ac.	10:28 a m	Leetsdale Ac.	7:53 a m
Leetsdale Ac.	12:08 p m	Beaver Falls Ac	8:13 a m
Sharpsville and Ashtabula Ac.	1:13 p m	Enon Ac.	8:48 a m
Enon Ac.	3:48 p m	Sharpsville and Warren Ac.	9:53 a m
Leetsdale Ac.	5:23 p m	Leetsdale Ac.	12:53 p m
Beaver Falls Ac.	6:23 p m	Leetsdale Ac.	2:53 p m
Leetsdale Ac.	8:28 p m	Beaver Falls Ac	4:28 p m
Leetsdale Ac.	10:58 p m	Leetsdale Ac.	7:33 p m
Fair Oaks Sunday Church	12:43 p m	Fair Oaks Sunday Church	9:53 a m

Pacific Express leaves daily. Chicago Express arrives daily. Fast Line leaves daily, Mondays excepted. Atlantic Express arrives daily, Mondays excepted. All other trains will leave and arrive daily, Sundays excepted.

J. N. McCULLOUGH,
General Manager.

F. R. MYERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY. PAN HANDLE ROUTE.

On and after JUNE 21, 1874, Trains will depart from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	2:13 a m	McDonald's Ac	6:53 a m
Mail	7:13 a m	Cincinnati Ex.	7:08 a m
Washington Ac	7:53 a m	Washington Ac	7:33 a m
Pacific Express	9:38 a m	Steubenville Ac	9:13 a m
McDonald's Ac.	10:43 a m	McDonald's Ac	2:03 p m
Pittsburgh Ex.	1:58 p m	Washington Ac	2:53 p m
Steubenville Ac	3:28 p m	Mail	3:28 p m
Washington Ac	5:03 p m	Fast Line	5:58 p m
McDonald's Ac	6:13 p m	Southern Ex.	12:14 a m
McDonald's Sunday Ch Train	12:48 p m	M'Donald's Sunday Ch Train	10:03 a m

Fast Line and Pittsburgh Express leave daily. Fast Line and Cincinnati Express arrive daily. All other trains will run daily, except Sunday. Sleeping Cars, without change, to Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis.

W. L. O'BRIEN,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

GEO. WEBB, General Superintendent.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD—PITTSBURGH, WASHINGTON AND BALTIMORE "SHORT LINE." CHANGE OF TIME—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after SUNDAY, May 10th, 1874, trains on this Road will depart and arrive from Depot, corner Grant and Water streets, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Local Mail	6:10 a m	McKeesport Ac	6:40 a m
Through Mail	7:00 a m	McKeesport Ac	7:25 a m
Mixed Way	9:30 a m	W. Newton Ac	8:20 a m
McKeesport Ac	11:00 a m	Through Ex.	8:35 a m
McKeesport Ac	2:35 p m	Connellsv'e Ac	10:00 a m
Connellsv'e Ac	3:20 p m	McKeesport Ac	1:00 p m
McKeesport Ac	4:30 p m	McKeesport Ac	2:00 p m
W. Newton Ac	5:10 p m	McKeesport Ac	4:30 p m
McKeesport Ac	6:20 p m	Uniontown Ac.	6:10 p m
Through Ex.	8:00 p m	McKeesport Ac	7:40 p m
McKeesport Ac	11:00 p m	Through Mail	8:45 p m
W. N'ton Ch T.	12:45 p m	W. N'ton Ch T.	10:05 a m

Mail and Accommodation Trains daily except Sunday. Express Trains daily. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars.

Save 75 miles travel. Washington City, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and all points east.

General Ticket Office, 43 Fifth avenue.

E. K. HYNDMAN, General Superintendent.
SAML. C. HOUGH Genl. Passenger Agent.

Mrs. HINELY & CO.'S

LADIES' AND GENT'S

Dining Rooms and Ice Cream Saloon,

No. 16 SIXTH (late St. Clair) STREET, PITTSBURGH.

Meals at all hours. Boarding by the Day, Meal or Week. Meals sent to offices.

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

Ten New Steam Engines, from 9 to 15 inches diameter.

Twelve Second-hand Engines, from 6 to 15 inches diameter, with Boilers to suit, at

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